

ITUWORKSHOPS

1st ITU Inter-regional Workshop on WRC-19 Preparation

21 - 22 November 2017

Geneva, Switzerland

www.itu.int/go/ITU-R/wrc-19-irwsp-17



1st ITU INTER-REGIONAL WORKSHOP ON WRC-19 PREPARATION (Geneva, 21-22 November 2017)

Urgent studies in preparation for WRC-
19 - Narrowband and broadband
machine-type communication
infrastructures
**WRC-19 agenda item
9.1/9.1.8**

***Stuart Cooke
(on behalf of WP5D Chair)***



90th Anniversary
CCIR - ITU-R Study Groups
(1927-2017)

Organized by:





WRC-19 agenda item 9.1/9.1.8

Resolution 958 (WRC-15) - Urgent studies required in preparation for WRC-19 - narrowband and broadband machine-type communication infrastructures

RESOLUTION 958 (WRC-15)

Urgent studies required in preparation for the 2019 World Radiocommunication Conference

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2015),

considering

- a) that the agenda of this conference included consideration of items for the agenda for the 2019 World Radiocommunication Conference (WRC-19);
- b) b) that the agenda of this conference included consideration of items for the preliminary agenda for the 2023 World Radiocommunication Conference (WRC-23);
- c) c) that items for the agenda for WRC-19 have been identified in Resolution 809 (WRC-15); d) that items for the preliminary agenda for WRC-23 have been identified in Resolution 810 (WRC-15),

resolves

to complete studies on the topics identified in this Resolution and its annex,

invites ITU-R

as a matter of urgency, to complete the studies called for in this Resolution,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to report on these studies under agenda item 9.1 of WRC-19, as appropriate, based on the results of studies.



WRC-19 agenda item 9.1/9.1.8

Resolution 958 (WRC-15) - Urgent studies required in preparation for WRC-19 - narrowband and broadband machine-type communication infrastructures

ANNEX TO RESOLUTION 958 (WRC-15)

Urgent studies required in preparation for the 2019 World Radiocommunication Conference

1. Studies concerning Wireless Power Transmission (WPT) for electric vehicles.....
2. Studies to examine....
3. Studies on the technical and operational aspects of radio networks and systems, as well as spectrum needed, including possible harmonized use of spectrum to support the implementation of narrowband and broadband machine-type communication infrastructures, in order to develop Recommendations, Reports and/or Handbooks, as appropriate, and to take appropriate actions within the ITU Radiocommunication Sector (ITU-R) scope of work.



WRC-19 agenda item 9.1/9.1.8

Resolution 958 (WRC-15) - Urgent studies required in preparation for WRC-19 - narrowband and broadband machine-type communication infrastructures

Responsible group

ITU-R WP 5D (IMT Systems).

Other relevant groups

ITU-R WP 5A https://www.itu.int/dms_pub/itu-r/md/15/wp5a/c/R15-WP5A-C-0469!N36!MSW-E.docx

ITU-R WP 5C

ITU-R WP 1B https://www.itu.int/dms_ties/itu-r/md/15/wp1b/c/R15-WP1B-C-0193!N10!MSW-E.docx

Deliverable

ITU-R WP5D. Working document towards a preliminary draft new report ITU-R M.[MTC*] “The use of the terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunication (IMT) for narrowband and broadband machine-type communication” <https://www.itu.int/md/R15-WP5D-C-0758/en> chapter 3 of meeting report of working group general aspects attachment 3.1

Timing

Finalise PDNR ITU-R M.[IMT.MTC] and send to Study Group 5 for consideration by 30th June 2018.

Definition

*MTC is also known as machine-to-machine (M2M) or Internet of Things (IoT), and these terms are used interchangeably in this text.



IMT MTC Standards & Use Case Examples

(The following material has been included by the moderator to help illustrate IMT.MTC)

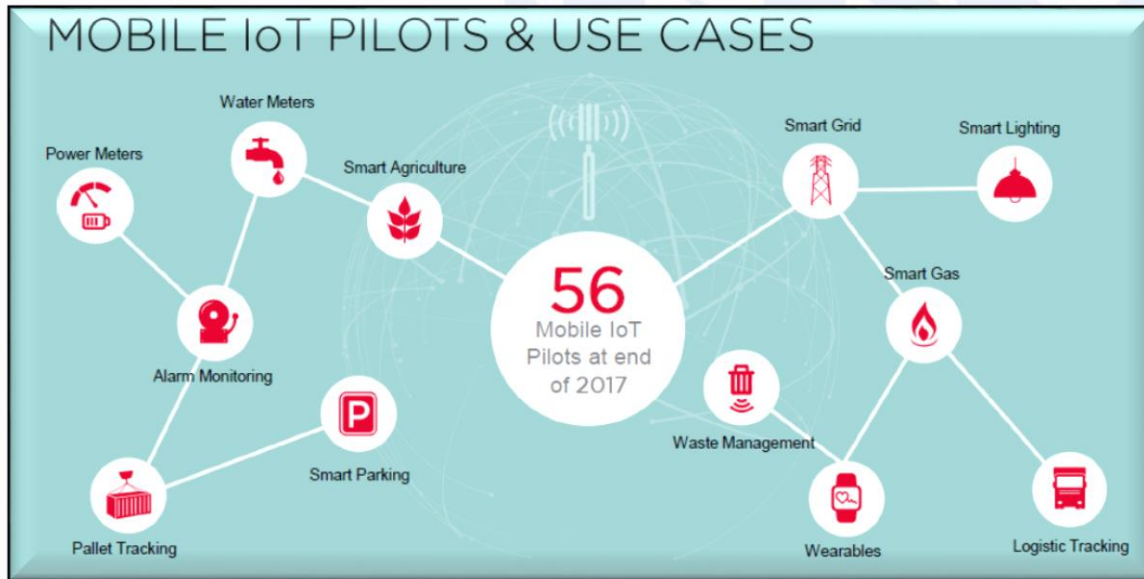
Standards

GSMA Mobile IoT: 3GPP standard technology for LPWA

Mobile IoT refers to 3GPP standardised secure operator managed IoT Networks, in particular low power wide area network

Choice of Technologies	Key Features	Key Benefits
LTE M	Low Cost Module	3GPP Standards
NB-IoT	Better Coverage	Global Coverage
EC-GSM-IoT	Long Battery Life	Secure
	Low data needs	Scalable
	2-ways communication	

Use Cases Examples



Source; GSMA

Source; GSMA



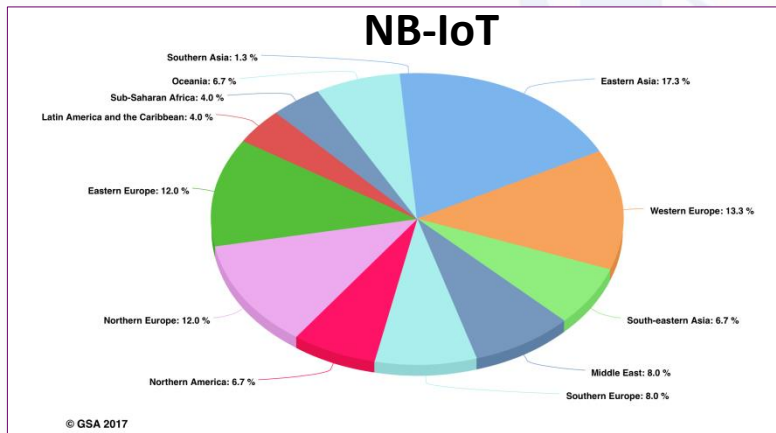
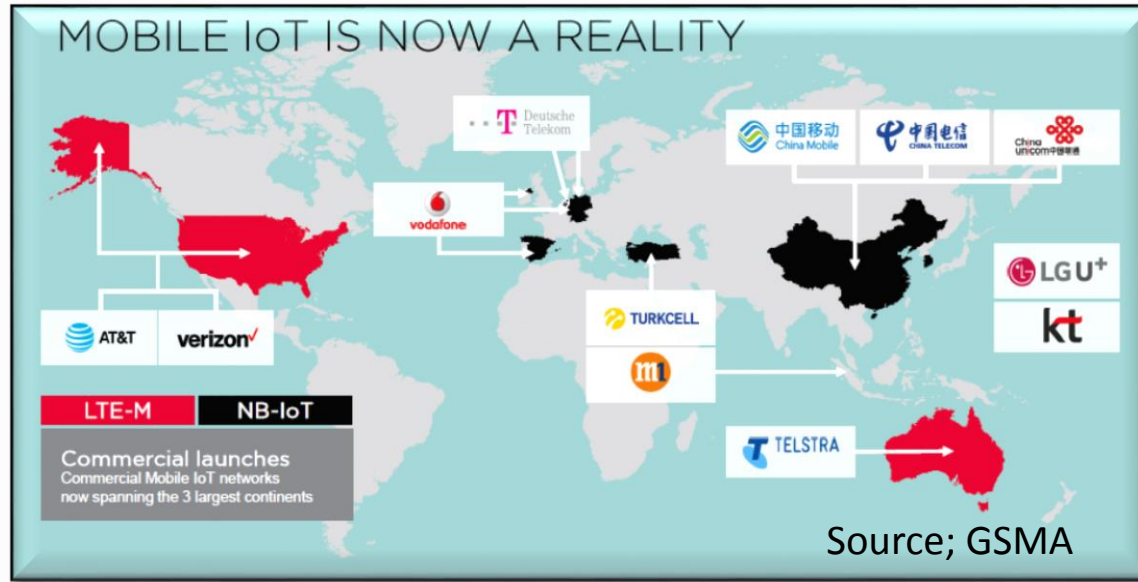
IMT MTC Frequency Bands

(The following material has been included by the moderator to help illustrate IMT.MTC)

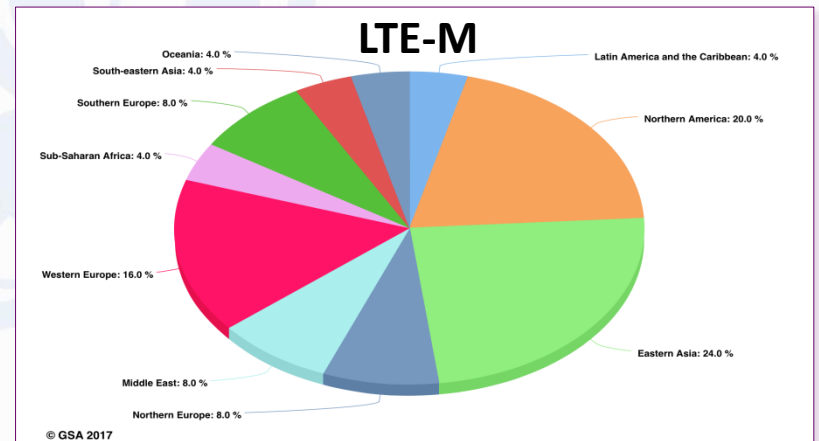
	LTE M	NB-IoT	EC-GSM-IoT
Deployment	In-band LTE	In-band & Guard-band LTE, standalone	In-band GSM
Freq Bands (3GPP Nomenclature)	LTE bands 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 11,12, 13, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 26, 27, 28, 31(HD/FD – FDD) 39, 41 (TDD)	LTE bands 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 12, 13, 17, 18, 19, 20, 26, 28, 66	Available for all GSM bands
Bandwidth	1.08 MHz	180 KHz	200kHz per channel. Typical system bandwidth of 2.4MHz [smaller bandwidth down to 600 kHz being studied within Rel-13]
Duplexing	FD & HD (type B), FDD & TDD	HD (type B), FDD	HD, FDD
Coverage	155.7 dB (23 dBm power class)	164 dB for standalone (23 dBm power class)	164 dB, with 33dBm power class 154 dB, with 23dBm power class

IMT MTC Commercial Networks

(The following material has been included by the moderator to help illustrate IMT.MTC)



Source;
GSA



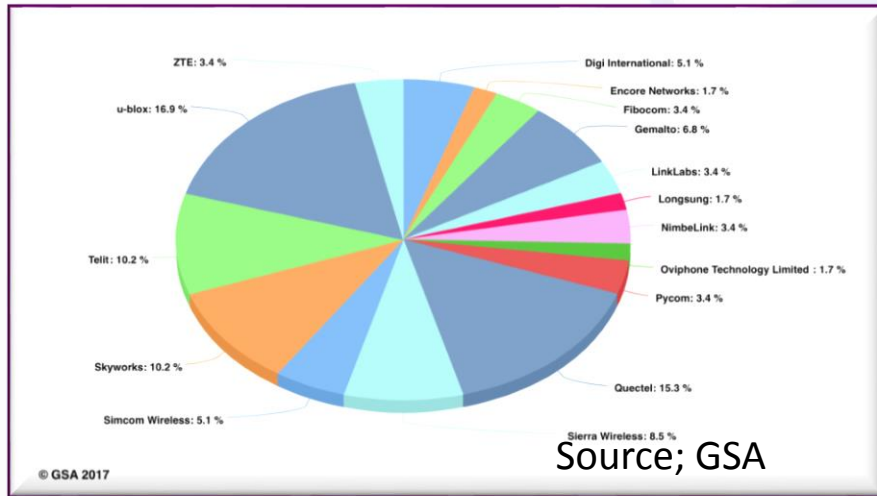
- **75 operators** investing in NB-IoT
- **18 networks** launched in 15 countries
- **26 trials** in 22 countries

- **25 operators** investing in LTE-M / Cat-M1
- **5 networks** launched in 4 countries
- **8 trials** in 7 countries

IMT MTC Devices & Examples

(The following material has been included by the moderator to help illustrate IMT.MTC)

59 IMT MTC devices identified



Smart Cows

pH & Temp bolus
IMT MTC

Productivity increases
& emission reductions



Smart Water

Water usage & leakage

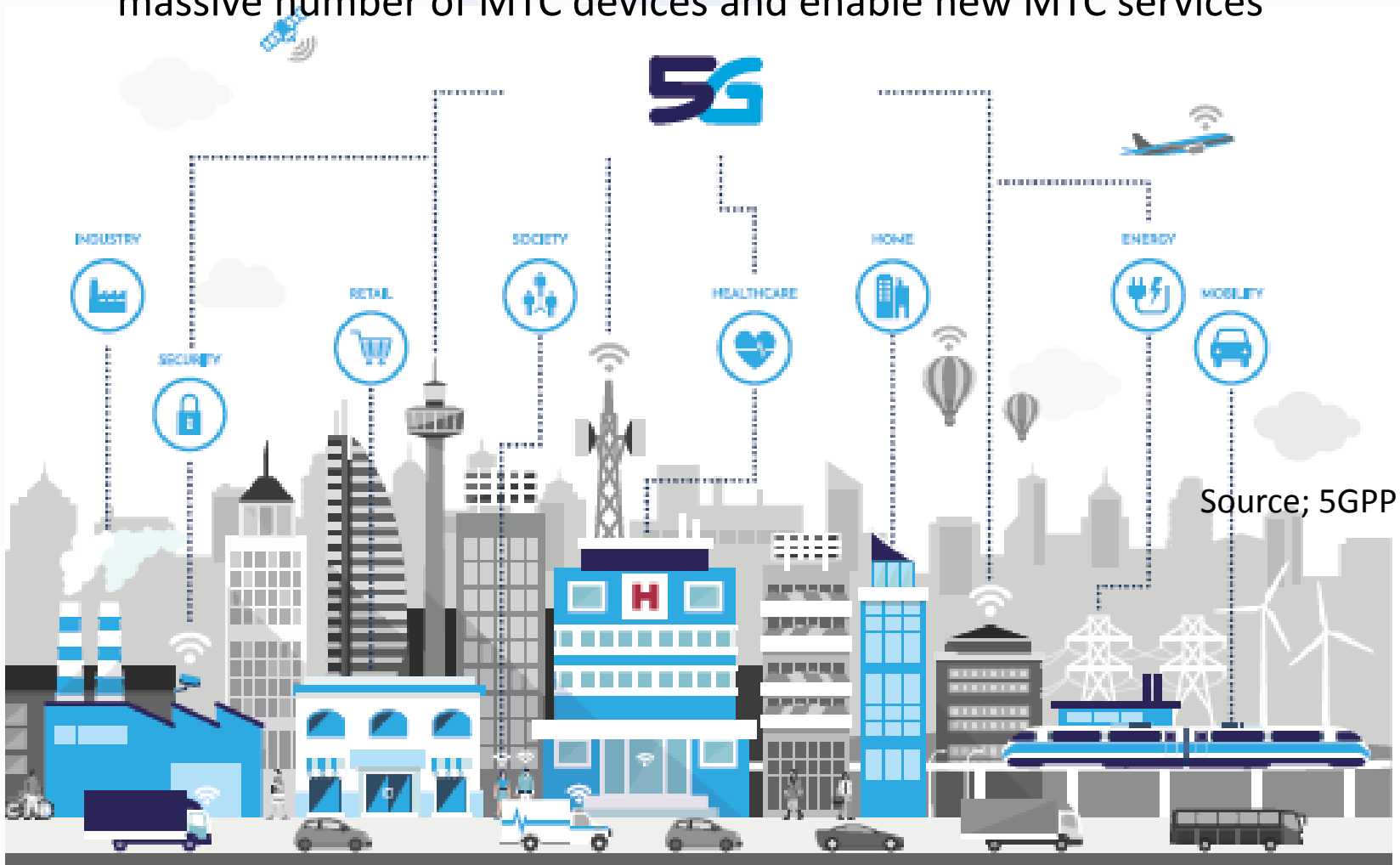
IMT MTC

Productivity increases & water conservation

IMT 2020 & MTC

(The following material has been included by the moderator to help illustrate IMT.MTC)

IMT-2020 features of low latency & high bandwidths provide support for a massive number of MTC devices and enable new MTC services





Issues for discussion

(These have been developed by the moderator to help facilitate a discussion)

a) Is there a problem we are trying to solve ?

To help create the regulatory environment to enable a global ecosystem for IMT.MTC chipsets, devices and infrastructures?

b) Are current IMT harmonised frequency arrangements sufficient?

Are the current harmonised frequency bands and arrangements for IMT sufficient or do we need additional specific harmonised arrangements for narrowband and broadband IMT.MTC?

c) Are any changes to the Radio Regulations needed ?

The latest ITU-R WP5D Working document towards a preliminary draft new report ITU-R M.[MTC] indicates that no change to the Radio Regulations is required