INTERNATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATION UNION TELECOMMUNICATION DEVELOPMENT BUREAU

Document: 25

GLOBAL SYMPOSIUM FOR REGULATORS Hong Kong, China, 7 -8 December 2002

PRESENTATION

ITU/CTO MODEL UNIVERSAL SERVICE/ACCESS POLICIES, REGULATIONS, AND PROCEDURES PART I: UNIVERSAL SERVICE FUND POLICY AND IMPLEMENTATION

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2

ITU/BDT

Global Symposium for Regulators

ITU/CTO Model Universal Service/Access Policies, Regulations, and Procedures

Part I: Universal Service Fund Policy and Implementation

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Model USF Policy and Implementation

Overview

Part I: USF Policy and Implementation

- Mission and objectives
- Authorising and enabling laws and policies
- Sources of contributions
- Management and administration
- Procedures for determining funding allocations

Part II: Basic telephone service auction mechanism

Part III: Telecentre options and strategies

Fund mission, objectives and priorities

- Overriding mission and vision:
 - Contribute to national economic development and social well-being
 - Promote technological innovation in the telecommunications sector
 - Promote competition in the telecommunications market
 - Establish efficient, self-sustaining marketoriented businesses

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Fund mission, objectives and priorities

- Practical objectives and priorities:
 - 1) Provide universal access to basic telephone communication
 - 2) Provide access to advanced communications capabilities
 - 3) Provide support for economic development and opportunity
 - 4) Provide direct support to public and community service institutions

Authorising and Enabling Laws and Policies

- All key development programs begin at a high level of national legislation, Presidential decrees, or Ministerial policy statements
- Framework to ensure credibility and consistency with other national policies
- Should use <u>general</u> language, to avoid overly restricting implementation of objectives

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Authorising and Enabling Laws and Policies

- Define principles of the right to communications access
- Define objectives and obligations for national telecommunications development
- Mandate establishment of Universal Service/Development Fund
- Define responsibilities for implementing and administering the Fund

Authorising and Enabling Laws and Policies

- Emphasise market-oriented, nondiscriminatory principles
- Establish enforcement and dispute resolution powers

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Sources of Contributions to the Fund

- Equitable contribution by all market participants
- Fixed percentage of designated revenues
- Key questions:
 - > Who should contribute?
 - What revenues should be covered?
 - > Should anyone receive special treatment?

Sources of Contributions to the Fund

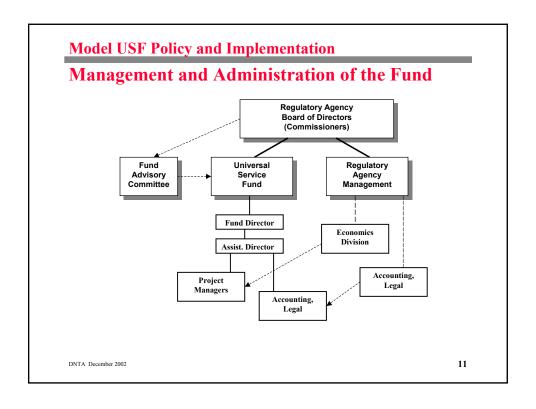
- Contribution amounts determined through appropriate market analysis
 - > Needs assessment
 - Cost analysis
 - Revenue/demand forecasts and fee calculations
- Limited options for "in-kind" alternatives to direct financial contributions

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Management and Administration of the Fund

- Under control of <u>independent telecom</u> regulatory authority
- Management autonomy
- Independent budget, separate accounting



Management and Administration of the Fund

Accounting Standards and Procedures:

- Contributions
 - Payments, Documentation, Certification, Audit
- Fund accounts and budgets
 - Project Fund
 - Operating Budget
 - Reserve Fund
- Project budgets

Procedures for determining funding allocations

- Operating Plan
 - Intended projects and targets for planning period (1-2 years)
- Projects
 - > Activities funded by the USF
- Concessions
 - Licenses, grants, awards to individual applicants to use Fund resources in fulfillment of a Project

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Procedures for determining funding allocations

- Target Objectives
 - Interim targets for each category of Fund assistance
 - Highest priority typically to basic telephone access
 - Allocations based on relative degree of progress toward targets

DNTA December 2002 14

Procedures for determining funding allocations

- Socioeconomic Priority Criteria:
 - Locations where economic conditions inhibit pure market-based solutions
 - > Population with low relative income
 - Population not integrated with a centre of development
 - Scarce and dispersed population
 - Population with low access to infrastructure and communications
 - > Historically disadvantaged groups

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15

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Project Definitions and Criteria

- 1) Universal Access to basic telephone service
- See Part II: Minimum Subsidy Auctions
- 2) Access to advanced telecommunications and information services
- See Part III: Telecentre Options and Strategies
- 3) Economic development and small business support
- 4) Public service institution support

DNTA December 2002 16