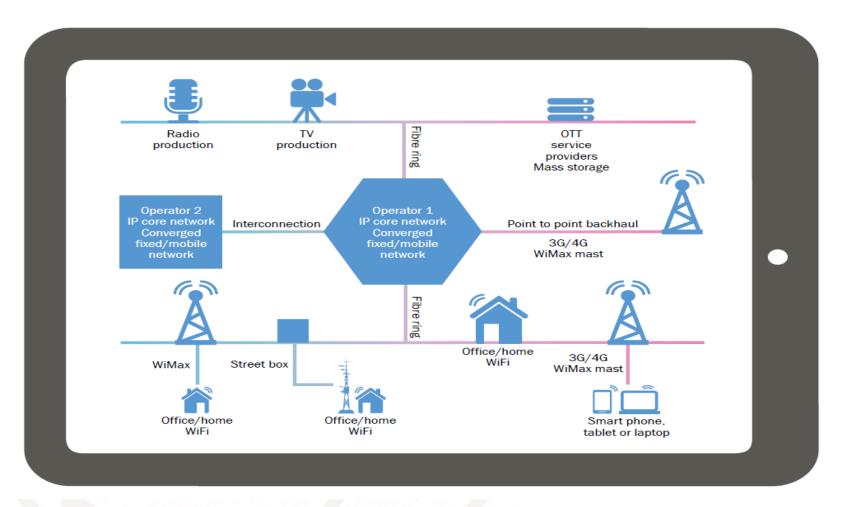
Workshop Theme 2: Can Digital Platforms Enable Consumers and Entrepreneurs?

Building an Enabling Environment for Affordable Access to ICTs

ITU-D SG 6/1 Expert Meeting Consumer
Protection in a Digital Collaborative Economy
Chongqing, China
9-11 November, 2016



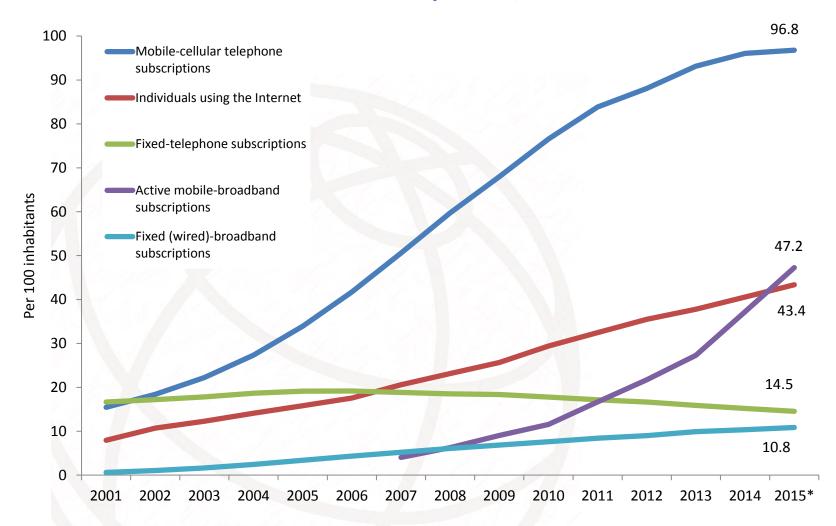
The ICT Sector Today



Source: ITU



Global ICT Developments, 2001-2015



Note: * Estimate

Source: ITU World Telecommunication /ICT Indicators database



But: Growing Digital Divide?

World Map: A Growing Digital Divide in the Internet of Everything? Connected Devices Per Capita from 2014 to 2019; Devices' Compound Annual Growth Rates (CAGR)



6.1 in 2014; 11.6 in 2019 CAGR 14%

Western Europe

4.4 in 2015; 8.2 in 2019 CAGR 13%

Central/Eastern Europe

2.4 in 2019; 4.3 in 2019 CAGR 12%



Latin America

2.0 in 2014; 2.9 in 2019 CAGR 9% Middle East & Africa

1.0 in 2014; 1.4 in 2019 CAGR 9% Asia Pacific

1.6 in 2014; 2.5 in 2019 CAGR 11%

Source: CISCO VNI.



4.2 Billion of the world's population are still not using the Internet...

protection policy payment trust money inclusion connectivity central model electronic sustainable regulation goals security access cyber financial privacy data

We would like to be there: **Digital Inclusive**

Digital Inclusive Society



What are the Needs of Consumers?

Search

- How will my data be used?
- Search results manipulated?

Shopping

- What if goods don't arrive?
- What redress when shopping cross border?

Payment

- Can I trust new payment methods?
- Will I need to pay extra for some methods of payment?
- Are my bank details secure?

Consuming music and video

- Why can't I access certain services?
- Do I have sufficient bandwidth to watch my film?

Source: GSR 14 presentation



What are the Needs of Consumers?

Gaming and using apps

- This game was not free!
- My credit card has been charged!

Cloud

- Will my data be safe on the cloud?
- What if the service becomes unavailable?

Social media

- My children are exposed to inappropriate content
- We seem to be locked in with Facebook
- I can't get a job because of my profile

Source: GSR 14 presentation



Cross-Cutting Issues

Illegal and harmful Mandate Trust content Copyright Net neutrality Cost Privacy and Consumer Data QoS redress and education **Protection**

Source: GSR 14 presentation

Who and Why Protect Consumer Rights?

- Good competition in the telecoms sector does not necessarily guarantee the people's needs and protect their rights
- Safeguards are necessary to ensure consumer privacy and the citizens' access to all essential telecoms' services, independently of where they are, or, of their social or economic position.
- Clear set of rights often exists in the laws
 - Who is operating the website?
 - No unfair commercial practices
 - Price transparency
 - Right to cancel the order
 - **—** ...
- But who is making sure that digital consumers benefit from these rights?

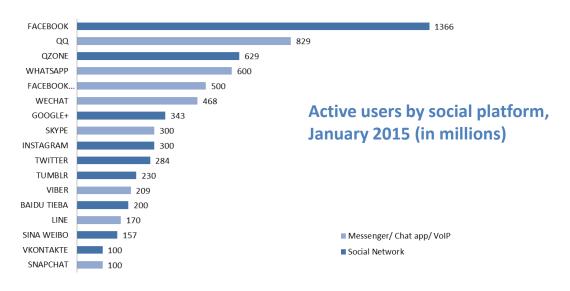


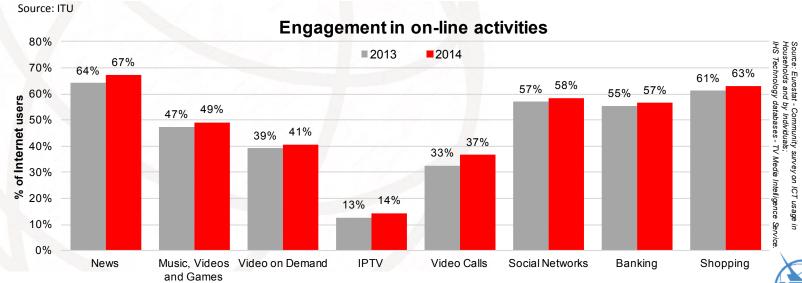
What are the Trends

- There are new players and business models
 - Need to balance innovation with investment and consumer interests
- Need for affordable capacity and speed
 - Broadband trends
 - International Connectivity
- The interaction of the ICT sector for stimulating growth in the digital economy alongside other sectors needs to be understood
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 - Collaborative regulation



Online activities

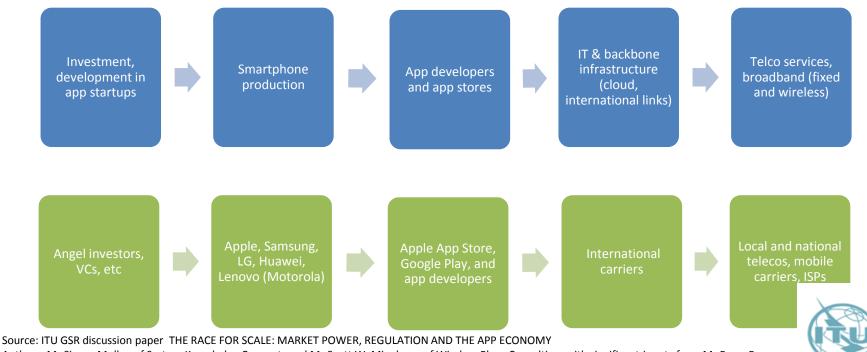




Source: EC Digital Agenda Scorecard 2015

What is the APP economy?

- The app economy is all the products and services required to deliver app functionality to end users via mobile broadband services.
- The app economy **VALUE CHAIN** include investors, handset producers, platform developers and communications service providers.



Source: ITU GSR discussion paper THE RACE FOR SCALE: MARKET POWER, REGULATION AND THE APP ECONOMY
Authors: Mr Simon Molloy of System Knowledge Concepts and Mr Scott W. Minehane of Windsor Place Consulting, with significant inputs from Mr Barry Burgan,
Associate Dean of Bond Business School, Bond University, Gold Coast, Australia

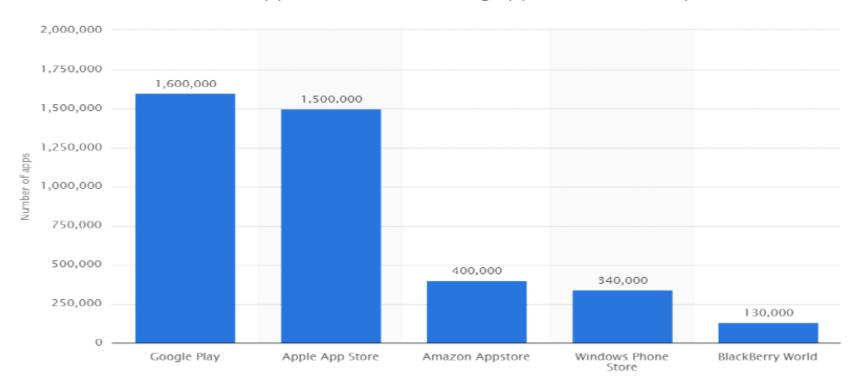
The APP Economy: New Players and Services





The App Economy

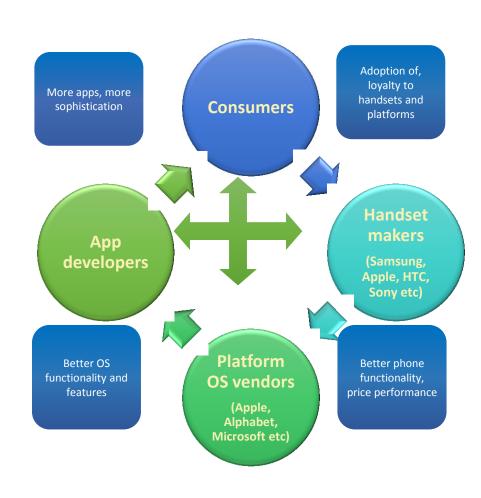
Number of apps available in leading app stores as of July 2015



Source: www.statista.com/statistics/276623/number-of-apps-available-in-leading-app-stores/ (accessed 26/12/15)

The APP economy ecosystem

- The app economy ecosystem is an interacting set of handset makers, platform owners, app developers and consumers in a highly competitive and dynamic technological environment
- It is characterised by interacting sets of network effects:
 - More consumers per platform, the more profitable will be app development for that platform
 - More apps and better apps will attract more consumers
 - Handset manufacturers achieving greater scale will lower unit costs, fine tune production value chains, enabling more competitive handset market
 - Better handsets mean more consumers and so on...
- Source: The Race for Scale: Market Power, Regulation and the App Economy, GSR 2016



The APP Economy: Opportunities for Business AND Consumers

REGULATORS

Security Rules

Law

Risk management

Cyber-war

Cyber-crime

Protection of assets

Protection of society

Protection of privacy

Protection of traditional market players

Labor protection

Syndicates

Control

Enablement of international digital spaces

Enablement of cross national technologies

Norms

Consumer protection

Enablement of a digital single market

DIGITAL

Free economy

Boundless communication

Full transparency

Business opportunities

High rewards

Freedom of ideas

Money

Open society

Open economy

Open government

New ideas

New ways of working

Flexibility

Connectivity

Global village

Innovation

Entrepreneurship





What are the Trends

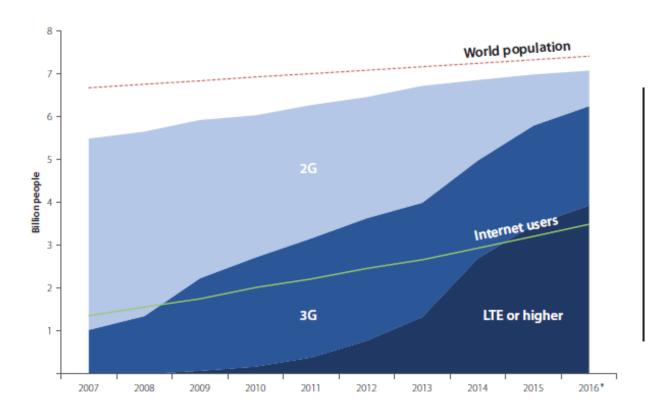
- There are new players and business models
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 - Collaborative regulation



Broadband is becoming increasingly available and affordable...



Mobile network coverage and evolving technologies



Seven billion people (95% of the global population) live in an area that is covered by a mobile-cellular network.

Mobile-broadband networks (3G or above) reach 84% of the global population but only 67% of the rural population.

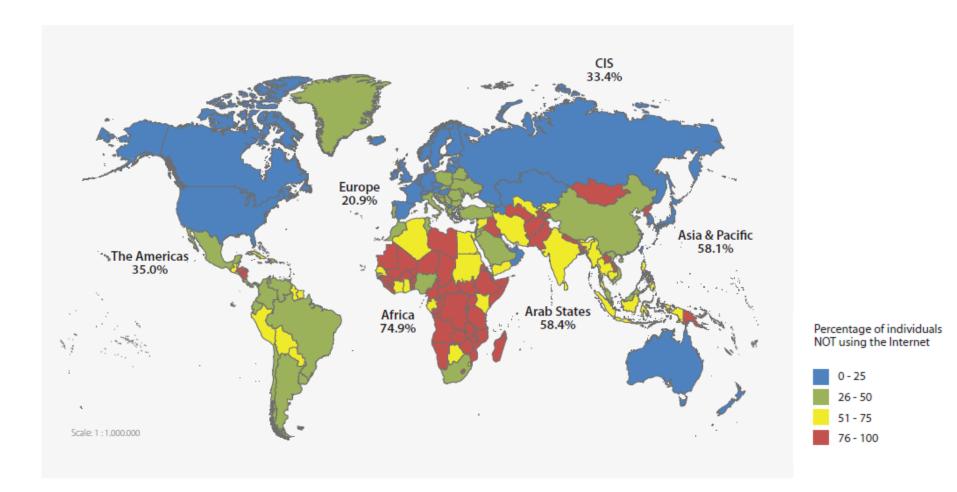
LTE networks have spread quickly over the last three years and reach almost 4 billion people today (53% of the global population), enhancing the quality of Internet use.

Source: ITU.

Note: * Estimates. Mobile network coverage refers to the population that is covered by a mobile network.

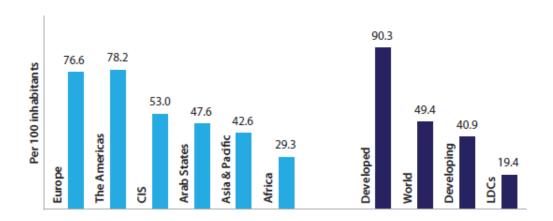


More than half the world's population is not using the Internet





Mobile-broadband subscriptions



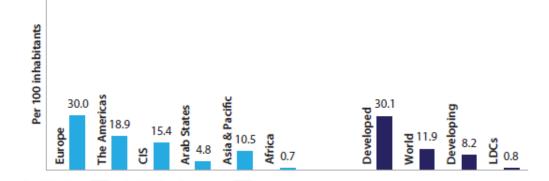
In developing countries, the number of mobile-broadband subscriptions continues to grow at double digit rates, reaching a penetration rate of close to 41%.

The total number of mobile-broadband subscriptions is expected to reach 3.6 billion by end 2016.

Fixed-broadband subscriptions

Fixed-broadband penetration remains at below 1% in Africa and the LDCs.

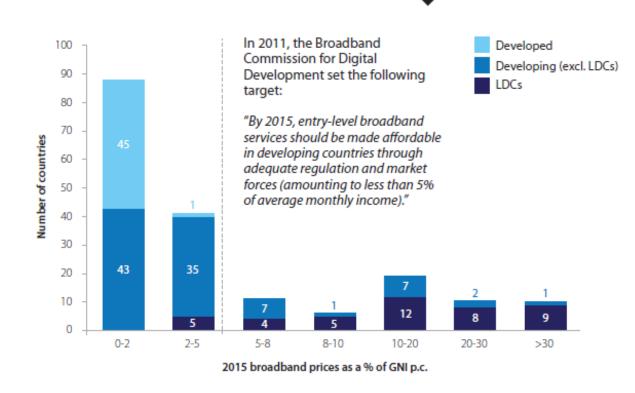
Strong growth in China is driving fixed broadband in Asia and the Pacific, where fixed-broadband penetration is expected to surpass 10% by end 2016.





ICT PRICES

By end 2015, 83 developing countries had achieved the Broadband Commission's affordability target



Five LDCs achieved the Broadband Commission target, but in the majority of the world's poorest countries broadband remains unaffordable.

Source: ITU. Note: Broadband prices refer to the most affordable service: either fixed or mobile broadband.



What are the Trends

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Ecosystem Needs and Interactions







Questions on Regulation

Who regulates?

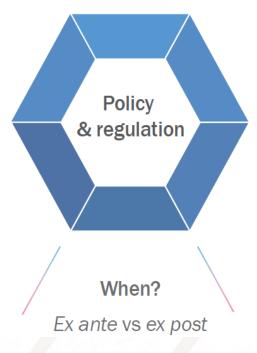
ICT / competition /data protection regulator

Who to regulate?

Telcos, netcos, OTT

How?

Light touch, self-& co-regulation, ADR



What?

Pricing, QoS, spectrum

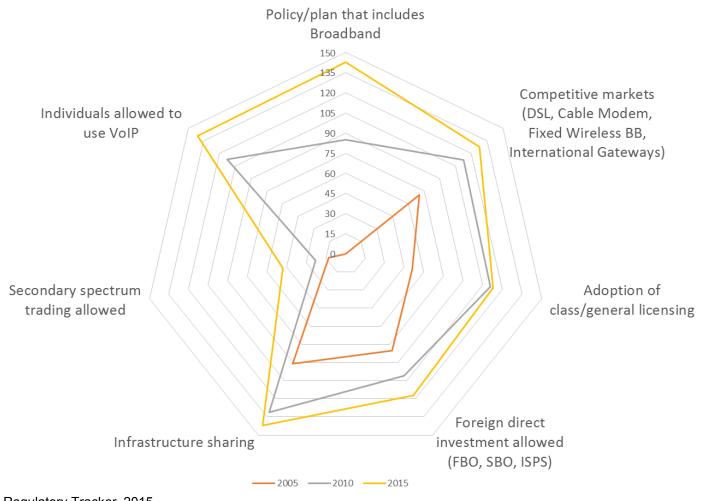
Where?

At the national, regional, international level

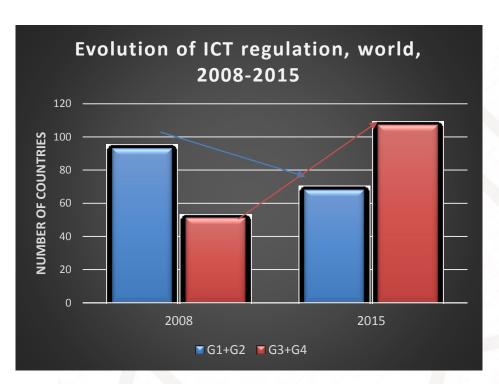


Screening regulatory practices

Which regulations have shaped the ICT sector? 2005-2015

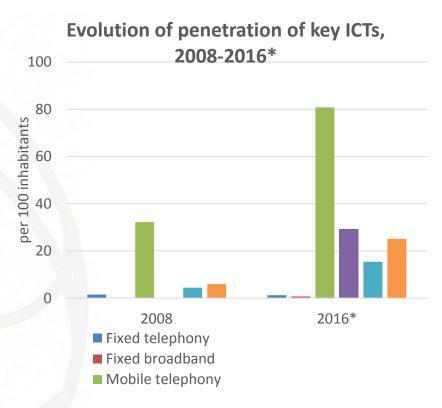


The interplay of ICT markets and regulation



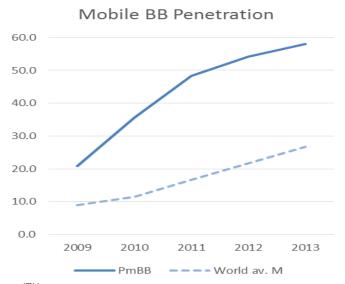


- G1: Regulated public monopolies without an independent regulator
- **G2:** Basic reform, separate regulatory bodies, partial liberalization and privatization
- G3: Regulation for enabling investment, innovation and access, stimulating competition
- **G4:** Integrated regulation, the regulator as a partner for development and social inclusion
- **G5:** Collaborative regulation, define the foundation, platforms and mechanisms for working with other sector regulators





Winning formulas for broadband





Source: ITU

- Competition in mobile broadband
- · Competition in international gateways
- Mobile number portability enabled
- Band migration allowed
- Infrastructure sharing for mobile (either allowed or mandated), including MVNOs
- National broadband plan adopted

Regulatory measures

- Competition in DSL/cable
- Fixed number portability enabled
- Infrastructure sharing for fixed either allowed or mandated
- Converged licensing framework in place
- National broadband plan adopted



What are the Trends

- There are new players and business models
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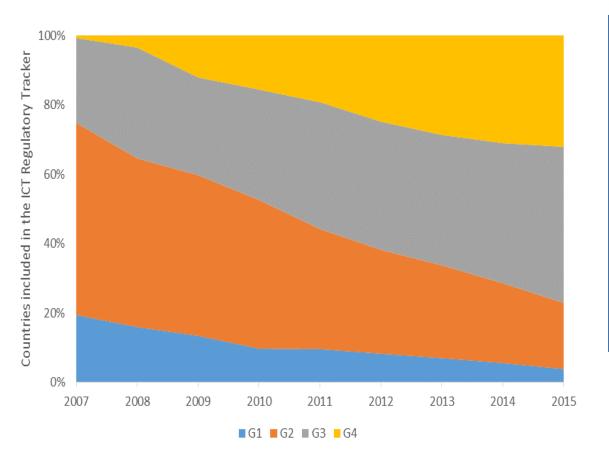


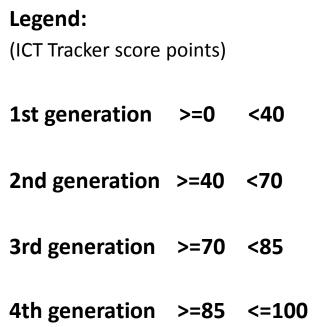
Tracking Regulatory Trends

- The dawn of the global digital economy has opened the way to a ladder of regulation or five generations of ICT regulation
- The interaction of the ICT sector for stimulating growth in the digital economy alongside other sectors needs to be understood
- New kind of policy and regulatory frameworks are needed
- It is essential to have a clear understanding of the complex relationships between regulatory policies and ICT growth
- Need to quantify trends and learn from successful experiences



Evolution in ICT Regulation, 2007-2015

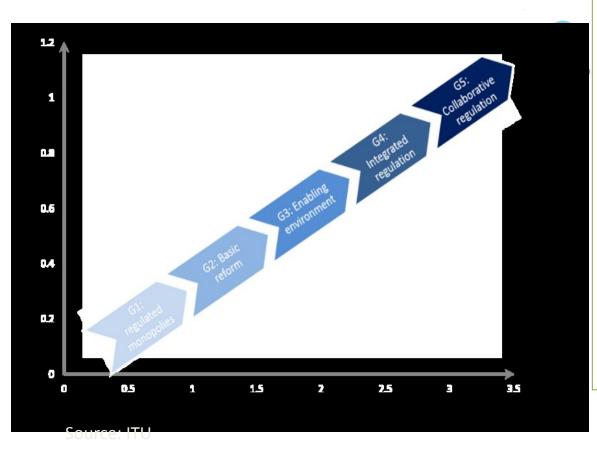




Today we are entering the era of 5th generation regulation

Source: ITU ICT Regulatory Tracker, 2015

Generations of regulation



G1: Regulated public monopolies without an independent regulator G2: Basic reform, including the creation of separate regulatory bodies, partial liberalization and

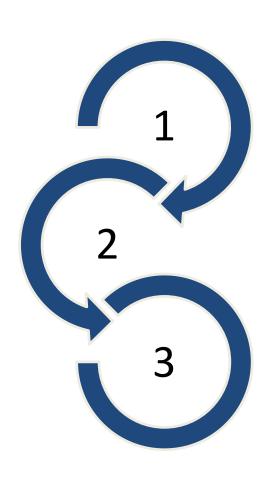
privatization across the layers

G3: Regulation for enabling investment, innovation and access, with focus on stimulating competition

G4: Integrated regulation, with an evolving role of the regulator as a partner for development and social inclusion

G5: Collaborative regulation, with the need to define the foundation, platforms and mechanisms for working with other sector regulators to help achieve the Sustainable Development Goals

5th Generation Collaborative Regulation



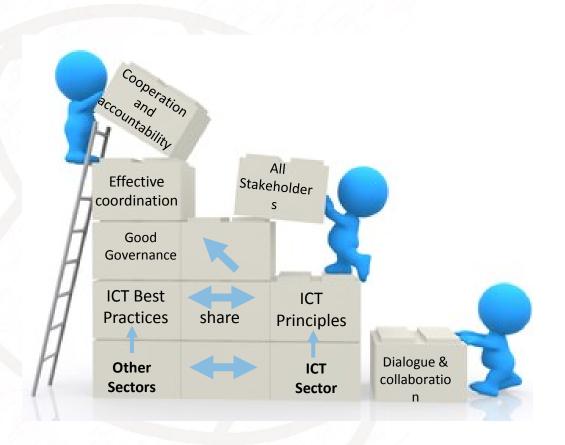
- Common Principles
- Common Challenges

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cables
Financereliable

BELOCKS satelliteInternet
BLOCKS satelliteInter
```

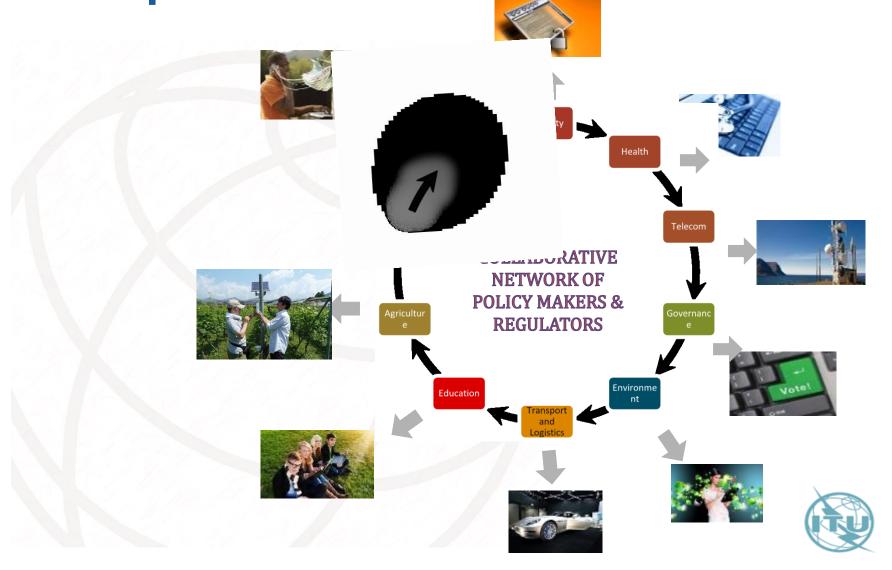


Building Blocks for Collaborative Regulation





REGULATORY COLLABORATION Examples



THANK YOU

ITU-D SG 6/1 Expert Meeting Consumer
Protection in a Digital Collaborative Economy
Chongqing, China
9-11 November, 2016



Backup slides

ITU-D SG 6/1 Expert Meeting Consumer
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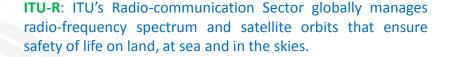


ITU: A brief overview

193 Member States

567 Sector Members

159 Associates







ITU-T: ITU's Telecommunication Standardization Sector enables global communications by ensuring that countries' ICT networks and devices are speaking the same language.

Headquartered in Geneva,

4 Regional Offices

7 Area Offices.

ITU-D: ITU's Development Sector fosters international cooperation and solidarity in the delivery of technical assistance and in the creation, development and improvement of telecommunication/ICT equipment and networks in developing countries.

ITU BDT



The Telecommunication Development Sector (ITU-D) fosters international cooperation and solidarity in the delivery of technical assistance and in the creation, development and improvement of telecommunication and ICT equipment and networks in developing countries.

Please visit: www.itu.int/en/ITU-D/Pages/default.aspx



ITU/BDT Regulatory Activities

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Regulatory and Market Environment

YOU ARE HERE HOME > ITU-D > REGULATORY & MARKET ENVIRONMENT

Global Symposium for Regulators (GSR) 2016

Sharm el-Sheikh, Egypt, 11-14 May 2016









PUBLICATIONS & STUDIES

Since its launch in 2000, the annual Global Symposium for Regulators (GSR) provides a unique venue for regulators and policy-makers from both developed and developing countries to meet and exchange views and experiences. The meeting fosters an open dialogue between regulators and industry.

- GSR16: Be Empowered, Be included! Building blocks for smart societies in a connected world, 11-14 May 2016, Sharm el-Sheikh, Egypt
- GSR15: Mind the Digital Gap Regulatory incentives
- to achieve digital opportunities, 9-11 June 2015,
- GSRs Best Practice Guidelines and documents

We produce a number of flagship reports including Trends in Telecommunication Reform focusing on best practice regulation to enable ubiquitous broadband markets to thrive. Various thematic studies provide valuable viewpoints and strategies on multiple issues that affect regulation and economics in a converged broadband

- · Trends in Telecommunication Reform Series
- ITU Broadband Thematic Reports Series
- · Publications on Economics & Finance
- · Other publications



Broadband Thematic Reports

GSRs and Best Practice Guidelines

Case studies



ICTEYE

Global Symposium for Regulators (GSR-16)

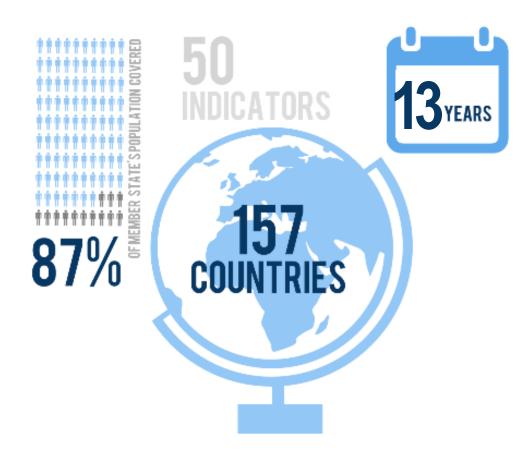
Trends in Telecommunication Reform 2016: Regulatory Incentives to Achieve Digital Opportunities

- Investment strategies to foster the deployment of broadband and access to the digital economy,
- Network sharing and co-investment regulation,
- Regulation and the Internet of Things (IoT),
- Interoperability in the digital ecosystem,
- Smart regulation to facilitate m-services and applications uptake and diffusion

Broadband Thematic reports Publications on economic and **Finance**

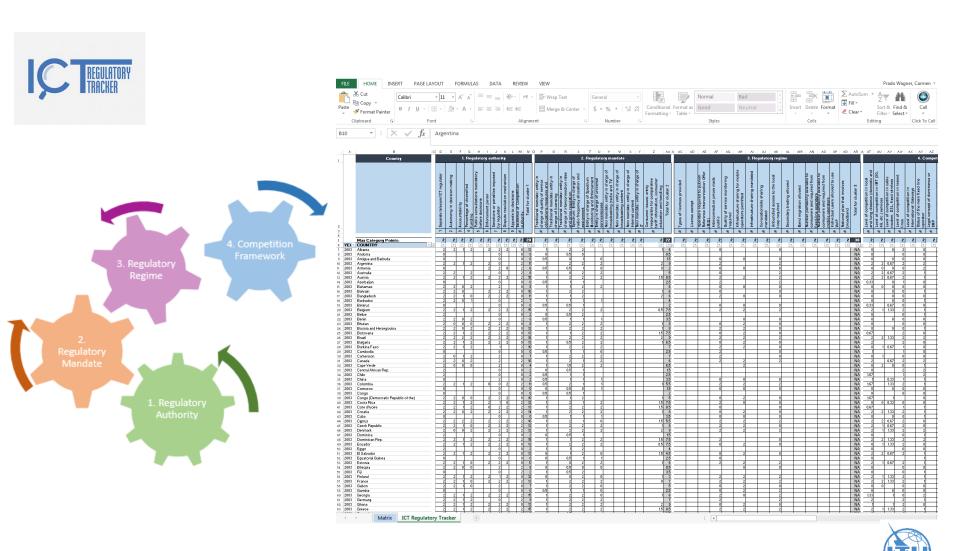
The ICT Tracker





Source: ITU ICT Regulatory Tracker, 2015

ICT Regulatory Tracker - Complete set of data available



Global Symposium for Regulators (GSR)

- GSR brings together heads of national telecom/ICT regulatory authorities from around the world and has earned a reputation as the global annual venue for regulators to share their views and experiences on the most pressing regulatory issues they have identified
- GSR fosters a dynamic Global Industry Regulators Dialogue (GRID), between regulators, policy makers, industry leaders and other key ICT stakeholders
- GSR's Global Dialogue provides a **neutral platform for ITU-D Sector Members** to share their views on major issues facing the ICT sector
- GSR includes a series of pre-events:
 - ✓ A Thematic Pre-Conference
 - ✓ The Private Sector Chief Regulatory Officers Meeting
 - ✓ The Regulatory Associations Meeting





Global Symposium for Regulators (GSR)

15 Annual Editions of GSR since 2000



GSR2000 Establishing a regulatory body



GSR2001 Effective regulation



GSR2002 Promoting Universal Access to ICTs





GSR2004 Licensing in an era of convergence



The Road to Next Generation
Networks (NGN): Can regulators
promote investment and achieve
open access?



Developing a new regulatory framework to promote broadband

deployment and access in developing countries



GSR2008
Six degrees of sharing:
Innovative infrastructure
sharing and open access
strategies to promote
affordable access for all



GSR2009 Hands-on or Hands-off? Stimulating growth through effective ICT regulation



GSR2010 Enabling Tomorrow's Digital World



GSR 2011 Smart Regulation for a Broadband



Global Symposium for Regulators(GSR)

15 Annual Editions of GSR since 2000 (cont.)



GSR 2012
Why regulate in a Networked
Society?



GSR 2013
4th-Generation Regulation:
driving digital
communications ahead





GSR15 Mind the Digital Gap -Regulatory incentives to achieve digital opportunities



Be Empowered, Be Included! Building Blocks for Smart Societies in a Connected World



More Information

- Telecommunication Development Sector
 - http://www.itu.int/ITU-D/
- ICT Regulatory Tracker
 - http://www.itu.int/ITU-R/
- ITU ICT Eye
 - http://www.itu.int/icteye/
- Publications on Economics & Finance
 - http://www.itu.int/pub/D-PREF-EF/en