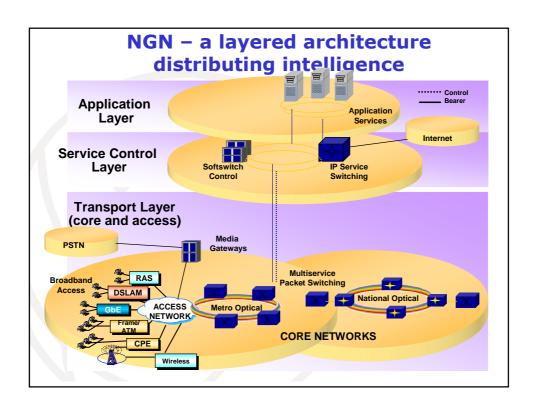
ITU-D Regional Development Forum 2010 NGN and Broadband for the Arab Region (Cairo, Egypt, 13 to 15 December 2010)

Emerging Trends in NGA Policy and Innovative Financing Models

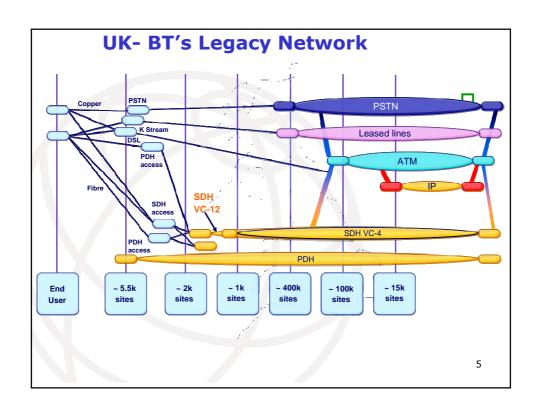
Satya N. Gupta
Chief Regulatory Advisor
BT Global Services, India and SAARC

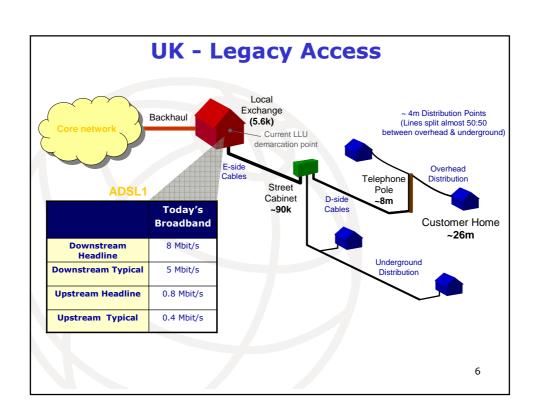
Agenda

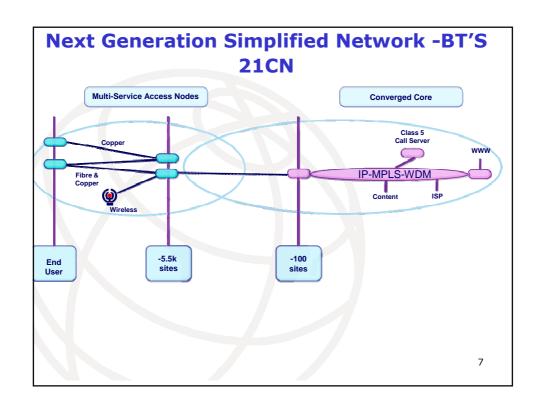
- Next Generation Network ArchitectureLayered approach
- Next Generation Access (NGA)
- NGA Superfast Broadband
- NGN Regulation UK Approach
- Enabling Policy for NGA
- Innovative Financing Models for NGA

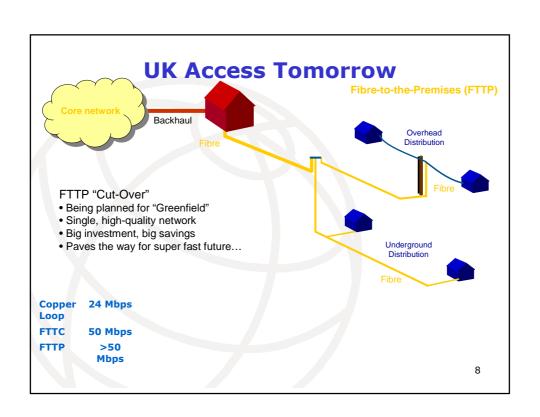


| (NGA) | | | | |
|------------------------|------------|------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| | ADSL | ADSL2+ | FTTC (+VDSL) | FTTP (All homes) |
| Downstream Headline | 8 Mbit/s | 24 Mbit/s | 40 Mbit/s | 100 Mbit/s |
| Downstream Typical | 5 Mbit/s | 10 Mbit/s | 20 Mbit/s | 50 Mbit/s |
| Jpstream Headline | 0.8 Mbit/s | 0.8 Mbit/s | 10 Mbit/s | 30 Mbit/s |
| Upstream Typical | 0.4 Mbit/s | 0.4 Mbit/s | 5 Mbit/s | 15 Mbit/s |
| Cost of Deployment | | | £200 → £400/line | ~£600/line |
| Regulatory Impact | | | | Regulatory issues to be resolved |









New Era of NGN Regulation-Promoting Investment and Innovation

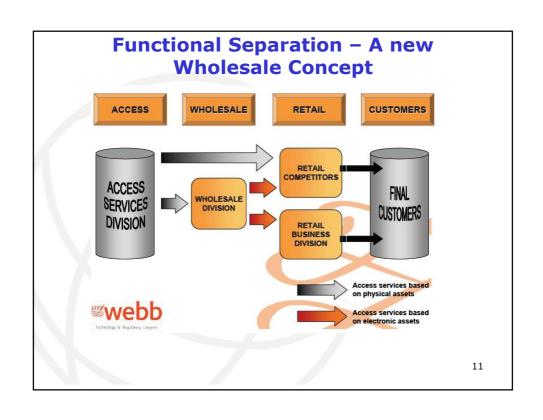
- BT's Undertakings offered in lieu of reference to Competition Commission in September 2005
- Regulation focused on bottlenecks-Access and Backhaul for SMP
- Incentive to invest in NGA and Innovate
- Expectation of reduced regulation downstream
- Promote infrastructure-based competition
- Benefits the consumers, operators and economy-Maximising the Societal Welfare
- Incumbent to compete fairly on a level playing field with new entrants

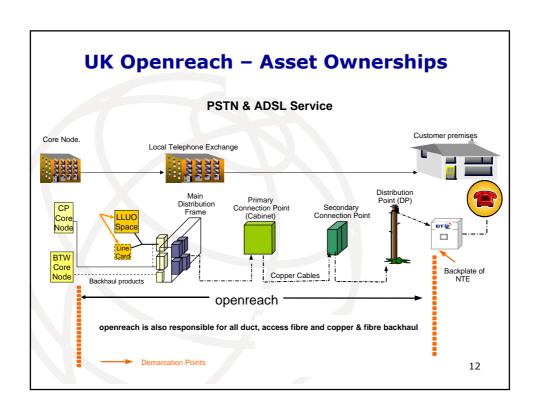
Creating a climate of confidence for infrastructure Development, Competition, Investment and Innovation

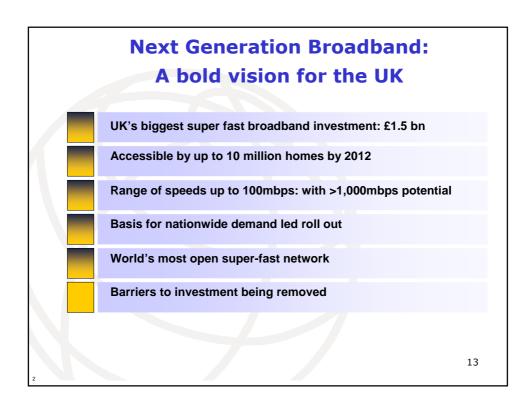
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Regulation and NGN - Key Issues

- Investment "Regulatory certainty"
 - NGNs are driven (in part) by cost savings
 - Investment requires demonstrable shareholder value
 - Regulators face a difficult challenge
 - No one can "build it and they will come" on revenue bet
 - NGNs/NGAs are disruptive to traditional boundaries
 - They challenge past regulatory assumptions (e.g. thin & dispersed vs. fat & fewer interconnect, minutes & miles vs. capacity & QOE)
 - Regulation needs to become simpler
 - Requires collaboration amongst incumbents, regulators and Competitive communications providers.
 - Over regulation could restrict converged service innovation







UK NGA-Building on Success

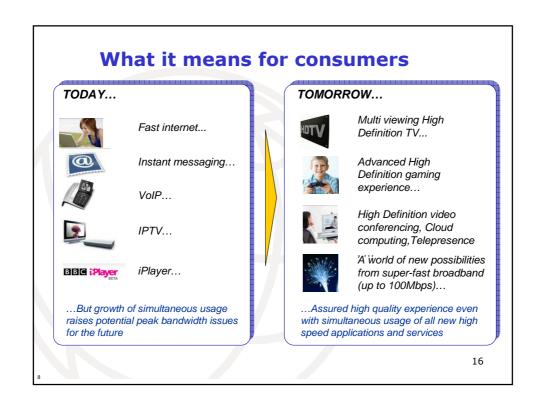
UK has world leading availabilit y & take up...

- BT's multi-billion pound investment has ensured everyone can be part of the broadband revolution
- 10 million kilometers of fibre already in the network
- 120,000 businesses have fibre to the premises
- 10 million people work from home using broadband
- · Higher take up in rural areas than in cities

...and provides massive choice to consumer

- Massive customer choice from 200 ISPs
- Among the lowest prices in the world
- Opportunity to learn from the experience of others
- All fibre based services from BT will be wholesaled to other ISPs

The Next Chapter: a 'mixed economy' model · Fibre to the home in Ebbsfleet · ADSL2+ roll out makes 2008 FY speeds of up to 24 Mbps · Operational trials of fibre to the available to 40% population · Fibre available to millions of Widespread access to 2010 FY homes and businesses ADSL2+ and speeds of BT backhaul investment reduces up to 24 Mbps network bottlenecks • Fibre roll-out brings range of speeds Continuing to develop 2012 FY up to 100Mbps technologies to enable • Fibre available to up to 10 million faster speeds and families more services • Olympic village, a fibre showpiece case *2008FY = 08/09 financial year 15



What it means for businesses



 Bringing big business fibre services to smaller businesses: speeds > 1 Gigabit



 Improved choice in access speeds providing UK businesses with a competitive edge



 Two way speed allowing collaboration across locations between customers and suppliers



Improved flexibility in remote and home working, cloud computing

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Removing the barriers to investment

Need to have...

- chance to earn a fair return through cost plus tarrifs
- principle based regulation that avoids red tape
- removal of outdated rules, such as having to deploy copper cables in parallel to fibre
- assurance that other Operators will also wholesale their fibre services
- freedom from responsibility for other operators' past investment

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Enabling Policy Initiatives for NGA

- Allowing wholesale pricing flexibility- Enabling ROI appropriate to risks
- Minimizing inefficiencies in Network Design- Forbearing Technical Regulation, Technology- Neutrality
- Supporting use of new and more flexible wholesale services
- Safeguarding the opportunity for further infrastructure based competition
- Symmetric Regulation for all new infrastructure
- Setting up of National Internet Exchange (IXP)
- Utilization of USO/Public fund for National Broadband Network/Alternate Telecom Network (ATN)
- Functional separation of Bottleneck Infrastructure from service provision
- Capping the cost of international connectivity
- Removing any restriction on VOIP

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Innovative Financing Models

- Fast speed Public funding of NBN/ATN through USO (Universal Service Obligation fund)-USA, UK, Australia, Singapore, Korea, Srilanka
- Public Private Partnerships collaboration between government and private agencies
- Active infrastructure sharing-Shared LLU, Bit Stream Access, Active Loop Access, BSC, Backhaul Sharing, Franchising
- Bundling of CPE with Service offering
- Functional Separation of SMP-Unlocking the Potential and Turbo-charging the Utilisation
- Managed services (Outsourcing), Capex-Opex conversion/Vendor financing, BOLT, BOO, EaaS

THANK YOU

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