

#### TV goes Mobile

# Bosco Eduardo Fernandes Joint UMTS Forum/GSMA Working Group Chair

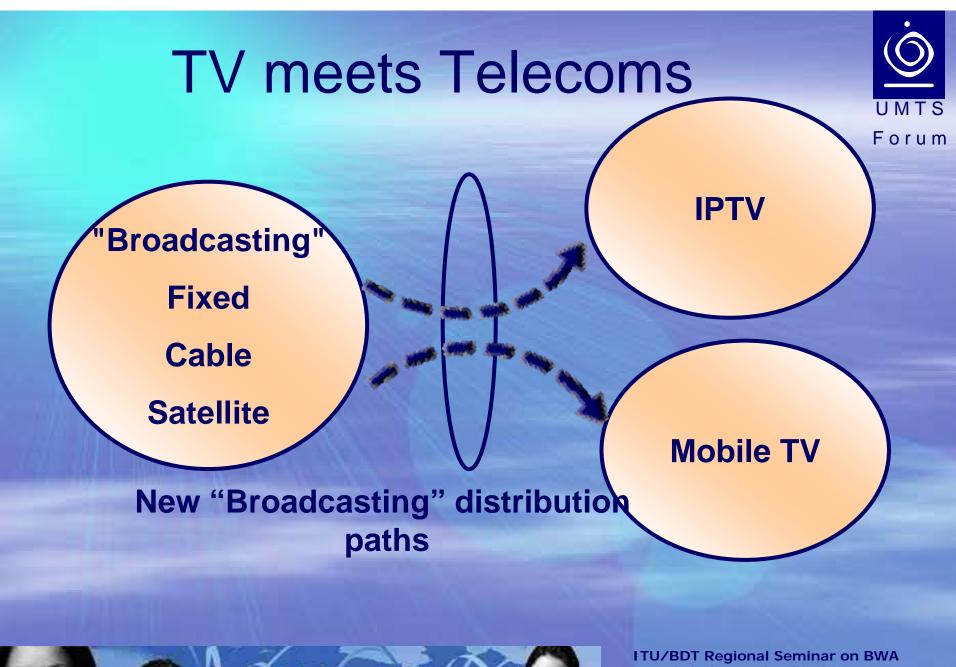


#### Content



- Many media delivery paths!!!!
- IPTV?
- Mobile TV
- Barriers for deployment
- Future convergence of IPTV and MobileTV Platforms
- Conclusions



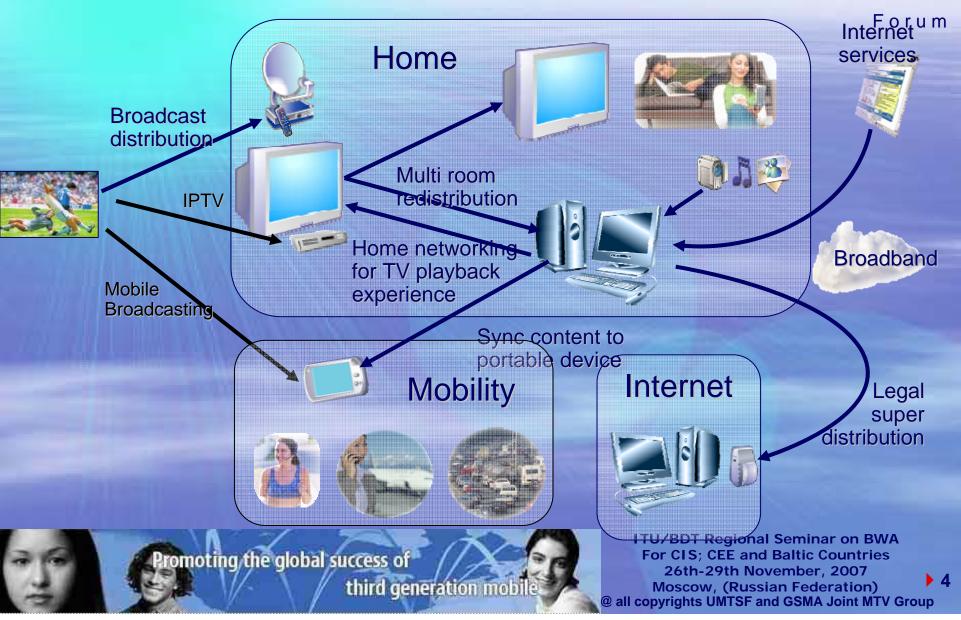




For CIS; CEE and Baltic Countries
26th-29th November, 2007
Moscow, (Russian Federation)
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## The new Digital TV ecosystem





## Mobile TV market emergence



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Mobile TV leading to convergence between connected and unconnected commercial electronic devices.



#### From fixed to mobile triple play



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**Voice** 

Mobility

Mobile Voice

Home

TV / VOD

**lobility** 

Mobile Multimedia & MTV

**Fixed Broadband Data** 

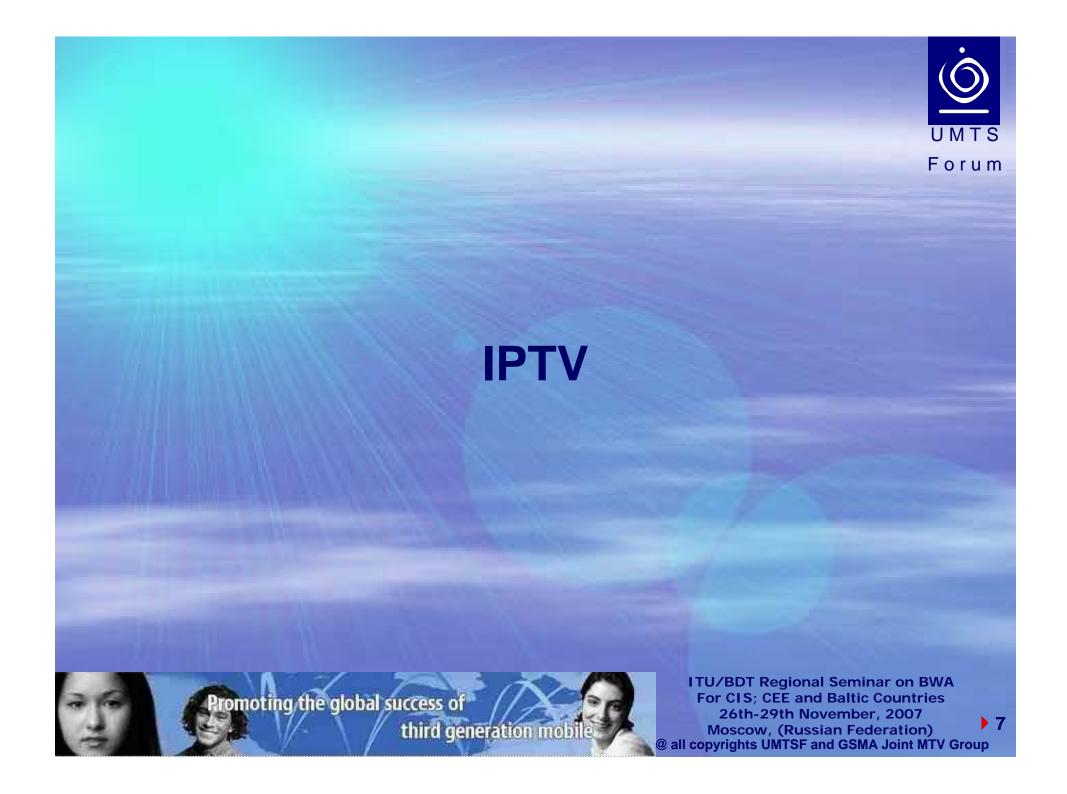
Mobility

**Mobile Broadband** Data





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#### IPTV—internet protocol television

UMTS Forum

- The delivery of digital television, other audio and video services over broadband data networks using the <u>same basic</u> <u>protocols</u> that support the internet.
- IPTV promises to <u>revolutionize</u> the entertainment experience, but how can service providers recover the cost of building infrastructure and acquiring subscribers?
- To get the most out of IPTV, service providers <u>must deliver</u> a unique, highquality experience that matches the needs and willingness to pay of individual customers.
- Service providers <u>must also</u> supplement traditional subscription revenues with advertising and value-added services.
- IPTV delivers a level of interactivity and personalization that Cable can not match at present. It is this <u>"customer intimacy"</u> that can provide a competitive advantage.





#### **IPTV** Market Forecast















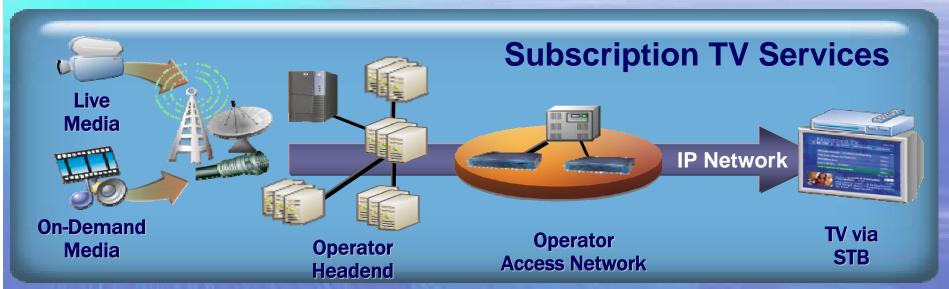


- IPTV subscribers hit 3.6 million in 2006, generating almost 1 billion euros in annualized revenues. Western Europe accounts for two-thirds of worldwide IPTV subscribers (Canalsys).
- The top five IPTV providers by subscriber base account for just over 60% of the market. PCCW 18.2% share, France Telecom with 16.8% and Free Telecom on 14.0%, Telefonica and Fastweb (It).
- 2007:
  - MRG (April'07) \$3.6B / 14.3 million sub in 2007
- 2009:
  - RNCOS (India, Aug'06) 53 million global in 2009, service revenues \$38B.
- 2010:
  - Over 20 million global IPTV subsribers by 2010 (NSR'07) generating \$17billion revenues
- 2011:
  - Strategy Analytics (jan'07) 40.9 million in 2011
  - MRG: \$20.3B / 64.6 million in 2011

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#### **IPTV** Delivery





#### **IPTV** is not:

- Video streaming over Internet
- TV on a PC
- Best-effort video services
- Build on uncertain Business models

#### **IPTV** is:

- TV Services across managed IP networks
- Broadcast TV
- All Forms of On-Demand TV/Video
- Electronic Program Guide
- "Connected Entertainment"





#### **Mobile TV**



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#### Mobile TV



Mobile TV refers to the transmission of both linear and non-linear content to a mobile device.

#### It includes:

- Live TV
- Time-Shifted TV
- On demand audiovisual content



## segmentation of mobile TV services

<u>Ö</u>

orum

consumer interest

- news & weather
- sports
- music,
- entertainment
- basic or premium
- basic plan with few channels
- full bouquet







Sport



Cinéma



Musique





## No shortage of options!



there are 16 mobile TV broadcast technologies and increasing...

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#### Broadcast technologies

- DAB No capacity
- DAB-IP
- DVB-H Italy, Finland, Switzerland, Germany, NL France
- ISDB-T Japan, Brazil
- MediaFLO USA
- T-DMB Korea; Germany
- A-VSB USA only
- T-MMB China Only

Satellite technologies

**DVB-SH** 

Telecoms based technologies

FDD-MBMS

TDD-MBMS (TDtv)

BCMCS CDMA2000 version of MBMS

S-DMB Korea only TD-SCDMA the wildcard

CMMB China only FDD-MBMS in TDD spectrum

S-TiMi China only



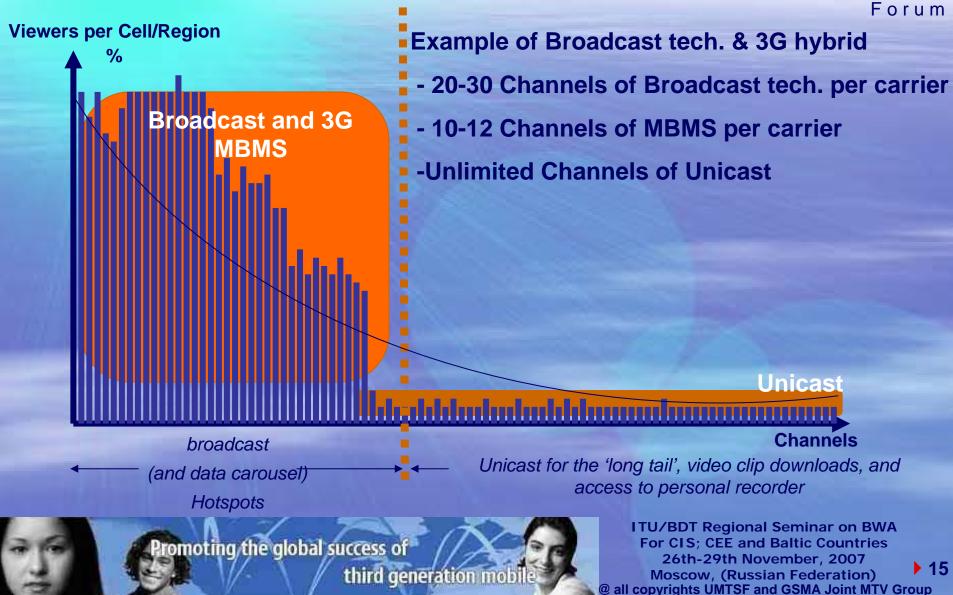


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#### From Unicast to Broadcast

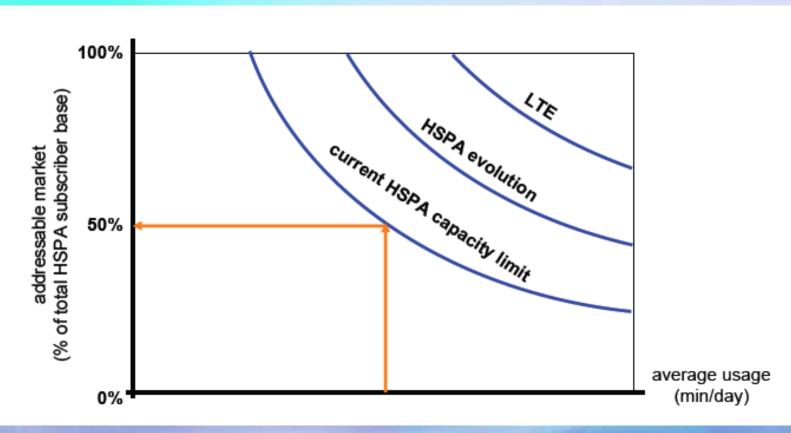


**Network efficiency profile** 



## 3G Access Improving





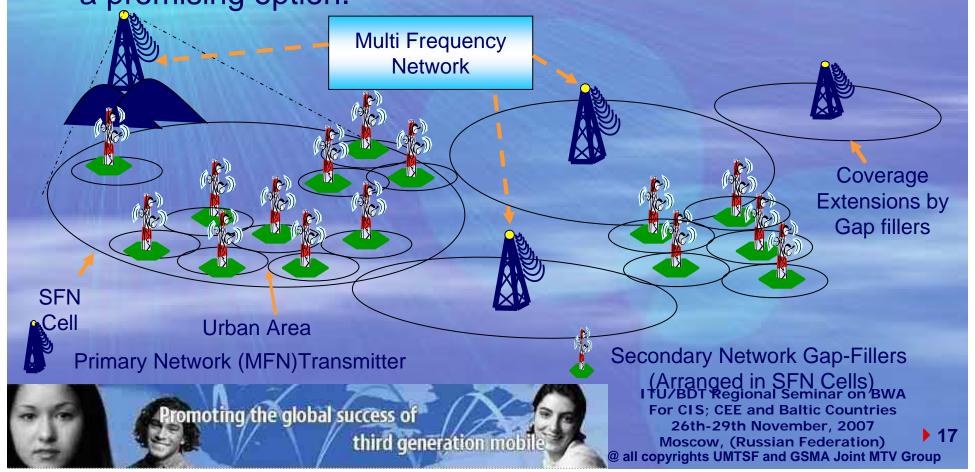
High data rates, Low latency and better than best effort quality of service (QoS)



#### Best use of UHF Spectrum

ÚMTS

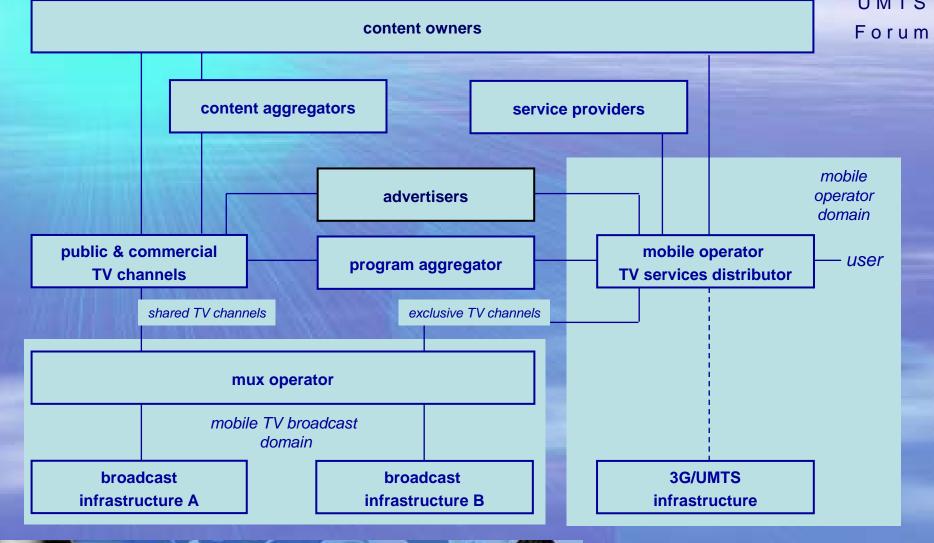
• UHF frequencies when deployed as single frequency networks (SFN) makes network configuration more complex, however is a highly efficient use of spectrum, and a network of two or three overlapping SFNs could be a promising option.



#### Mobile TV a complex business models



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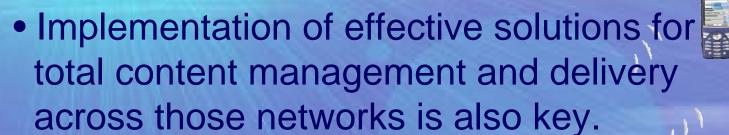
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#### Critical Requirements for Success



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 Availability of content is critical for the commercial success of mobile TV networks.



 A whole range of infrastructure needs to be developed and deployed to make mobile television as effective and as viewable as fixed terrestrial television systems.





**Home Desktop** 



### Commercial launches or pilots



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#### Regulatory Issues



### Regulatory Issues



- Mobile TV requires new regulatory approaches to enable under management in the second of the second o
- Telecommunications and Broadcast applications under separate regulatory jurisdiction
  - Different ITU Regulations
  - Separate Regulatory Authorities
  - Different Spectrum licensing models
  - Variety of operator models: Free-To-Air, Pay-TV, Pre-paid subscription models, etc.
- Broadcast spectrum regulation is fragmented per country and per industry
  - Culture is a national good and part of history
  - Who owns it? Telecommunications authorities? Broadcasting authorities?
  - Technology and service convergence require regulatory attention



#### Different on EU Level



Which licence/authorisation conditions may hinder the introduction/deployment of mobile TV services?

Are there any regulatory restrictions to the use of existing digital platforms for mobile TV?

To what extent there may be a need for common approaches to authorisation of mobile TV across the EU?



#### **Mobile TV success**



- The market actors should decide upon the rollout of Mobile TV standards, or um
  while emphasises should be on interoperability and proper delivery of content
  information to the consumer for mobile TV standards implemented.
- Sufficient amount of spectrum for broadcast and multicast would lead to success of mobile multimedia services
  - In both broadcasting and multicasting worlds, the more spectrum allocated, the more radio frequency channels and services can be contained
  - This factor could determine the overall viability and economic success of the Mobile TV services
  - It should be noted that the precise identification of the digital dividend spectrum is currently not achieved in Europe and it is difficult to evaluate the amount of spectrum that may finally be available to telecommunications applications.
- Spectrum has significant cost impact on handsets. If large number of small and fragmented bands are allocated to Mobile TV usage, then handset vendors will need to make handset that
  - Either, are capable of operating on all these bands at an added complexity and cost, or
  - Are exclusively specified and developed for a single operator at a smaller quantity driving up the costs for consumers as the economics of scale would not be achieved.



## Mobile TV successful across borders?

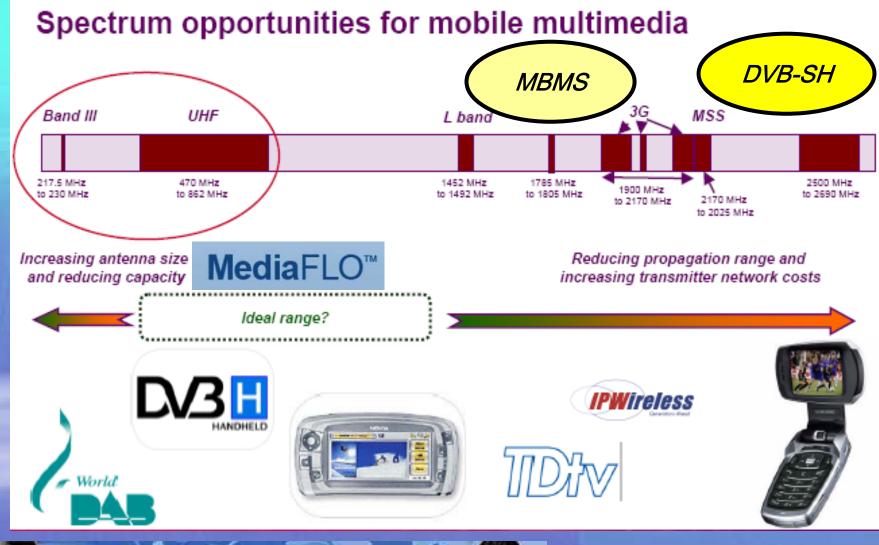


- What regulatory provisions are needed for seamless mobile TV services across the EU?
  - Cross-border services?
  - Interoperability/ roaming?
  - Pan- European dimension?
- It is still uncertain as to what a viable model is for licensing Content rights to mobile operators.



#### Frequency Bands for Mobile Broadcasting in Europe









#### **Further Integration**



### The way forward?



- The future of mobile TV depends on many factors; but since it is proved that consumers want mobile TV- it will happen.
- The Network model will be determined by how cost effectively networks can be deployed and the availability of frequencies and licences. This is likely to differ on a case-by-case basis.
- Utilising existing infrastructure will be a key element. It is not difficult to incorporate mobile TV services into existing broadband terrestrial broadcast systemsparticularly if the systems were initially designed to accommodate additional services or channels. The most significant capital outlay would come with the deployment of additional repeater stations.

### Convergence towards IMS TV



#### **Fixed Line TV**

PVR

DRM

**HDTV** 

Web Browsing

Messaging/Alerting

Home media distribution

#### P2P TV

Video Call Collaboration **Group Mgmt control** P2P Chat/Messaging Localized Video Sharing Download and play Streaming playback



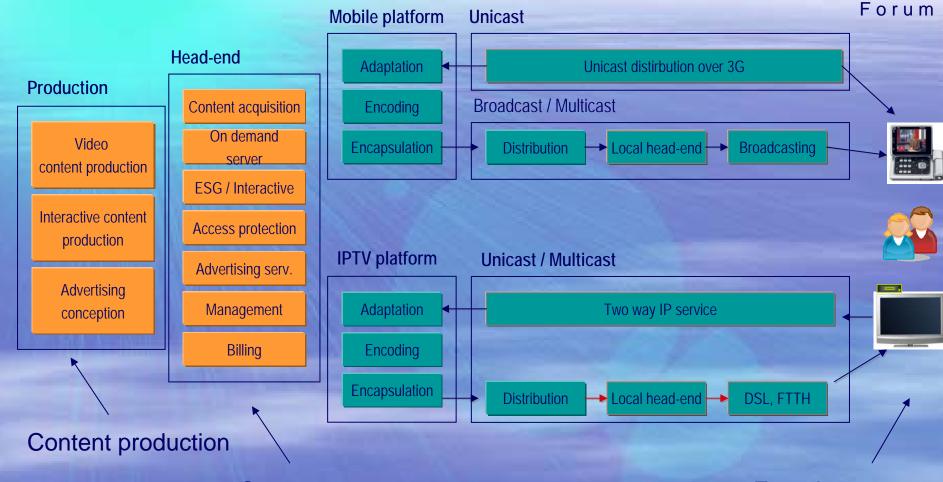
#### **Mobile TV**

Interactive TV Voting **PVR** control 3GPP - MBMS Common TV channels for IPTV and mobileTV Home IPTV services in the device Media portability



## Common platform for Mobile TV and IPTV





Customer management

Experience

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#### Conclusion



#### Conclusion



- Delivery of triple play services create new networking requirements and technical migration challenges.
  - Particularly in the access and aggregation parts of the network.
- IPTV is not so much a technology as a fundamental transformation in the distribution and consumption of television and video services.
- The world is ramping up their IPTV initiatives and launching a creative array of new consumer services, searching for the magic mix of traditional and emerging services Operators.
- Deployment of mobile TV is mainly dependent on Regulatory issues to be solved and spectrum availability.

#### Conclusion cont'd



- 3G mobile TV is breaking up traditional business models whereby mobile operators are establishing themselves as content aggregators and broadcasters.
- Mobile industry calls for harmonised spectrum to enable the development of mobile multimedia services especially in the UHF bands.
- Economies of scales are necessary to enable the production of innovative content and to drive the change of business models.
- Develop a clear auction process
  - Consider the conditions that go with licenses for mobile broadcast.
  - Minimum coverage expectations in licenses or auction rules
  - Spectrum packaged and auction designed in a way that facilitates development of mobile TV.





## Thank You for your attention!!!!

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