

## ITU-T Study Group 5 "Environment, Climate Change and Circular Economy"



### Using ICT solutions in an environmentally sound manner





# ITU Resolutions on Environment, Climate Change and Circular Economy (1)



ITU Resolution 182 – "The role of ICTs on climate change and the protection of the environment" (Busan, 2014)

ITU Resolution 176 – "Human exposure to and measurement of electromagnetic fields" (Rev. Dubai, 2018)



ITU-T Resolution 79 - "The role of telecommunications / ICT in handling and controlling e-waste from telecommunication and information technology equipment and methods of treating it" (Dubai, 2012)



ITU-T Resolution 72 – "Measurement and assessment concerns related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields" (Rev. Hammamet, 2016)

ITU-T Resolution 73 – "Information and communication technologies, environment and climate change" (Rev. Hammamet, 2016)



### Connect 2030 Agenda: Sustainability Targets

#### Resolution 200 (Rev. Dubai, 2018)

<u>Connect 2030 Agenda for global telecommunication /</u> information and communication technology, including broadband, for sustainable development



Goal 3 – Sustainability: Manage emerging risks, challenges and opportunities resulting from the rapid growth of telecommunications / ICT **Target 3.2**: By 2023, increase the global e-waste recycling rate to 30%

**Target 3.3**: By 2023, raise the percentage of countries with an e-waste legislation to 50%

**Target 3.4**: By 2023, net telecommunication / ICT-enabled Greenhouse Gas abatement should have increased by 30% compared to the 2015 baseline



## How ITU supports the Environment, Climate Change and Circular Economy





## ITU-T SG5 - Management Team

| Acting<br>Chairman: | Shuguang Qi (CAICT)  |   | WP1/5 Chairman:      | Fryderyk Lewicki (Orange Polska)                                    |
|---------------------|--|---|----------------------|---|
| Vice-Chairmen:      | Jean-Manuel Canet (Orange)   | Shuguang Qi (CAICT)   | WP1/5 Vice-chairmen: | Beniamino Gorini (NOKIA)  |
|                     | <b>Samyoung Chung</b> (National<br>Radio Research Agenc <b>y)</b>                | <b>Leonid Rabinovich</b> (CISCO<br>Systems)                                       |                      | Michael Maytum (Bourns Limited)                                     |
|                     | Vincent Urbain Namrona<br>(Agence de Régulation des<br>Télécommunications (ART)) | <b>Nevine Tewfik</b> (Ministry of<br>Communications and<br>Information Technology |                      | Xia Zhang (MIIT of China)   |
|                     | Josef Opitz (Federal Network   | (MCIT))<br><b>Kazuhiro Takaya</b> (NTT)   | WP2/5 Chairman:      | <b>Paolo Gemma</b> (Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd)                   |
|                     | Agency)  |   | WP2/5 Vice-chairman: | <b>Nevine Tewfik</b> (Ministry of<br>Communications and Information |
|                     | Eiman Farouk<br>Mahmoud Osman (National  |   |                      | Technology (MCIT))  |
|                     | Telecommunication Corporation (NTC))   |   | Advisor              | Reyna Ubeda (ITU)   |



## ITU-T's focus on the Environment, Climate Change and Circular Economy



Responsible for studies relating to:

- protection of telecommunication networks and equipment from interference and lightning;
- electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), particle radiation effects, and assessment of human exposure to electromagnetic fields (EMF) produced by ICT installations and devices, including cellular phones and base stations;
- the existing copper network outside plant and related indoor installations;
- achieving energy efficiency and sustainable clean energy in ICTs;
- methodologies for assessing the environmental impact of ICT, publishing guidelines for using ICTs in an eco-friendly way, dealing with e-waste issues (also including the environmental impact of counterfeit devices), enhancing rare-metal recycling and energy efficiency of ICT, including infrastructures.



## ITU-T Study Group 5: Environment, Climate Change and Circular Economy



#### Lead Study Group 5 Roles:

- electromagnetic compatibility, lightning protection and electromagnetic effects
- ICTs related to the environment, climate change, energy efficiency and clean energy
- o circular economy, including e-waste

#### WP1/5 EMC, lightning protection, EMF

- **Q1**/5 Electrical protection, reliability, safety and security of ICT systems
- **Q2**/5 Protecting equipment and devices against lightning and other electrical events
- Q3/5 Human exposure to electromagnetic fields (EMFs) due to digital technologies
- **Q4**/5 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) aspects in ICT environment

#### WP2/5 Environment, Energy Efficiency and the Circular Economy

- **Q6**/5 Environmental efficiency of digital technologies
- Q7/5 E-waste, circular economy and sustainable supply chain management
- **Q9**/5 Climate change and assessment of digital technologies in the framework of the
- Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and the Paris Agreement
- **Q11**/5 Climate change mitigation and smart energy solutions
- **Q12**/5 Adaptation to climate change through sustainable and resilient digital technologies
- Q13/5 Building circular and sustainable cities and communities

#### PLEN

Q8/5 Guides and terminology on environment



### ITU-T SG5: Resistibility, EMC, and Lightning protection



- **Recommendation ITU-T K.146:** Management of interferences on telecommunication transmissions on copper other than speech
- **Recommendation ITU-T K.142:** Lightning protection and earthing of video surveillance system
- **Recommendation ITU-T K.140:** Surge protective component application guide Fuses
- Recommendation ITU-T K.144: Surge protective component application guide Self-restoring thermally activated overcurrent protectors
- Recommendation ITU-T K.133: Electromagnetic (EM) environment of body worn equipment in the 2.4 GHz and 13.56MHz industrial, scientific and medical band
- Recommendation ITU-T K.136: Electromagnetic Compatibility requirements for radio telecommunication equipment
- Recommendation ITU-T K.138: Quality estimation methods and application guidelines for mitigation measures based on particle radiation tests
- Recommendation ITU-T K.139: Reliability requirements for telecommunication systems affected by particle radiation



#### ITU-T SG5: Human exposure to Electromagnetic fields



- Recommendation ITU-T K.121: Guidance on the Environmental Management for Compliance with Radio Frequency EMF Limits for Radiocommunication Base Stations
- Recommendation ITU-T K.122: Exposure levels in the close proximity of the radiocommunication antennas
- Recommendation ITU-T K.145: Assessment and management of compliance with RF EMF exposure limits for workers at radiocommunication sites and facilities
- ITU-T K.Suppl.14: The impact of RF-EMF exposure limits stricter than the ICNIRP or IEEE guidelines on 4G and 5G mobile network deployment
- **ITU-T K.Suppl.16:** Electromagnetic field compliance assessments for 5G wireless networks



## ITU-T SG5: Energy efficiency, Smart Energy and Sustainable Buildings



- Recommendations ITU-T L.1220, ITU-T L.1221, and ITU-T L.1222: Innovative Energy storage technology for stationary use:
  - Part 1: Overview of energy storage
  - Part 2: Battery
  - Part 3: Supercapacitor technology
- **Recommendation ITU-T L.1305:** Data centre infrastructure management system based on big data and artificial intelligence technology
- Recommendations ITU-T L.1380, ITU-T L.1381, and ITU-T L.1382: Smart Energy Solutions for:
  - Telecom sites
  - Data Centre
  - Telecommunication rooms
- Recommendation ITU-T L.1370: Sustainable & intelligent building services
- Recommendation ITU-T L.1371: A methodology for assessing and scoring the sustainability performance of office buildings



### ITU-T SG5: E-waste and Circular Economy



- Recommendation ITU-T L.1020: Circular Economy: Guide for Operators and Suppliers on approaches to migrate towards circular ICT goods and networks
- Recommendation ITU-T L.1021: Extended producer responsibility -Guidelines for sustainable e-waste management
- Recommendation ITU-T L.1022: Circular Economy: Definitions and concepts for material efficiency for Information and Communication Technology
- Recommendation ITU-T L.1023: Assessment method for circular scoring
- Recommendation ITU-T L.1032: Guidelines and certification schemes for e-waste recyclers



#### ITU-T SG5: Climate Actions to reach Net Zero

#### ICT sector trajectory including electricity grid losses and supply chain



- Recommendation ITU-T L.1450: Methodologies for the assessment of the environmental impact of the information and communication technology sector
- Recommendation ITU-T L.1451: Methodology for assessing the aggregated positive sector-level impacts of ICT in other sectors
- Recommendation ITU-T L.1470: GHG emissions trajectories for the ICT sector compatible with the UNFCCC Paris Agreement
- ITU-T L.Suppl.37 to ITU-T L.1470: Guidance to operators of mobile networks, fixed networks and data-centres on setting 1.5°C aligned targets compliant with Recommendation ITU-T L.1470
- ITU-T L.Suppl.38 to ITU-T L.1470: Guidance for information and communication technology manufacturers on setting 1.5°C aligned targets compliant with Recommendation ITU-T L.1470



# (NEW!) Question 11 - Climate change mitigation and smart energy solutions

Fact: This Question will act in line with SDG 7,9,11 and 13



This Question aims to support ...

1. Developing smart energy solutions for ICTs and digital technologies

2. Applying smart energy solutions to achieve a low-carbon economy

3. Promoting energy efficiency for overall Co2 reduction



# (NEW!) Question 12 - Adaptation to climate change through sustainable and resilient digital technologies

#### Fact: This Question will act in line with SDG 7,9,11 and 13

This Question aims to support ...

1. Using digital technologies to accelerate climate actions

2. Using ICTs and digital technologies to adapt to the impacts of climate change, particularly rural communities

3. Implement climate resilient ICTs





# (NEW!) Question 13 - Building circular and sustainable cities and communities

#### Fact: This Question will act in line with SDG 7, 9, 11, 12 and 13



#### This Question aims to support ...

1. Implementing circularity in cities and communities

2. Embedding circularity in key aspects of cities and communities including, buildings, public spaces, water etc.

3. Developing guidance and framework for transitioning to a circular city



### Setting environmental requirements for 5G





**ITU-T SG5 - Regional Groups** 





## FG-AI4EE: Environmental efficiency for AI and other emerging technologies

| Co-Chairmen:   | Paolo Gemma (Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., China)                               |   |  |  |
|----------------|--|---|--|--|
|                | Neil Sahota (Technossus, IBM & Univ  | ersity of California)   |  |  |
| Vice-Chairmen: | Barbara Kolm (Austrian Economics Center & Austrian National Bank)                | Claudio Bianco (Telecom Italia)   | FG-AI4EE Working Groups (WGs):   |  |
|                | <b>Kari Eik</b> (Organization for<br>International Economic Relations<br>(OiER)) | <b>Peter Ulanga</b> (Universal<br>Communications Service Access<br>Fund, United Republic of Tanzania) | WG 1: <u>Requirements of AI and other Emerging</u><br><u>Technologies to Ensure Environmental Efficiency</u> |  |
|                | Joel Alexander Mills (AugmentCity AS)  | <b>Stefano Nativi</b> (European<br>Commission - Joint Research Centre)                                | WG 2: <u>Assessment and Measurement of the</u><br>Environmental Efficiency of AI and Emerging                |  |
|                | Mats Pellbäck Scharp<br>(Ericsson)   | Mandar Deshpande (Ministry of Communication, India)   | <u>Technologies</u>  |  |
|                | <b>Alice Charles</b> (World Economic Forum (WEF))                                | <b>Xiao Wang</b> (Copenhagen Centre on<br>Energy Efficiency, UNEP DTU<br>Partnership)                 | WG 3: Implementation Guidelines of AI and<br>Emerging Technologies for Environmental<br>Efficiency           |  |



### The E-waste Challenge MOOC



Learning > E-waste

Join the MOOC to take action on e-waste



Tackling the global explosion of e-waste is one of the most important challenges of our time.

Yet it is also a fantastic opportunity for all of us to get involved, to make a difference and to help bring about the systemic change needed for a greener future! The Massive Open Online Course (MOOC) on e-waste has been developed to encourage:

- Environmentally sound management of hazardous chemicals and wastes.
- Cleaner production processes to minimize use/emissions of hazardous waste.
- Protection of human health, communities and the environment from the impact of hazardous waste and climate change.
- Design, circular economy, mitigation and adaptation activities to lower the impact on climate change and natural resources.



### E-Waste Project in LATAM



ITU is assisting Costa Rica and Argentina in the implementation of two ITU standards (ITU-T L.1031 and ITU-T L.1032) as part of the UNIDO-GEF project on "Strengthening of National Initiatives and Enhancement of Regional Cooperation for the Environmentally Sound Management of Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs) in waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) in Latin American Countries.



### Project on Implementation of Recommendation ITU-T L.1371

Recommendation ITU-T L.1371 provides a consistent framework for building owners, managers and operators to critically assess, score and improve the sustainability performance of office buildings in 10 key areas.

The assessment scoring methodology allows owners and managers to undertake a self-assessment to evaluate their building's current status and track progress going forward.





## Digital technologies to help the environment and curb climate change





## Thank you!

Questions? Interested in learning more? Let us know!





SG5: Environment, climate change and circular economy



### ITU's global portal on Environment and Smart Sustainable Cities





## **Additional Slides**



### ITU-T SG5: Setting the environmental requirements for 5G

Taking into consideration the development of 5G systems, ITU-T SG5 is developing a series of technical reports and international standards that study the following environmental aspects of 5G:

- Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC):
  - Recommendation ITU-T K.116: "Electromagnetic compatibility requirements and test methods for radio telecommunication terminal equipment"
  - ITU-T K.Suppl.10: "Analysis of electromagnetic compatibility aspects and definition of requirements for 5G systems"
- Electromagnetic fields (EMF):
  - ITU-T K.Suppl.1: "Guide on electromagnetic fields and health"
  - ITU-T K.Suppl.4: "Electromagnetic field considerations SSCs"
  - ITU-T K.Suppl.9: "5G technology and human exposure to RF EMF"
  - ITU-T K.Suppl.14: "The impact of RF-EMF exposure limits stricter than the ICNIRP or IEEE guidelines on 4G and 5G mobile network deployment"
  - ITU-T K.Suppl.16: "Electromagnetic field compliance assessments for 5G wireless networks "

#### Energy feeding and efficiency:

- Recommendation ITU-T L.1210: "Sustainable power-feeding solutions for 5G networks"
- Recommendation ITU-T L.1220: "Innovative energy storage technology for stationary use -Part 1: Overview of energy storage"
- Recommendation ITU-T L.1221: "Innovative energy storage technology for stationary use -Part 2: Battery"
- Recommendation ITU-T L.1222: "Innovative energy storage technology for stationary use -Part 3: Supercapacitor technology"
- Recommendation ITU-T L.1331: "Assessment of mobile network energy efficiency"
- Recommendation ITU-T L.1380: "Smart energy solution for telecom sites"
- Recommendation ITU-T L.1381: "Smart energy solution for data centres"
- Recommendation ITU-T L.1382: "Smart energy solution for telecommunication rooms"
- ITU-T L.Suppl.36 to ITU-T L.1310: "Study on methods and metrics to evaluate energy efficiency for future 5G systems"
- Resistibility:
  - ITU-T K.Suppl.8: "Resistibility analysis of 5G systems"



## ITU-T SG5 Regional Group for the Arab Region (ITU-T SG5RG-ARB)

#### **ITU-T SG5RG-ARB** - Management Team

SG5RG-ARB Chairman: SG5RG-ARB Vice-chairmen:

Eiman Farouk Mahmoud Osman (National Telecommunication Corporation (NTC)) Salma AL Sulaiti (Communications Regulatory

Authority Qatar)

Khaled Alsaleem (Communication & Information Technology Regulatory Authority (CITRA))

Ahmed Rguigue (Autorité de Régulation)

Nevine Tewfik (Ministry of Communications and Information Technology (MCIT))

#### Last Meeting:

18 December 2018



Kuwait city, Kuwait





## ITU-T SG5 Regional Group for Latin America (ITU-T SG5RG-LATAM)

#### **ITU-T SG5RG-LATAM** - Management Team

SG5RG-LATAM Chairman:

Miguel Felipe Anzola Espinosa (Agencia Nacional del Espectro (ANE))

SG5RG-LATAM Vice-chairmen:

**Jorge Mateo** (Instituto Dominicano de las Telecomunicaciones (INDOTEL))

Maria Cecilia Pérez Araujo (Ministerio de Modernización, Secretaría de Tecnologías de la Información y las Comunicaciones)

#### Last Meeting:



10 November 2020







## ITU-T SG5 Regional Group for Africa (ITU-T SG5RG-AFR)

#### **ITU-T SG5RG-AFR** - Management Team

SG5RG-AFR Chairman:

Helen Cynthia Nakiguli (Uganda Communications Commission)

SG5RG-AFR Vice-chairmen:

Jean Baptiste Yetondji Houeyetongnon (Autorité de Regulation des Communications Electroniques et de la Poste)

**William Mnyippembe** (Tanzania Communication Regulatory Authority (TCRA))

**Nevine Tewfik** (Ministry of Communications and Information Technology (MCIT))

#### **Next Meeting:**



Virtual





## ITU-T SG5 Regional Group for Asia and the Pacific (ITU-T SG5RG-AP)

#### ITU-T SG5RG-AP - Management Team

| SG5RG-AP Chairman:      | Shuguang Qi (CAICT) |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| SG5RG-AP Vice-chairmen: | Byung Chan Kim (ETR |

ETRI)

Kazuhiro Takaya (NTT)

#### **Next Meeting:**



15-16 April 2021









| Subject / Title  |
|--|
| Resistibility of telecommunication equipment installed in a telecommunication centre to overvoltages and overcurrents                                    |
| Resistibility of telecommunication equipment installed in customer premises to overvoltages and overcurrents   |
| Bonding configurations and earthing at remote electronic sites   |
| Risk assessment of damages to telecommunication sites due to lightning discharges  |
| Protection against lightning electromagnetic pulses in telecommunication centres   |
| Resistibility tests for telecommunication equipment exposed to overvoltages and overcurrents - Basic Recommendation                                      |
| Resistibility of telecommunication equipment installed in the access and trunk networks to overvoltages and overcurrents                                 |
| Safe limits for operating voltages and currents in telecommunication systems powered over the network  |
| Guidance on complying with limits for human exposure to electromagnetic fields   |
| Guidance on measurement and numerical prediction of electromagnetic fields for compliance with human exposure limits for telecommunication installations |
| Safe working practices for outside equipment installed in particular environments  |
| Protection of customer premises from overvoltages  |
| Mitigation techniques to limit human exposure to EMFs in the vicinity of radiocommunication stations   |
|  |



| Work item          | Subject / Title  |
|--------------------|--|
| <u>K.73</u>        | Shielding and bonding for cables between buildings   |
| <u>K.77</u>        | Characteristics of metal oxide varistors for the protection of telecommunication installations   |
| <u>K.83</u>        | Monitoring of electromagnetic field levels   |
| <u>K.90</u>        | Evaluation techniques and working procedures for compliance with exposure limits of network operator personnel to power-frequency electromagnetic fields |
| <u>K.91 (rev)</u>  | Guidance for assessment, evaluation and monitoring of human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields   |
| <u>K.93</u>        | Immunity of home network devices to electromagnetic disturbance  |
| <u>K.99</u>        | Surge protective component application guide - Gas discharge tubes   |
| <u>K.100 (rev)</u> | Measurement of radio frequency electromagnetic fields to determine compliance with human exposure limits when a base station is put into service         |
| <u>K.112</u>       | Lightning protection, earthing and bonding: Practical procedures for radio base stations   |
| <u>K.116</u>       | Electromagnetic compatibility requirements and test methods for radio telecommunication terminal equipment   |
| <u>K.117</u>       | Primary protector parameters for the surge protection of equipment Ethernet ports  |
| <u>K.118</u>       | Requirements for Lightning Protection of Fibre To The distribution point (FTTdp)<br>Equipment  |
| <u>K.119</u>       | Conformance Assessment of Radio Base Stations Regarding Lightning Protection and Earthing  |

| Work item    | Subject / Title   |  |
|--------------|---|--|
| <u>K.120</u> | Lightning Protection and Earthing of Miniature Base Station   |  |
| <u>K.121</u> | Guidance on the Environmental Management for Compliance with Radio<br>Frequency EMF Limits for Radiocommunication Base Stations                         |  |
| <u>K.122</u> | Exposure levels in the close proximity of the radiocommunication antennas   |  |
| <u>K.123</u> | Electromagnetic compatibility requirements for electrical equipment in telecommunication facilities   |  |
| <u>K.124</u> | Overview of particle radiation effects on telecommunications systems  |  |
| <u>K.125</u> | Dangerous effects and protective measures against electromagnetic<br>disturbances when internet data centre is co-sited with high-voltage<br>substation |  |
| <u>K.126</u> | Surge protective component application guide - High frequency signal isolation transformers   |  |
| <u>K.127</u> | Immunity requirements for telecommunication equipment in close proximity use of wireless devices  |  |
| <u>K.128</u> | Surge protective component application guide - metal oxide varistor (MOV) components  |  |
| <u>K.129</u> | Characteristics and ratings of silicon PN junction voltage clamping components used for the protection of telecommunications installations              |  |
| <u>K.130</u> | Neutron irradiation test methods for telecommunications equipment   |  |
| <u>K.131</u> | Design methodologies for telecommunication systems applying soft error measures   |  |
| <u>K.132</u> | EMC requirements of electromagnetic disturbances from lighting equipment located in telecommunication facilities  |  |



| Work item    | Subject / Title  |
|--------------|--|
| <u>K.133</u> | Electromagnetic (EM) environment of body worn equipment in the 2.4 GHz and 13.56MHz industrial, scientific and medical band                |
| <u>K.134</u> | Protection of small-size telecommunication installations with poor earthing<br>conditions  |
| <u>K.135</u> | Technical parameters for residual current operated protective devices with<br>automatic reclosing feature for telecom applications         |
| <u>K.136</u> | Electromagnetic Compatibility requirements for radio telecommunication equipment   |
| <u>K.137</u> | Electromagnetic compatibility requirements and measurement methods for wire-line telecommunication network equipment                       |
| <u>K.138</u> | Quality estimation methods and application guidelines for mitigation measures based on particle radiation tests                            |
| <u>K.139</u> | Reliability requirements for telecommunication systems affected by particle radiation  |
| <u>K.140</u> | Surge protective component application guide - Fuses   |
| <u>K.141</u> | Electromagnetic compatibility requirements for Information Perception Equipment  |
| <u>K.142</u> | Lightning protection and earthing of video surveillance system   |
| <u>K.143</u> | Guidance on safety relating to the use of surge protective devices and surge protective components in telecommunication terminal equipment |
| <u>K.144</u> | Surge protective component application guide - Self-restoring thermally activated overcurrent protectors                                   |
| <u>K.145</u> | Assessment and management of compliance with RF EMF exposure limits for<br>workers at radiocommunication sites and facilities              |

| Work item     | Subject / Title  |
|---------------|--|
| <u>K.146</u>  | Management of interferences on telecommunication transmissions on copper other than speech   |
| <u>K.147</u>  | Ethernet port resistibility testing for overvoltages and overcurrents  |
| <u>L.1000</u> | Universal power adapter and charger solution for mobile terminals and other hand-held ICT devices  |
| <u>L.1006</u> | Test suites for assessment of the External universal power adapter solutions for stationary information and communication technology devices |
| <u>L.1007</u> | Test suites for assessment of the External universal power adapter solutions for portable information and communication technology devices   |
| <u>L.1015</u> | Criteria for evaluation of the environmental impact of mobile phones   |
| <u>L.1020</u> | Circular Economy: Guide for Operators and Suppliers on approaches to migrate towards circular ICT goods and networks                         |
| <u>L.1021</u> | Extended producer responsibility - Guidelines for sustainable e-waste management   |
| <u>L.1022</u> | Circular Economy: Definitions and concepts for material efficiency for<br>Information and Communication Technology                           |
| <u>L.1030</u> | E-waste management framework for countries   |
| <u>L.1031</u> | Guideline on Implementing the E-waste Reduction Target of the Connect2020 Agenda   |
| <u>L.1032</u> | Guidelines and certification schemes for e-waste recyclers   |
| <u>L.1205</u> | Interfacing of renewable energy or distributed power sources to up to 400 VDC power feeding systems  |



| Work item     | Subject / Title  |  |  |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| L.1206        | Impact on information and communication technology equipment architecture of     |  |  |
|               | multiple AC, -48 VDC or up to 400 VDC power inputs                               |  |  |
| L.1207        | Progressive migration of a telecommunication/information and communication       |  |  |
|               | technology site to 400 VDC sources and distribution                              |  |  |
| <u>L.1210</u> | Sustainable power-feeding solutions for 5G networks                              |  |  |
| L.1220        | Innovative energy storage technology for stationary use - Part 1: Overview of    |  |  |
| <u>L.1220</u> | energy storage   |  |  |
| <u>L.1221</u> | Innovative energy storage technology for stationary use - Part 2: Battery        |  |  |
| L.1222        | Innovative energy storage technology for stationary use - Part 3: Supercapacitor |  |  |
| <u>L.1222</u> | technology   |  |  |
| L.1303        | Functional requirements and framework of green data centre energy-saving         |  |  |
| L.1303        | management system  |  |  |
| L.1305        | Data centre infrastructure management system based on big data and artificial    |  |  |
| L.1303        | intelligence technology  |  |  |
| L.1310        | Energy efficiency metrics and measurement methods for telecommunication          |  |  |
| <u>L.1310</u> | equipment  |  |  |
| <u>L.1315</u> | Standardization terms and trends in energy efficiency                            |  |  |
| <u>L.1316</u> | Energy efficiency framework  |  |  |
| <u>L.1325</u> | Green ICT solutions for telecom network facilities                               |  |  |
| <u>L.1331</u> | Assessment of mobile network energy efficiency                                   |  |  |
| <u>L.1332</u> | Total network infrastructure energy efficiency metrics                           |  |  |
| <u>L.1351</u> | Base station site energy parameter measurement methodology                       |  |  |
| <u>L.1360</u> | Energy control of SDN architecture   |  |  |
| <u>L.1361</u> | Measurement method for energy efficiency of Network Function Virtualization      |  |  |
| 1 4262        | Interface for power management in network function virtualization environments - |  |  |
| <u>L.1362</u> | Green abstraction layer version 2  |  |  |
|               |  |  |  |

| Work item     | Subject / Title   |
|---------------|---|
| <u>L.1370</u> | Sustainable and intelligent building services   |
| <u>L.1371</u> | A methodology for assessing and scoring the sustainability performance of office buildings                          |
| <u>L.1380</u> | Smart energy solution for telecom sites   |
| <u>L.1381</u> | Smart energy solution for data centre   |
| <u>L.1382</u> | Smart energy solution for telecommunication rooms   |
| <u>L.1450</u> | Methodologies for the assessment of the environmental impact of the information and communication technology sector |
| <u>L.1451</u> | Methodology for assessing the aggregated positive sector-level impacts of ICT in other sectors                      |
| <u>L.1460</u> | Connect 2020 greenhouse gases emissions – Guidelines  |
| <u>L.1470</u> | GHG emissions trajectories for the ICT sector compatible with the UNFCCC Paris<br>Agreement                         |
| <u>L.1504</u> | ICT and adaptation of agriculture to the effects of climate change  |
| <u>L.1505</u> | Information and communication technology and adaptation of the fisheries sector to the effects of climate change    |
| <u>L.1506</u> | Framework of climate change risk assessment for telecommunication and electrical facilities                         |
| <u>L.1507</u> | Use of ICT sites to support environmental sensing   |



# List of Agreed Supplements and other informative texts (2017-2020)

| Work item                                     | Subject / Title   | Work item   | Subject / Title   |
|---|---|---|---|
| K.Suppl.8                                     | Resistibility analysis of 5G systems  | K.Suppl.20  | RF Exposure evaluation around base station installed  |
| K.Suppl.9                                     | 5G technology and human exposure to RF EMF  | K.Suppl.7 to ITU-T K.44   | underground<br>AC supply configurations   |
| K.Suppl.10                                    | Analysis of EMC aspects and definition of<br>requirements for 5G mobile systems   | K.Sup.17 to ITU-T K.44  | Test conditions and methods information   |
| K.Suppl.13                                    | Radiofrequency electromagnetic field (RF-EMF)<br>exposure levels from mobile and portable devices                             | K.Sup.18 to ITU-T K.44  | Causes of telecommunication system overvoltage and overcurrent conditions and their expected levels   |
|   | during different conditions of use  | K.Suppl.12 to ITU-T K.51<br>K.Suppl.1 to ITU-T K.91               | Narrow pin spacing in connectors potential hazards<br>ITU-T K.91 - Guide on electromagnetic fields and health   |
| K.Sup.14 to ITU-T K-series<br>Recommendations | The impact of RF-EMF exposure limits stricter than the<br>ICNIRP or IEEE guidelines on 4G and 5G mobile<br>network deployment | K.Suppl.4 to ITU-T K.91   | Electromagnetic field considerations in smart sustainable cities  |
| K.Suppl.14                                    | The impact of RF-EMF exposure limits stricter than the ICNIRP or IEEE guidelines on 4G and 5G mobile                          | K.Suppl.15 to ITU-T K.20, K.21, K.44<br>K.Suppl.11 to ITU-T K.131 | Internal DC powering interface surge testing factors<br>Soft error measures for FPGA  |
|   | network deployment  | K.Suppl.11 to ITU-T K.131   | Soft error measures for field programmable gate arrays  |
| K.Supp.16 to ITU-T K.series                   | Electromagnetic field compliance assessments for 5G wireless networks   | L.Suppl.36 to ITU-T L.1310  | Study on methods and metrics to evaluate energy efficiency for future 5G systems  |
| K.Supp.16 to ITU-T K.series                   | Electromagnetic field (EMF) compliance assessments<br>for 5G wireless networks  | L.Suppl.37 to ITU-T L.1470  | Guidance to operators of mobile networks, fixed<br>networks and data-centres on setting 1.5°C aligned<br>targets compliant with Recommendation ITU-T L.1470 |
| K.Sup.19 to ITU-T K-series<br>Recommendations | EMF strength inside subway train  | LSTR.5GEE   | Study on methods and metrics to evaluate energy<br>efficiency for future 5G systems   |

