## SAMPLE QUESTIONNAIRE

Please complete the Answer and Notes columns in the table below.

Black cells must NOT be completed. Please do NOT modify or delete any of the black cells.

All numerical data must be entered WITHOUT any punctuation, i.e. no apostrophes, commas, spaces, etc.

All financial data (tariffs, revenues, capital expenditure) should be provided in LOCAL currency.

uestion
Is this the first time you complete the ITU World Telecommunication/ICT
Prefix (Mr, Mrs, etc)
First name
Last name
Title
Department
Organization
Phone
Email
Website
Is the primary contact same as the technical contact?
Prefix (Mr, Mrs, etc)
First name
Last name
Title
Department
Organization
Phone
Email
Website
<ul> <li>Fixed-telephone subscriptions refers to the sum of active number of analogue fixed-telephone lines, voice-over-IP (VoIP) subscriptions, fixed wireless local loop (WLL) subscriptions, ISDN voice-channel equivalents and fixed public payphones.</li> <li><b>i271 - Mobile-cellular telephone subscriptions</b></li> <li>Mobile-cellular telephone subscriptions refers to the number of subscriptions to a public mobile-telephone service that provide access to the PSTN using cellular technology. The indicator includes the number of postpaid subscriptions, and the number of active prepaid accounts (i.e. that have been used during the last three months). The indicator applies to all mobile-cellular subscriptions that offer voice communications. It excludes subscriptions via data cards or USB modems, subscriptions to public mobile data services, private trunked mobile radio, telepoint, radio paging, M2M and telemetry services.</li> <li><b>i271mw - Active mobile-broadband subscriptions</b></li> <li>Active mobile-broadband subscriptions refers to the sum of active handsetbased and computerbased (USB/dongles) mobile-broadband subscriptions to the public Internet. It covers actual subscribers, not potential subscriptions must include a recurring subscription fee or pass a usage requirement – users must have accessed the Internet in the last three months. It includes</li> </ul>

ITU World Telecommunication/ICT	i4213tfbb - Fixed-broadband subscriptions
Indicators	
	Fixed-broadband subscriptions refers to fixed subscriptions to high-speed
	access to the public Internet (a TCP/IP connection), at downstream speeds
	equal to, or greater than, 256 kbit/s. This includes cable modem, DSL, fibre-to- the-home/building, other fixed (wired)-broadband subscriptions, satellite
	broadband and terrestrial fixed wireless broadband. This total is measured
	irrespective of the method of payment. It excludes subscriptions that have
	access to data communications (including the Internet) via mobile-cellular
	networks. It should include fixed WiMAX and any other fixed wireless
	technologies. It includes both residential subscriptions and subscriptions for
	organizations.
	i4213_256to2 - 256 kbit/s to less than 2 Mbit/s subscriptions
	Refers to all fixed-broadband Internet subscriptions with advertised
	downstream speeds equal to, or greater than, 256 kbit/s and less than 2
	Mbit/s.
	i4213_2to10 - 2 Mbit/s to less than 10 Mbit/s subscriptions
	Refers to all fixed-broadband Internet subscriptions with advertised
	downstream speeds equal to, or greater than, 2 Mbit/s and less than 10
	Mbit/s.
	i4213_G10 - Equal to or above 10 Mbit/s subscriptions
	Refers to all fixed-broadband Internet subscriptions with advertised
	downstream speeds equal to, or greater than, 10 Mbit/s.
	i4214u – International bandwidth usage, in Mbit/s
	Average usage of all international links including fiber-optic cables, radio links
	and traffic processed by satellite ground stations and teleports to orbital
	satellites (expressed in Mbit/s). All international links used by all types of
	operators, namely fixed, mobile and satellite operators should be taken into account. The average should be calculated over the 12-month period of the
	reference year. For each individual international link, if the traffic is
	asymmetric, i.e. incoming traffic is not equal to outgoing traffic, then the
	higher value out of the two should be provided. The combined average usage
	of all international links can be reported as the sum of the average usage of
	each individual link.
	i4214l – Lit/equipped international bandwidth capacity, in Mbit/s
	Total lit/equipped international bandwidth capacity refers to the total
	lit/equipped capacity of international links, namely fiber-optic cables,
	international radio links and satellite uplinks to orbital satellites in the end of
	the reference year (expressed in Mbit/s). If the traffic is asymmetric (i.e.
	incoming traffic and outgoing traffic is not equal), then the higher value out of
	the two should be provided.
	i271pop - Percentage of the population covered by a mobile-cellular
	network
	Percentage of the population covered by a mobile-cellular network refers to
	the percentage of inhabitants within range of a mobile-cellular signal,
	irrespective of whether or not they are subscribers or users. This is
	calculated by dividing the number of inhabitants within range of a mobile-
	cellular signal by the total population and multiplying by 100.

ITU World Telecommunication/ICT	i271G - Percentage of the population covered by at least a 3G mobile
Indicators	network
	Percentage of the population covered by at least a 3G mobile network refers to the percentage of inhabitants that are within range of at least a 3G mobile- cellular signal, irrespective of whether or not they are subscribers. This is calculated by dividing the number of inhabitants that are covered by at least a 3G mobile-cellular signal by the total population and multiplying by 100. It excludes people covered only by GPRS, EDGE or CDMA 1xRTT.
	i271GA - Percentage of the population covered by at least an
	LTE/WiMAX mobile network
	Percentage of the population covered by at least an LTE/WiMAX mobile network refers to the percentage of inhabitants that live within range of LTE/LTE-Advanced, mobile WiMAX/WirelessMAN or other more advanced mobile-cellular networks, irrespective of whether or not they are subscribers. This is calculated by dividing the number of inhabitants that are covered by the previously mentioned mobile-cellular technologies by the total population and multiplying by 100. It excludes people covered only by HSPA, UMTS, EV- DO and previous 3G technologies, and also excludes fixed WiMAX coverage.
	i271G5_pop - Percentage of the population covered by at least a 5G mobile network
	Refers to the percentage of inhabitants that are within range of at least a 5G mobile-cellular signal, irrespective of whether or not they are subscribers. This is calculated by dividing the number of inhabitants that are covered by a 5G mobile-cellular signal by the total population and multiplying by 100.
	i135tfb - Fixed- broadband Internet traffic (exabytes)
	Fixed-broadband Internet traffic (exabytes) refers to traffic generated by fixed- broadband subscribers measured at the end-user access point. It should be measured adding up download and upload traffic. This should exclude wholesale traffic, walled garden, IPTV and cable TV traffic.
	i136mwi - Mobile-broadband Internet traffic (within the country)
	Mobile-broadband Internet traffic (within the country) refers to broadband traffic volumes originated within the country from 3G networks or other more advanced mobile networks, including 3G upgrades, evolutions or equivalent standards in terms of data transmission speeds. Traffic should be collected and aggregated at the country level for all 3G or more advanced mobile networks within the country. Download and upload traffic should be added up and reported together. Traffic should be measured at the end user access point. Wholesale and walled-garden traffic should be excluded. The traffic should be reported in exabytes.