ICT statistics for benchmarking economic performance

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"Presentations to Chinese
delegation"
Geneva, 10 June 2002



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Benchmarking can be a useful tool ...



	F	IFA	/Coca	Cola	World	Ranl	kings
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1. France 802 points

4. Colombia 728 points

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42. Senegal 599 points

50. China PR 566 points

But rankings don't necessarily predict who will qualify

.. nor who will win!

International Telecommunication Union



Agenda

- Why benchmarking for ICTs?
 - Benchmarking for policy-makers
 - Benchmarking for company managers
- Benchmarking tools
 - > Network growth and development
 - Price comparisons
 - > Key indicators and ratios
 - Rankings
- China's case
 - Charting an economic phenomenon



Benchmarking for policy-makers

For policy analysis

- Comparisons before and after policy change
- Measuring impact of ICTs on general economic investment and performance

For regulatory purposes

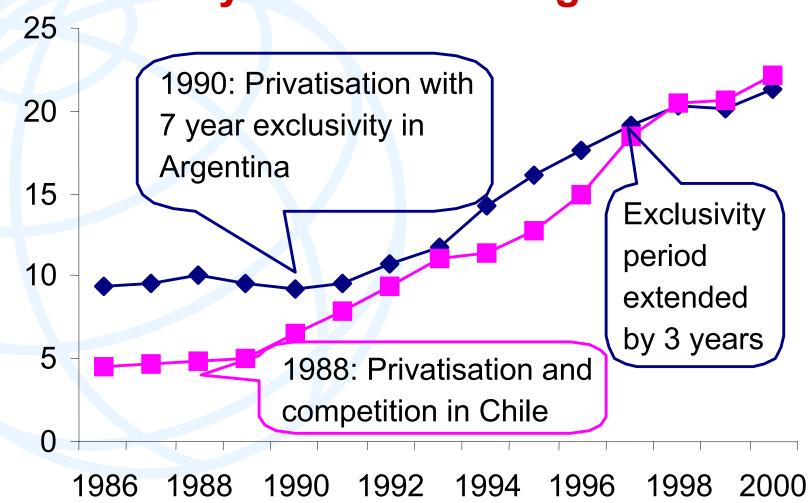
- ICT sector policy: e.g., tariff rebalancing, including wholesale pricing arrangements among service providers
- Competition policy: e.g., market share, growth rates and measures of market dominance

For international comparisons

- Aggregation of national statistics to allow comparison with other countries
- Comparisons of change in rankings



Benchmarking Example (1): Teledensity in Chile and Argentina





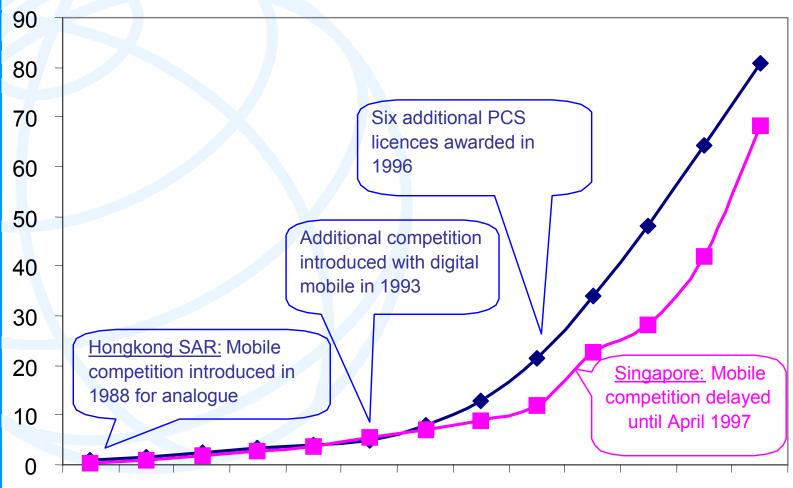
Benchmarking for company managers

- Comparing expected performance against actual
 - > Implementing and monitoring business plan
- Comparing performance against competitors
 - Market share, price comparisons, quality of service indicators etc
- Measuring customer satisfaction
 - > Level of complaints





Benchmarking example (2): Mobile density in Hongkong and Singapore



1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000



Benchmarking tools

- Network development and growth
 - > e.g. teledensity, mobile density, growth rates
 - > e.g. Internet penetration, broadband take-up
- Price comparisons
 - ➤ OECD/Teligen price comparison model: Covers business and residential, fixed and mobile, voice and data services
- Quality of service comparisons
- Financial measures
 - > e.g. average revenue per user (ARPU), revenue per employee, return on capital investment etc



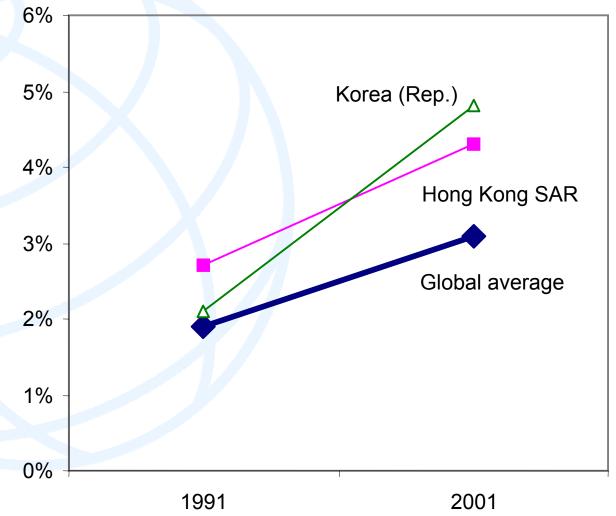
Key ICT indicators and ratios for general economic performance

- Penetration level (density)
 - Network connections (fixed-line, mobile, Internet) per 100 inhabitants, 100 households, 100 businesses
- Telecoms as a % of GDP
 - > Rising fast during the 1990s
- Performance in leading ICT sectors
 - Broadband, 3G mobile, digital broadcasting
- Pricing and usage
 - ➤ How affordable are ICTs? How widely are they being used?



Benchmarking example (3):

Telecoms as % of GDP in "broadband economies"



Source: ITU World Telecommunication Indicators Database.



Top 10 performers, 1990-2000 by total teledensity rank

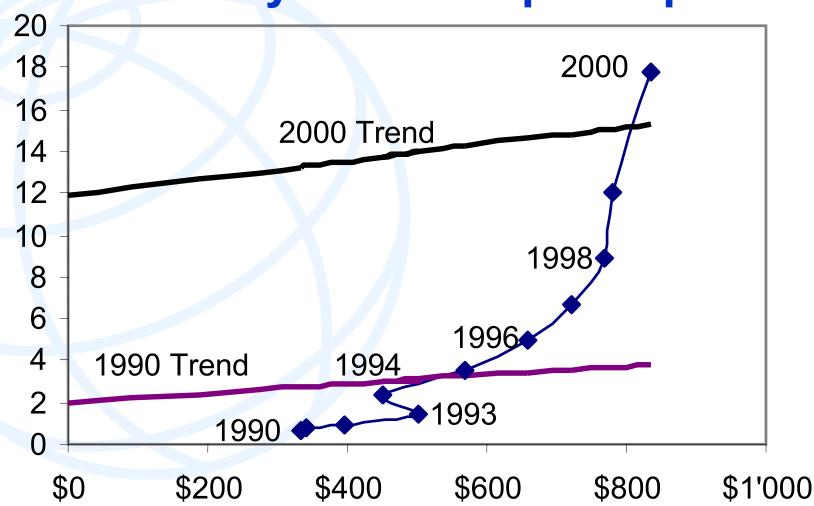
Country	2000	1990	Rank 2000	Rank 1990	Change
China	17.8	0.6	107	171	+64
Viet Nam	4.2	0.1	155	201	+46
Hungary	67.4	9.6	50	89	+39
Botswana	21.6	2.1	103	140	+37
Jamaica	34.1	4.5	82	117	+35
El Salvador	21.8	2.4	102	136	+34
Mauritius	38.6	5.4	78	111	+33
Chile	44.4	6.7	72	104	+32
Portugal	109.5	24.3	22	53	+31
Philippines	12.4	1.0	125	155	+30

Note: Based on total teledensity (fixed lines plus mobile subscribers, per 100 inhabitants). Shows top ten ITU Member States in terms of improvement in ranking, 1990-2000.

Source: ITU World Telecommunication Indicators Database.



China's performance: Teledensity and GDP per capita





ITU country case studies

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- Internet diffusion studies
 - ASEAN, Bolivia, Egypt, Hungary, Nepal, Uganda
- Broadband
 - Australia, Italy, Malaysia, South Africa, Korea (Rep.)
- 3G Mobile
 - China, Chile, Ghana, Hongkong SAR, Japan, Venezuela
- Cyber-security
 - Brazil, Canada, Korea (Rep.), Netherlands
- Effective regulation
 - Botswana, Brazil, Morocco, Peru, Singapore

