

WiMAX Standards and Regulations

ITU/BDT Regional Seminar on Broadband Wireless Access (BWA) for CIS, CEE and Baltic Countries 26-29 November 2007, Moscow (Russian Federation)

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Agenda

- Broadband & Internet Penetration in Region
- Intel's Spectrum Policy
- Standards
- Intel Products and Roadmap
- Applications
- WiMAX Forum
- Regulations

Broadband Penetration in Region CIS COUNTRIES

0.01 to 2.03

CEE & BALTIC COUNTRIES (Except EU Countries)

0.01 to 2.03

CEE & BALTIC COUNTRIES (Including EU Countries)

0.01 to 27.14

Internet Penetration in Region

CIS COUNTRIES

0.01 to 4.2

CEE & BALTIC COUNTRIES (Except EU Countries)

0.48 to 9.58

CEE & BALTIC COUNTRIES (Including EU Countries)

0.48 to 28.18

Source: International Telecommunications Union

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Intel's Spectrum Policy

- Sufficient Spectrum for operators
- Technology Neutrality
- Open, competitive licensing process
- Flexibility within licensed use
- Foster competition and innovation

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WiMAX Standards

WiMAX is defined as 'Worldwide Interoperability for Microwave Access' by the WiMAX Forum, officially known as WirelessMAN.

Standards

- IEEE 802.16.2004 / ETSI Hiperman (June 2004)
 (Fixed, Nomadic Application)
- IEEE 802.16e (December 2005)
 (Fixed, Nomadic, Mobile)

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WiMAX recognition in the ITU

Excellent progress has been made already in ITU:

IEEE 802.16d

• Technology recognised in ITU-R Recommendation F.1763

IEEE 802.16e

• Recognised in ITU-R Recommendation M.1801

IMT-2000 Family

- IEEE submitted a proposal to ITU WP8F in January 2007 for the inclusion of Mobile WiMAX within the IMT-2000 Family.
- On 18th October 2007, ITU took a decision of global importance to include WiMAX technology in the IMT-2000 Family.



IMT-2000 Standards (six radio interfaces)

IMT-OFDMA TDD WMAN

also known as WiMAX

IMT-DS Direct-Sequence

• also known as W-CDMA or UTRA-FDD, used in UMTS

IMT-MC Multi-Carrier

• also known as CDMA2000, the successor to 2G CDMA (IS-95)

IMT-TC Time-Code

• This comprises: UTRA TDD, TDD-SCDMA

IMT-SC Single Carrier

• also known as UWC, the best known implementation is **EDGE**

IMT-FT Frequency Time

• also known as **DECT**

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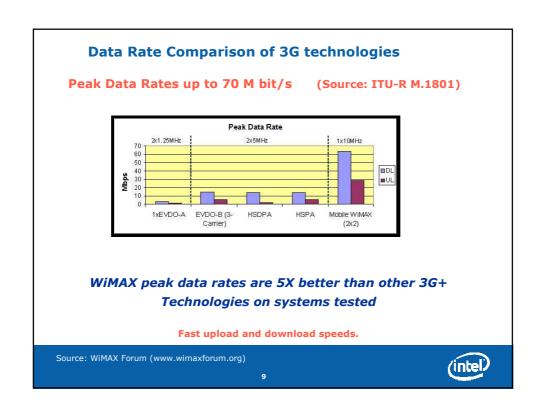
IMT-2000 technologies (3G) are complementary

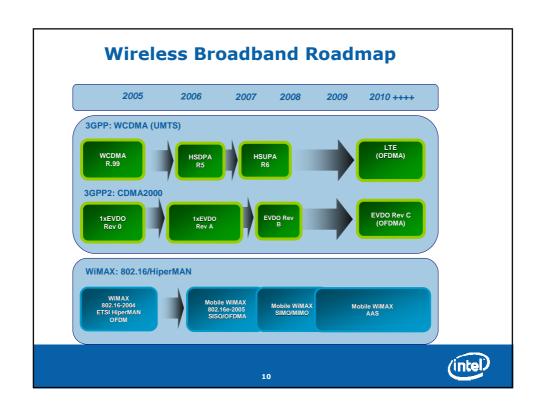
WiMAX and other 3G technologies will coexist

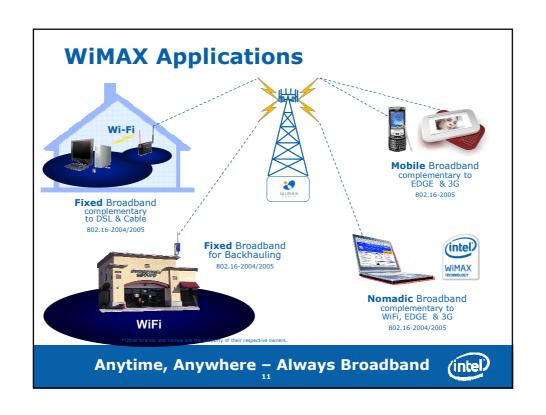
Each service provider's distinct network environment and business imperatives will determine which technology or mix of technologies best meets their needs.

- WiMAX is optimized for IP-based high-speed wireless broadband.
- Other 3G technologies optimized for cellular voice and moderate data-rate applications

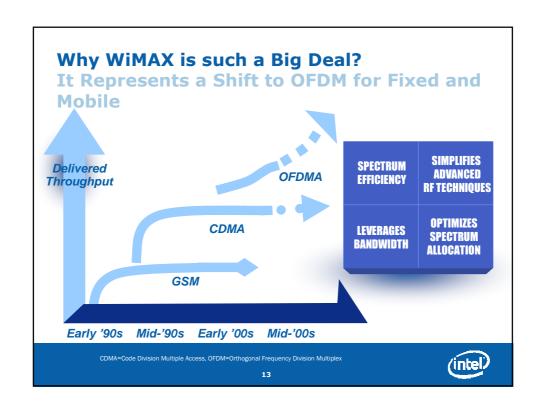






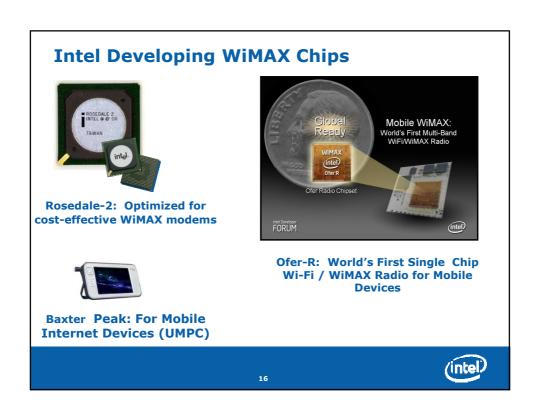
















WiMAX Forum (www.wimaxforum.org)



- The WiMAX Forum is an industry-led, non-profit corporation
- Formed to promote and certify compatibility and interoperability of broadband wireless products.
- Member companies support the industry-wide acceptance of the IEEE 802.16 and ETSI HiperMAN standards.

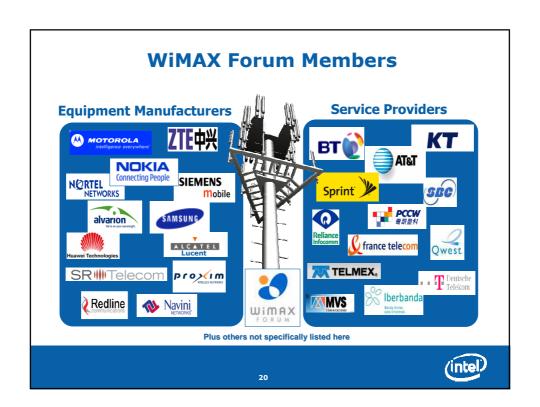
What this means?

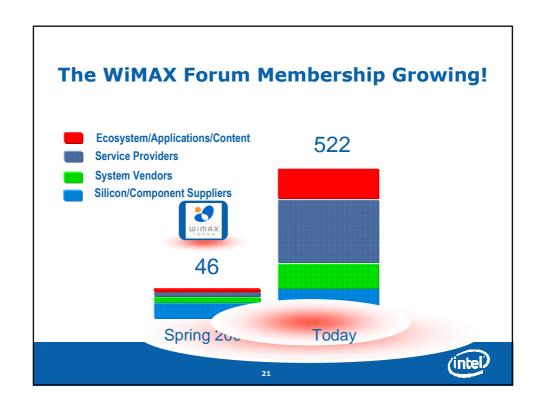
For **network operators**; equipment interoperability across vendors

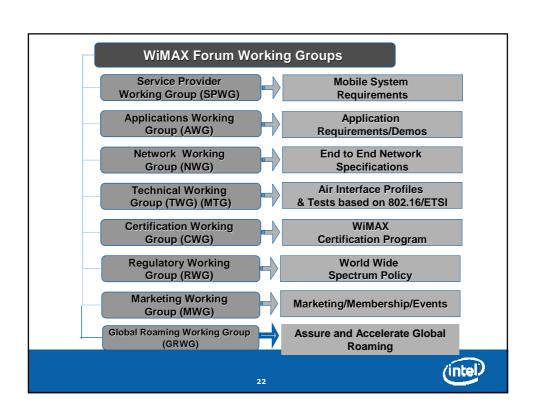
For **component vendors**; fewer product variations and higher volumes

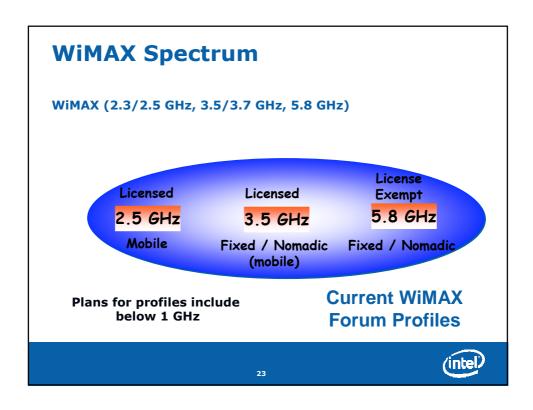
For **end-users**; faster and cheaper access that is more widely available

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WiMAX Certification

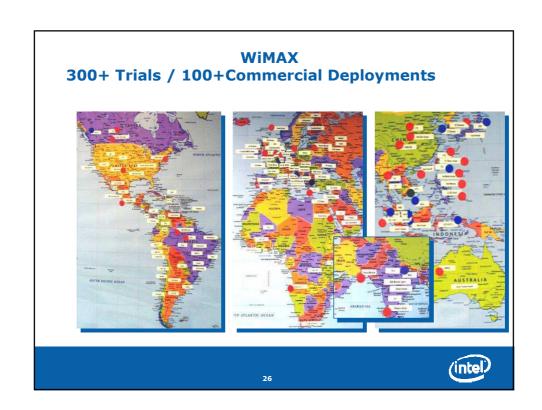
- Certification program started mid-2005
- Certified products comply with the standards and they interoperate with certified products from other vendors.
- 31 Certified products (fixed/nomadic)
- Mobile WiMAX products are ready and certification will begin in first quarter of 2008.

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Certification Labs

- AT4 Lab (Spain) Lead Lab Opened August '05
- TTA(Korea) Oct '07
- AT4 (US) Oct '07
- CATR (China) 16d April '07, 16e Nov '07/Dec'07
- ADT Taiwan Lab Nov '07, 2nd Lab July '08
- Additional Labs in '08: India, Japan

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Nationwide WiMAX Networks

- United States 2008 Sprint Nextel and Clearwire
- Pakistan August 2007 Buraq Telecom, Wateen Telecom and MyTel
- Kingdom of Bahrain 4Q 07 Mena Telecom
- Russia The company plans to extend wireless Internet, or WiMax, coverage to 330 cities by 2010 Summa Telecom
- Chile March 2007 Telmex
- Taiwan June 2008 Vastar Cable and Vmax Telecom
- Brazil Currently Regional, plans to expand to national Neovia
- Argentina Migrating CDMA to WiMAX network in 2007 Telmex
- Iraq September 2007 Kalimat Telecom

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Mobile WiMAX Status

- Commercial service in Korea
- Sprint launching early '08, USA
- Summa Telecom, Russia 2007
- Japan licenses end of '07
- UK licences next year
- Norway licenses next year
- Sweden licences next year
- Austria Public Consultancy
- and others...

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Mobile WiMAX is real \$billions invested....at 2.5 GHz band



Sprint Nextel Corp. (NYSE: S) today [8th Aug '06] announced its plans to develop and deploy the first fourth generation (4G) nationwide broadband mobile network. The 4G wireless broadband network will use the mobile WiMAX (Worldwide Interoperability for Microwave Access) IEEE 802.16e-2005 technology standard.

"Mobile WiMAX...delivers four times the throughput of other wireless technologies at up to one-tenth the cost."

Sprint PR details

- -Sprint to deploy mobile WiMAX in '07, launch services in '08
- -100M+ POPs covered by the end of '08
- -Intel to supply technology for laptops and other computing devices

We believe this is a "inflection point" for mobile WiMAX deployments worldwide.

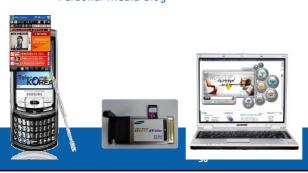


KT (Korea Telecom) Mobile WiMAX Application

Commercial Mobile WiMAX service since June 2006

Mobile TPS (Triple Play Service)

- Communication: Fixed mobile convergence communicator including SMS, MMS, chatting, VoIP, video conferencing
- Data: Mobile internet access
- Media: Real-time media service (VoD, MoD),
 Personal media blog





Fixed, Nomadic and Mobile ITU-R Recommendation F.1399-1

4.1.2 Fixed Wireless Access

Wireless access application in which the location of the end-user termination and the network access point to be connected to the enduser are fixed.

4.1.3 Mobile Wireless Access

Wireless access application in which the location of the end-user termination is mobile.

4.1.4 Nomadic Wireless Access

Wireless access application in which the location of the end-user termination may be in different places but it must be stationary while in use.

Strict implementation of this definitions constrain innovations / limit convergence

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2.5 - 2.69 GHz (IMT-2000 Band)

- WiMAX is IMT-2000 Standard
- TDD is optimized for data
- TDD disadvantaged over FDD
- 2.5 GHz is excellent for Mobile WiMAX
- Open 2.5 GHz to WiMAX, this could be done as a first step within the TDD 50 MHz central gap.

Regulatory framework for 2.5 GHz enabling WiMAX is necessary

^{2.5 GHz} 70 MHz	50 MHz	70 MHz ^{2.69 GHz}
Frequency Division Duplex	Time Division Duplex	Frequency Division Duplex



Bandwidth & Business

- Economic viability of a service provider's business case is highly sensitive to the size of the spectrum allocation license
- Spectrum available for deployment determines base station capacity
- Capacity constraints accelerate the need to split cells
- Excessive cell splitting causes significant operating and financial issues for operators
 - Increases capital and operating expenses resulting in increased cost to deliver data
 - Additional cells increase interference issues for subscribers
 - Creates quality of service issues for subscribers
 - Limits operators from providing high bandwidth applications such as video and music downloads
 - Limits the number of subscribers that can be served by the operator

Increased bandwidth enhances overall efficiency of the network and reduces cost of network deployment

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Innovative and technology neutral framework required!

- WiMAX needs access to licenced spectrum: 2.5 GHz (mobile WiMAX)
- WiMAX needs access to Licensed spectrum: 3.4 3.8
 GHz
 - WiMAX needs some License-Exempt spectrum: 5.8
 GHz

WiMAX is not asking for special treatment; just equality!!



Conclusion

- Broadband is vital for the development.
- Economical, easy, faster high performance solution (IPR-Intellectual Property Right advantage).
- WiMAX is the solution for personal true broadband mobile service.
- WiMAX is real, not hype. Deployed and changing lives.
- Approved by ITU as IMT-2000 standard (3G).
- WiMAX can be applied simultaneously, both in developing and developed countries.
- •Competition at broadband market (driving end user prices down)

To benefit, regulations and spectrums should be ready.

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