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| **World Radiocommunication Conference (WRC-15) Geneva, 2–27 November 2015** |  |
| **INTERNATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATION UNION** |  |
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| COMMITTEE 6 | **Document 261-E** |
|  | **12 November 2015** |
|  | **Original: English** |
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| South Sudan (Republic of) | |
| Proposals for the work of the conference | |
|  | |
| Agenda item 8 | |

8 to consider and take appropriate action on requests from administrations to delete their country footnotes or to have their country name deleted from footnotes, if no longer required, taking into account Resolution **26 (Rev.WRC‑07)**;

Proposals

ARTICLE 5

Frequency allocations

Section IV – Table of Frequency Allocations  
(See No. 2.1)

MOD SSD/261/1

5.294 *Additional allocation:*in Saudi Arabia, Cameroon, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Ethiopia, Israel, Kenya, Libya, the Syrian Arab Republic, Chad and Yemen, the band 470-582 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a secondary basis.    (WRC‑15)

**Reasons:** The band 470-582 MHz is allocated and in use for broadcasting services in South Sudan.

MOD SSD/261/2

5.300 *Additional allocation:*in Saudi Arabia, Cameroon, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Israel, Jordan, Libya, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic and Sudan, the band 582-790 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a secondary basis.    (WRC‑15)

**Reasons:** The band 582-790 MHz is allocated and is used for broadcasting and will be used for mobile services in South Sudan.

MOD SSD/261/3

5.457B In the bands 5 925-6 425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz, earth stations located on board vessels may operate with the characteristics and under the conditions contained in Resolution **902** **(WRC‑03)** in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen, in the maritime mobile-satellite service on a secondary basis. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **902 (WRC‑03)**.    (WRC‑15)

**Reasons:** South Sudan does not have maritime communications services because there is no Coast.

MOD SSD/261/4

5.471 *Additional allocation:*in Algeria, Germany, Bahrain, Belgium, China, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, France, Greece, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Libya, the Netherlands, Qatar and Sudan, the bands 8 825-8 850 MHz and 9 000-9 200 MHz are also allocated to the maritime radionavigation service, on a primary basis, for use by shore-based radars only.    (WRC‑15)

**Reasons:** South Sudan does not have maritime communications services because there is no Coast.

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