ITU-T Kaleidoscope 2010 Beyond the Internet? - Innovations for future networks and services

Hybrid Circuit/Packet Networks with Dynamic Capacity Partitioning

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IP over WDM Networks



Mapping IP Connections over Optical Layer



Provisioning Wavelength Connections



ESnet



About ESnet

Two core networks: (1) IP (packet network) and
 (2) Science Data Network (SDN) (circuit network)



Motivation



Present Mode of Operation (PMO):

- Fixed partition between SDN and packet networks
- Future Mode of Operation (FMO) (?)
 - Flexible partition between SDN and packet networks

Extracting Topology Information from http://weathermap.es.net

SDN Topology

16 SDN nodes 35 bidirectional 10G waves



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SDN Reservation Information from Database (1)

- 15 active reservations from database (14.1 MB, 09/29/09)
 - Start time, end time, created time
 - An example: 1234484100, 1550016900, 1234484100
 - Bandwidth (of the circuit)
 - Routing (of the circuit)

SDN Reservation Information from Database (2)



Routing SDN Reservations

Routing of one reservation (CHIC-SUNN)



Mapping Logical Links to Physical Links

Assumption: disjoint logical links are also physically disjoint

Implication: different waves leased are assumed to be physically disjoint

- May not be true in reality
- Need to consider Shared Risk Link Group (SRLG)

Logical Links with SRLG





SDN Physical Topology?

Level3?

SRLG: need to consider

Ongoing work: consider
 SRLG

Protected Services in ESnet

Objective: protect as many reservations possible using current SDN resources

 ESnet has a significant amount of idle capacity in its present mode of operation (615 Gbps)

- Can we enhance the network's operation?
 - e.g., provide protection to SDN reservations?
- Which protection mechanism is more suitable?

Protecting SDN Services in ESnet

Using Current SDN Resources (Fixed Partition, PMO)

- Objective: Protect as many SDN reservations as possible using existing idle capacity
- Using Current SDN and IP Resources (Flexible Partition, FMO)
 - Objective: Protect all SDN reservations by dynamic partitioning of capacity between SDN and IP networks

Using Current SDN Resources (Fixed Partition, PMO)



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Two Unprotected Reservations



Protection Using Current SDN Resources



Protection Using Current SDN Resources



Using Current SDN and IP Resources to Protect All SDN Connections (Flexible Partition, FMO)

IP Network



Flexible Partition



- Capacities of these two IP links are both 622 Mbps
- Two unprotected reservations are (1) 1 Gbps; (2) 3 Gbps
 Two reservations can be partially protected by borrowing
- Two reservations can be partially protected by borrowing capacity from IP links

Summary of Results (1)

- ESnet has lot of capacity deployed, and a lot of it is unused
 - Total SDN capacity in the network is 700
 Gbps
 - Only 85 Gbps is active, 88% of capacity idle
- 13 SDN reservations can be protected using 218.5 Gbps of capacity

Still 70% of total capacity is idle

2 SDN reservations cannot be protected

Summary of Results (2)

 Two unprotected SDN reservation requests are
 CHIC-SDSC (3 Gbps)

STAR-SDSC (1 Gbps)

Two reservations can be protected by borrowing capacity over SDSC-LASV and SDSC-SUNN IP links

 Up to 622 Mbps of SDN traffic to SDSC can be protected (partial protection)

Thank you for your attention!