Drivers Distraction To what Extent can the Work of ITU FG CarCom contribute to reduced drivers distraction?

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The Fully Networked Car Geneva, 2-3 March 2011







Drivers Distraction – An Analysis*

- o Physical/manual distraction
 - Manual operation of devices
- o Visual distraction
 - Watching information other than road
- Auditory distraction
 - Focusing on auditory events not related to the driving task
- Cognitive distraction
 - Occupied by non driving related tasks

* See also NHTSA







Technology Based Distraction in Cars O Car entertainment systems O Navigation systems O Phones for speech communication O Car information systems O Text messanging systems O "Texting while driving" O : The Fully Networked Car Geneva, 2-3 March 2011

In general all activities distracting from the driving task, esp.: Visual cues which require different focus than road Non intuitive manual operation of the car Loading the human auditory system by distracting cues Unnatural and low quality dialogs and communications









Hands-Free in Cars

- Why hands-free in cars?
 - Reduce phsyical distraction (dialing, holding the phone...)
 - Reduce visual distraction (watching display, keyboard ...)



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Superior Sound Quality & Intelligibility in the Car

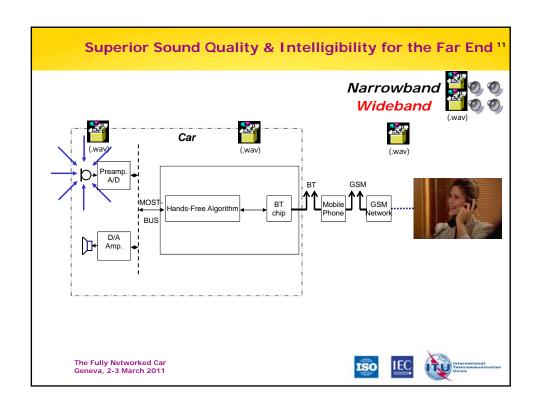
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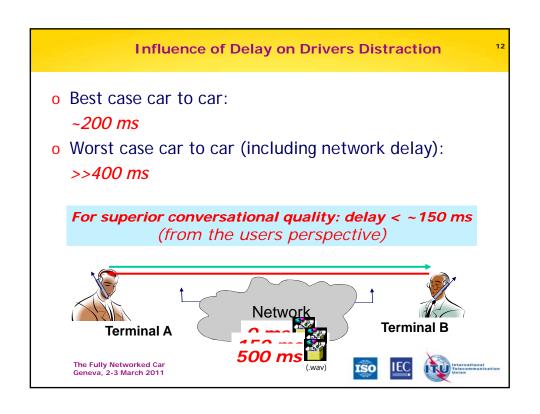
- Wideband services in mobile networks available soon
- o Enabling wideband telephony (100 Hz- 8 kHz) in cars
 - Fullband
- Narrow band (car)
- 4
- Wideband (car)
- Efficient use of the high quality audio systems in cars:
 - Getting superior sound quality
 - Increasing speech intelligibility
 - Increasing naturalness of a conversation
 - Reduce drivers distraction due to poor speech sound quality











Consequences of Poor Quality Hands-Free Implementation

- o Reduced speech quality near end and far end
- o Poor sound quality
- Corrupted speech due to low quality noise cancelling and low quality echo cancellation
- Insufficient conversational performance due to high transmission delay
- o Poor double talk performance

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High cognitive distraction due to poor technical performance

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ITU-T Standards Contributing to Reduced Drivers Distraction

14

ITU-T standards for Hands-Free Communication:

- ITU-T P.1100 for narrowband hands-free
- ITU-T P.1110 for wideband hands-free

ITU-T standards work in FG CarCOM:

 New work on subsystem requirements for Hands-Free Systems in Cars

ITU-T standards for Dialog Systems:

- P.851: Subj. evaluation of dialog systems
- Suppl. 24 to P. Rec.: Parameters describing the interaction with spoken dialog systems







Conclusions

15

- Speech technologies may help to reduce drivers distraction if properly implemented
- ITU is an excellent forum for speech related technologies and their standardization
- o FG CarCOM is actively working on advanced standards for hands-free implementations and subsystems, more:

http://www.itu.int/ITU-wfocusgro.ps/carcom/

o A new ITU Focus group on Drivers Distraction is starting soon!

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The Role of HEAD acoustics

16

- Providing expertise for testing and optimization of all speech technologies used in cars
- Providing test systems for speech applications to the car industry, suppliers, algorithm developers and chipset manufacturers
- Supporting standardization since 20 years based on the expertise and basic research at HEAD acoustics





