

Session 6

NGN Planning Tools: ITU partners VPlsystems and LStelcom

Ignat Stanev ITC, Bulgaria

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16 - 17 March 2007, Bangkok, Thailand

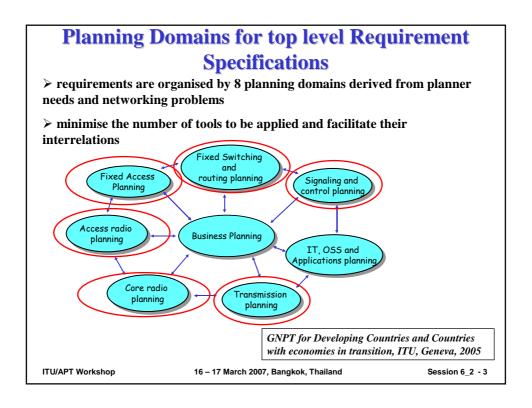
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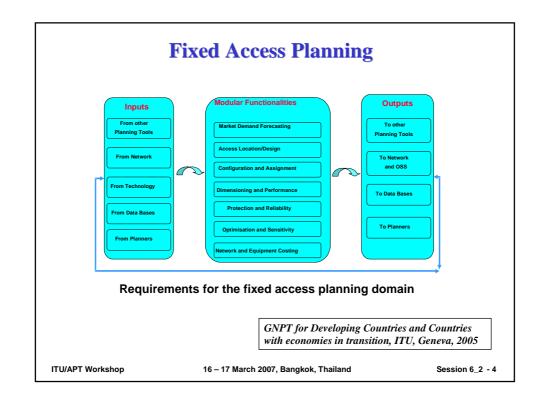
Presentation content

- > Requirements to the planning domains according to ITU GNPT document
- > VPI Systems Network Planning Tools
- > LStelcom Network Planning Tools
- > ITU validation process for planning tools
 - ***** Case study of Planning Broadband Access
 - **❖ Study of Planning Fixed BWA**
- > Future development
 - **❖ VPI's OnePlan system**
 - **\$** LS Speed- Next Generation Planning Tools

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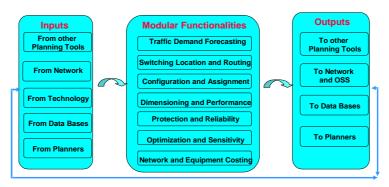
- > Modeling of future NGN access network equipment, including equipment parameters, technological constraints, costs structures
- > Extending of the forecasting models and methods due to NGN service/customer requirements
- ➤ Adapting of the calculation modules to the NGN access network requirements

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Fixed Switching And Routing Planning



Requirements for the switching and routing domain

GNPT for Developing Countries and Countries with economies in transition, ITU, Geneva, 2005

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- > Service demands characterisation and traffics for VoIP and NGN multi-service flows
- > Device catalogue covering most typical NGN technologies
- > Routing and dimensioning taking into consideration protocol overheads and reservations mechanisms based on conditions at origin, destination or combined
- > Routing flows for most typical cases including OSPF, shortest path, widest path and weighted cost functions
- > Optimising locations and connections of network gateways

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Requirements related to NGN and corresponding new technologies (continuation)

- > Formation of virtual networks
- ➤ Routing over ATM links or PDH/SDH systems or tunnelling via other IP links
- **➤** Routing methods for Labelled Switched Paths (LSP)
- ➤ Analysis of utilisation of network capacities and finding out the bottlenecks
- > Handling and output IP routing tables
- > Estimation of end-to-end delays
- ➤ Allocation of network cost to the bandwidth demands of carried services

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Requirements related to NGN and corresponding new technologies (continuation)

- > Exact allocation of the IP or MPLS links
- > Sub networking and addressing
- **➤** Configuring the network elements (IP router)
- ➤ Mapping tables with overheads, multiplex factors, net(to) and brut (gross) bit rates
- > Standard import and export formats for the complex data structures required for the management of routes in IP/MPLS networks
- > Estimation of investment costs for the rollout and the extension of the investigated multi-service network

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Transmission Planning Outputs Inputs **Modular Functionalities** From other Planning Tools Bandwidth Demand forecasting To other Planning Tools Transmission Location/Design From Network To Network and OSS Configuration and Assignment From Technology **Dimensioning and Performance** To Data Bases Protection and Reliability From Data Bases To Planners Optimisation and Sensitivity From Planners vork and Equipment Costing Requirements for the radio transmission domain **GNPT** for Developing Countries and Countries with economies in transition, ITU, Geneva, 2005 ITU/APT Workshop 16 - 17 March 2007, Bangkok, Thailand Session 6_2 - 10

- ➤ Device catalogue covering Next Generation SDH technologies
- > Formation of optical networks
- Capability to model IP over SDH and IP over WDM
- ➤ Modelling architecture and capabilities of Ethernet mesh topology with Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) and Ethernet ring topology with Resilient Packet Ring protocol (RPR)

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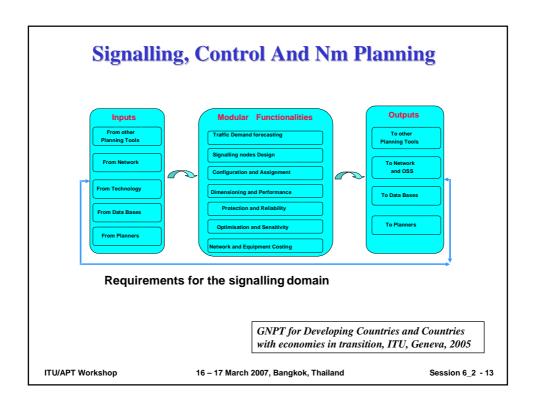
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Requirements related to NGN and corresponding new technologies (continuation)

- ➤ Modelling traffic adaptation procedures like the Generic Framing Procedure (GFP), Virtual Concatenation (VC) procedures and Link Capacity Adjustment Scheme (LCAS)
- ➤ Allocation of network cost to the bandwidth, circuit or fiber demands of carried services
- > Estimation of investment costs for the rollout and the extension of the investigated multi-service network through the intermediate migration steps

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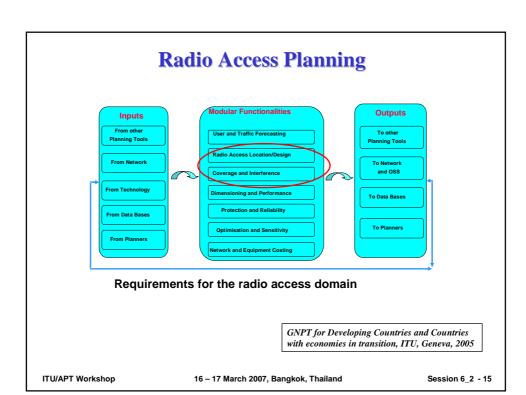
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➤ SS7 network planning tool should be easily upgraded for the requirements related to NGN and corresponding new technologies in respect to the demand flows and protection level. Also capabilities should be provided to analyze and optimize signalling gateway locations and dimensioning

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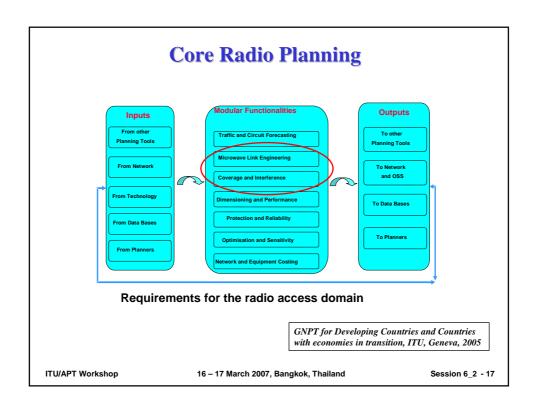
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- Modeling of new NGN services which do not fall in the present service models and specially multimedia service types
- Modeling of future NGN access network equipment, including equipment parameters, technological constraints, costs structures
- Extending of the forecasting models and methods due to NGN service/customer requirements
- Adapting of the calculation modules to the NGN access network requirements

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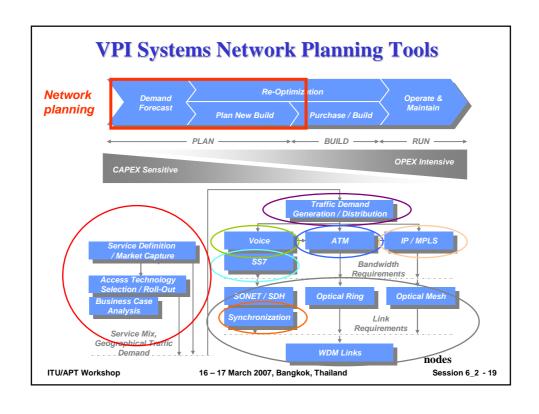


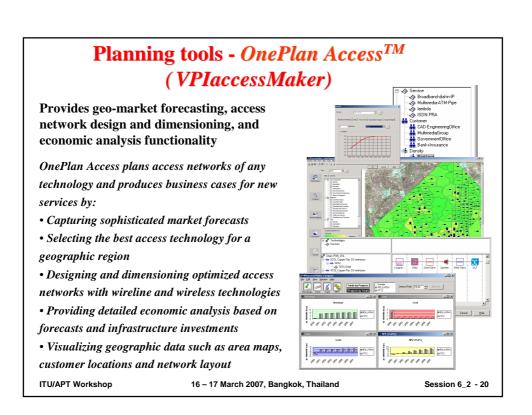
- Service demands characterisation and traffics for VoIP and NGN multi-service flows
- Device catalogue covering most typical NGN technologies
- Optimising locations and connections of network gateways
- Estimation of investment costs for the rollout and the extension of the investigated multi-service network

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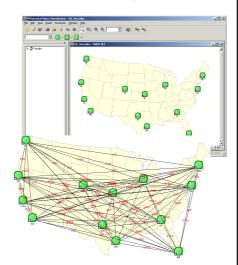




Planning tools - OnePlan DistributionTM (VPIserviceMaker Distribution)

OnePlan Distribution supports users with the following major planning steps:

- Calculating a traffic matrix based on input
- Equalizing unbalanced traffic demands based on traffic measurement data
- Manipulating a traffic matrix (single, hybrid or interconnect) through changing values or interest factors



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Planning tools - OnePlan Switch TM (VPIserviceMaker Switch)

Key Features

- Support for hierarchical and non-hierarchical circuit- To further support next generation switched TDM networks
- Support of fixed alternate routing and dynamic network routing schemes
- Cost-optimized circuit-switched network design capabilities:
- o Generate cost-optimized trunk link topology, considering traffic and service requirements, topology, diversity constraints and cost parameters
- o Calculate bandwidth requirements and expected switch and trunk group loads
- o Route end-to-end traffic while taking into account grade of service and call blocking probability constraints
- Comprehensive network performance analysis 16 - 17 March 2007, Bangkok, Thailandning ITU/APT Workshop

VoIP network planning and design:

- VoIP traffic modeling and profiling, with consideration of various voice coding schemes
- Support of equipment models/libraries for media gateways, signaling gateways, media control gateways and session border controllers
- Optimized VoIP network design
- Comprehensive VoIP network performance analysis
- TDM to VoIP network migration

Planning tools - OnePlan IP TM (VPIserviceMaker IP)

Key Features

- Plans IP network capacity for best-effort services (such as HTTP, FTP, e-mail, news services, etc.) and other services in an access IP network
- Provides Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) topology checks, effective bandwidth calculation, bottleneck identification, export and import of user-definable access profiles and device libraries, detailed reports of all planning data and more
- Optimally computes the Label Switched Paths (LSPs) and allocates bandwidth for the MPLS core transport to meet the QoS requirements of different types of services

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Planning tools - OnePlan Ethernet TM

Key Features

- Ethernet service and traffic models supporting Ethernet Private Lines and switched Ethernet services (point-to-point and multi-point) with Class of Service (CoS) requirements
- Ethernet network design and planning functionality including equipment models, L2 Ethernet link/services (i.e., VLANs) design and dimensioning, graphical views of multilayer designs and much more
- A comprehensive data import and export interface

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Planning tools - OnePlan ATM/FR TM (VPIserviceMaker ATM/FR)

Key Features

- Comprehensive multi-service modeling capabilities:
- o Describe service volumes with specific parameters and service categories
- o Profile ATM classes with real-time, non-real-time, bandwidth and QoS requirements
- Traffic characterization, service identification and traffic modeling by mapping and clustering services to appropriate ATM traffic and Virtual Path (VP) classes
- Advanced ATM/Frame Relay network sizing functions:
- o Aggregate ATM traffic classes to VP classes
- o Calculate VP bandwidth requirements based on traffic load
- Multi-service ATM/FR network design capabilities:
- o Generate cost-optimized ATM link topology
- o Optimize routing connections according to various matrices
- Powerful network analysis capabilities:
- o Analyze network design and generate detailed reports
- o Identify potential bottlenecks and plan relief categories

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Planning tools - OnePlan SS7 TM (VPIserviceMaker SS7)

Key Features

- Support of a wide variety of signaling protocols (e.g. SIP, H.323, MGCP, SiGTran)
- Automatic generation of signaling routing tables for signaling nodes to determine route sets without possibility of circular routing
- Calculation of bandwidth requirements and expected signaling node and link loads
- Optimal routing of end-to-end signaling relations while accounting for reliability constraints
- Signaling network performance metrics to aid in bottleneck reductions, traffic load redistributions and network reliability
- Comprehensive modeling supporting hybrid SS7 and VoIP signaling networks

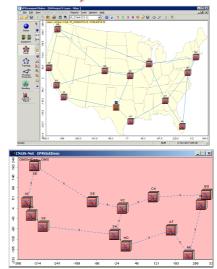
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Planning tools - OnePlan Transport(VPItransportMakerTM)

Key Features

- Link/node failure analysis
- Network survivability studies
- What-if analysis and detailed reporting
- Hot-spot identification
- SDH/SONET/Ethernet/WDM modeling
- Equipment and Central Office (CO) modeling capabilities
- Scripting interface
- Multi-Period modeling
- Greenfield and brownfield modeling
- Top-down and bottom-up routing plans



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Radio planning tool - MULTILINK

MULTILINK is a network planning tool for



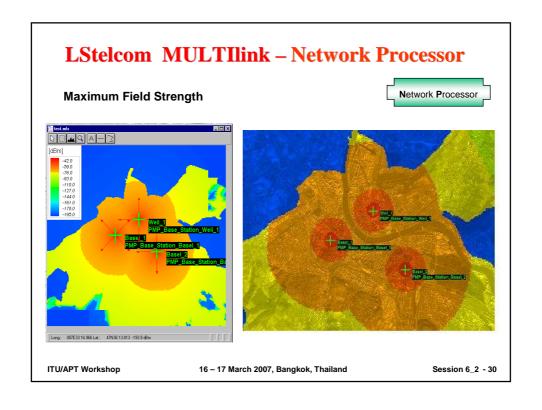
- Interactive microwave link engineering
- Planning of core radio network
- Design of radio access networks
- Planning wireless broadband networks
- Frequency allocation and coordination (ITU-R recommendations are implemeted)

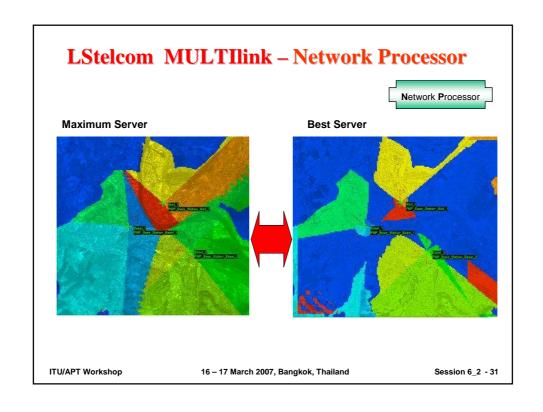
MULTIlink could be used for case studies, as well as for the planning, operation and optimization of real wireless networks

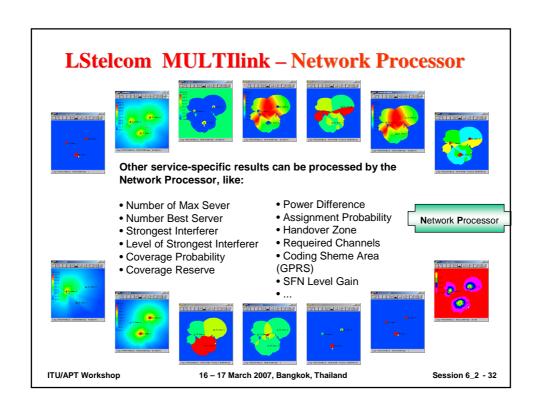
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LStelcom MULTIlink - Propagation Models • Information models Sight Check Propagation Prediction - Sight Check (Fresnel) Physical models - Free space - Epstein-Peterson **Empirical models** - Okumura-Hata Mixed models - Longley-Rice - ITU-R P.370 - ITU-R P.1546 - GEG - L&S VHF/UHF ITU/APT Workshop 16 - 17 March 2007, Bangkok, Thailand Session 6_2 - 29







ITU validation process for planning tools

Purpose: Validation of Network Planning Tools for Developing Countries and Countries with economies in transition

- Compliance with the technical requirements specified in the ITU Guidelines for Network Planning Tools
- > Performance of the planning tool in terms of size of the network and time to execute typical planning cases
- Crating of Set of real data reference networks

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Case study of Planning Broadband Access

Description

- Broadband access
- Urban/suburban area
- Two different Scenarios
 - Scenario 1: xDSL
 - Scenario 2: BWA (WiMAX)

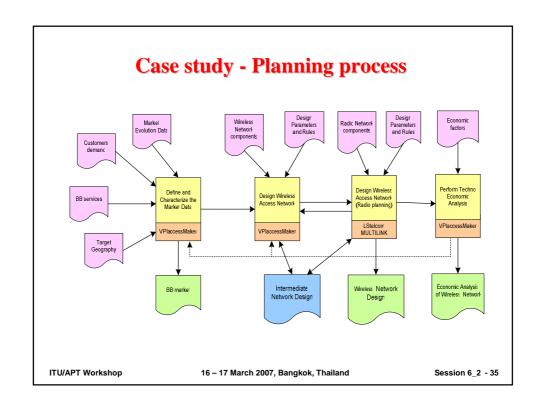


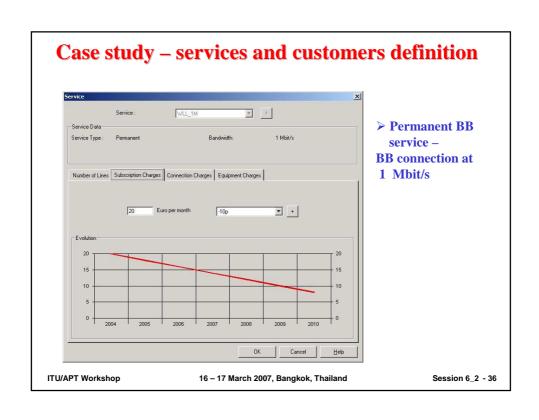


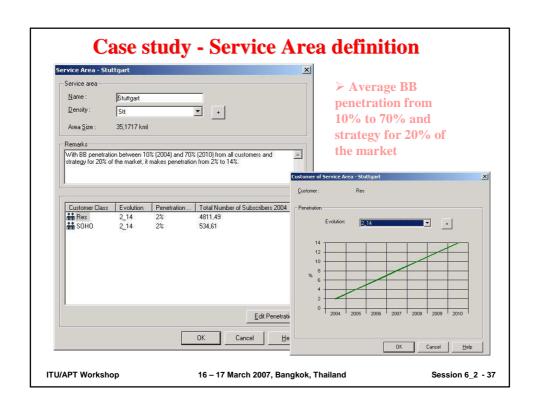
Presented on the ITU/BDT Regional Seminar on Mobile and Fixed Wireless Access for Broadband Applications for the Arab Region, Algiers (Algeria) 19-22 June 2006

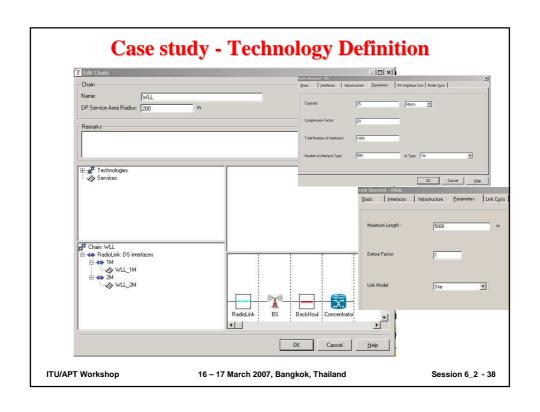
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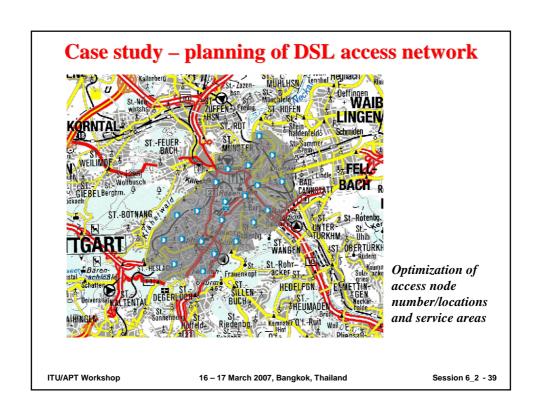
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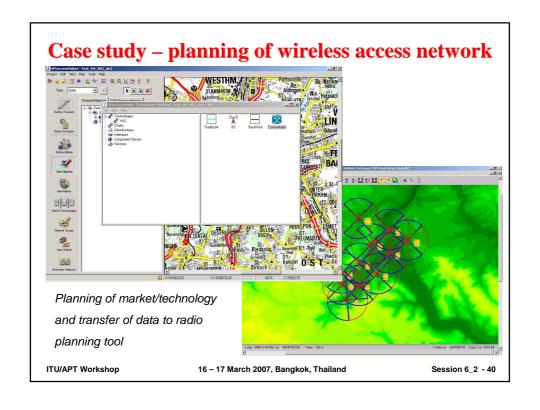


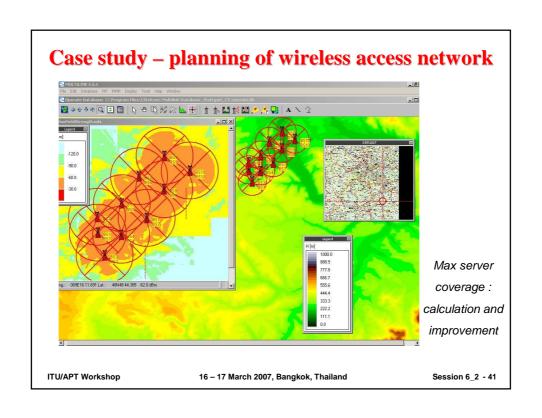


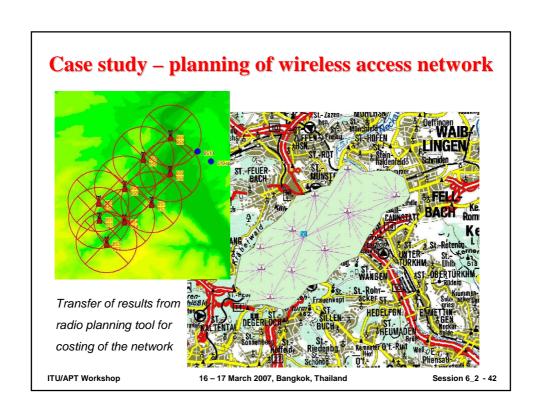


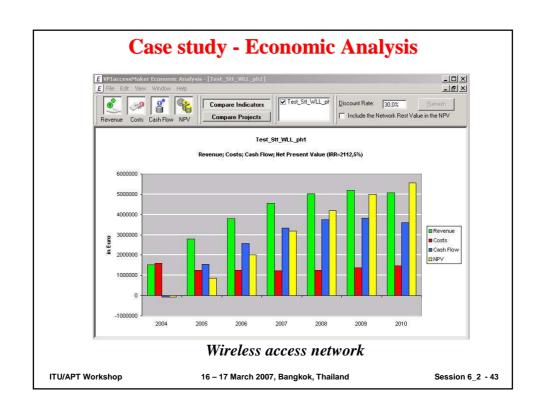


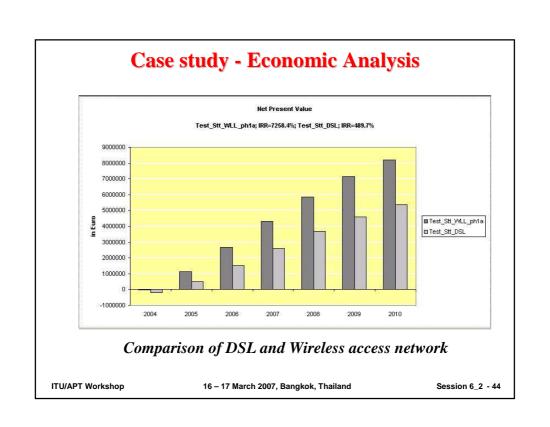












Study of Planning Fixed BWA

Project Description

- > BWA Network to provide fast Internet
- > 3,5 GHz band (WiMAX)
- > Two different Scenarios
 - Scenario 1: Rural Area
 - Scenario 2: Urban Area



Presented on ITU-BDT Regional Network Planning Workshop with Tool Case Studies for the Arab Region Cairo, Egypt, 16 – 27 July 2006

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Planning Fixed BWA - "Rural Area"

- Valley, villages
- Lower average income
- Lower penetration of home computers
- Fewer business
- No DSL via cable available, "no competition"
- Residential-dominated market
- Outdoor coverage (using outdoor antenna)
- · Large cell sizes
- Existing core network / microwave link for backhaul
- Data Rate: >1.0 Mbit/s

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Suburban Area

Rural Area

Planning Fixed BWA - "Urban Area"

Urban Area



- Major city, high-rise buildings
- Many potential broadband customers
- High penetration of home computers
- · Many business users
- Cable and/or DSL available, strong competition
- · Residential & business market
- Indoor coverage dominant
- · Small cell sizes
- Extension (more capacity) of existing or new core network necessary
- Data Rate: >2.5 Mbit/s, 1Mbit/s

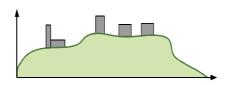
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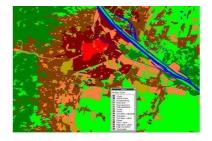
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Planning Guideline Parameters - "Rural Area"

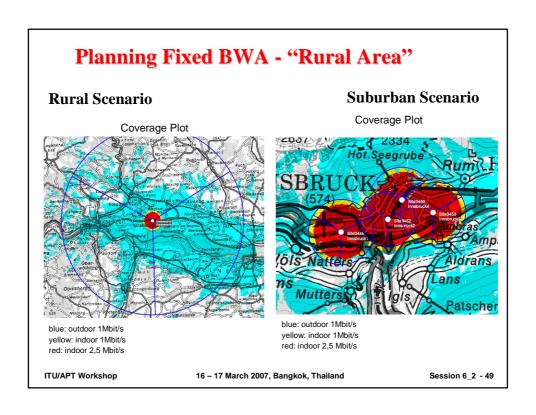
- · Based on existing sites
- Tx antenna height: 20m above ground
- Receiver height: 2.5 / 5.0 / 9.0 m
- Medium Resolution Data (25m / 50m)
- based on 2 different files:
- Digital Terrain Model, elevation of earth-surface
- Digital Clutter Model, describing land use above terrain
- · Provide no building heights

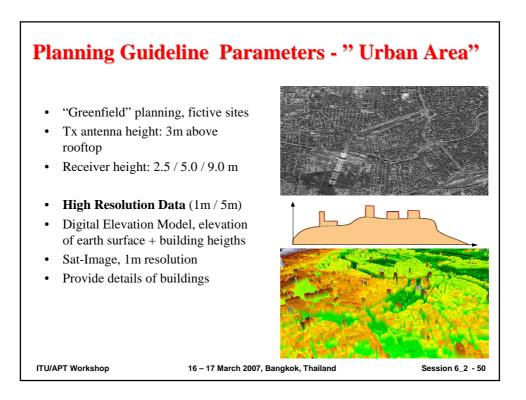


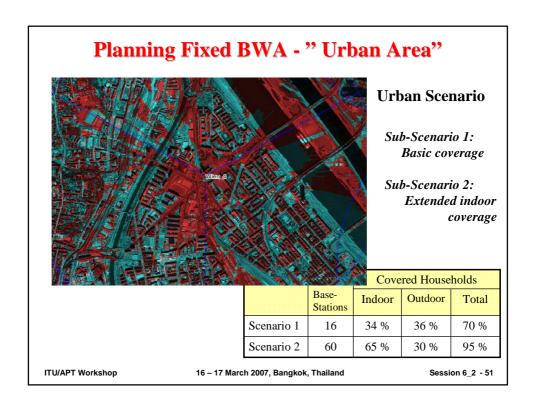


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Partnership between ITU and VPIsystems/LStelcom

- Participation in ITU Conferences, Exhibitions,
 Regional Seminars and Workshops
- Partnership agreement for utilization of the VPIsystems/Lstelcom planning tools
- Assisting of ITU experts in creating case studies for developing countries
- Contribution to the ITU Reference Manual for "Telecom Network Planning for evolving Network Architectures"

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