

ETSI Security Standardisation

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ITU-T SG17 (ITU - Geneva 13 February 2009): ETSI Security Standardisation





□ Introduction

ETSI Security activities in Technical Bodies

□ ETSI Security horizontal activities



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The three roles of ETSI



ESO (European Standards Organization): standardization for European needs GSP (Global Standards Producer): standardization for the global level SPO (Service Providing Organization): services such as interoperability testing, forum management etc.



The role of Security Standards

□ Information Security Standards are essential to ensure interoperability

□ Standardisation ensures products are compliant with

- Adequate levels of security
- > Legislations

□ ETSI 1988-2009: over 20 years of experience in Security

□ All ETSI Members participate directly in the standardisation process



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ETSI Security Overview



Areas of security standardisation

- □ Next Generation Networks (NGN)
- □ Mobile/Wireless Communications (GSM/UMTS, TETRA, DECT...)
- □ Lawful Interception and Data Retention
- **Electronic Signatures**
- □ Smart Cards
- □ Algorithms
- Emergency Communications / Public Safety
- **RFID**
- **Quantum Key Distribution (QKD)**
- □ In 3GPP: SAE/LTE and Common IMS



NGN Security standardisation

□ ETSI TISPAN WG7 standardizes NGN security

Achievements

- Security Requirements, Design Guide, Architecture
- Analysis of risks and threats

Current work

- Lawful Interception / Data Retention
- IPTV, RFID, safety services (emergency communications)

TISPAN:

Telecommunication and **I**nternet converged **S**ervices and **P**rotocols for **A**dvanced **N**etworking



GSM/UMTS

□ Security Standardisation: <u>key success factor for GSM</u>

□ IMEI (International Mobile Equipment Identity)

Protection/deterrent against theft

□ FIGS (Fraud Information Gathering System)

> Terminate fraudulent calls of roaming subscribers

□ Safety Services (enhancements for UMTS)

- Priority access for specific user categories
- Location services



TETRA

TErrestrial Trunked RAdio

Mobile radio communications

> Used for public safety services (e.g. emergency scenarios)

□ Security features

- Mutual Authentication
- > Encryption
- > Anonymity



Lawful Interception

- **Delivery of intercepted communications to Authorised Organisations**
 - > To support criminal investigation, counter terrorism
 - > Applies to data in transit

Data Retention

Directive 2006/24/EC

- > Data generated/processed in electronic comms needs to be retained
- > Applies to data location
- **ETSI** Data Retention standard published in 2008

TB Lawful Interception (LI) works with both LI and DR

• Define Handover Interface from Operator to Authorised Organisation



Electronic Signatures

TB ESI (Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures)

- Supports eSignature EC Directive in cooperation with CEN
- Created ETSI electronic signatures
- Successful international collaboration (US, Japan)

Current work

- Digital accounting (elnvoicing)
- Registered EMail (REM) framework
- ETSI electronic signatures in PDF documents



Smart Cards

ETSI Smart Card Standardisation

- > TB Smart Card Platform (SCP)
- **GSM SIM Cards: among most widely deployed smart cards ever**
- Work extended with USIM Card and UICC Platform

Current work

- Further extend the smart card and UICC platforms
 - Global roaming
 - Secure financial transactions
 - Operate in M2M communications

USIM: <u>UMTS</u> <u>Subscriber</u> <u>Identity</u> <u>Module</u> UICC: <u>Universal</u> <u>Integrated</u> <u>Circuit</u> <u>Card</u> M2M: <u>Machine-to-Machine</u>



Algorithms

ETSI is world leader in creating cryptographic algorithms / protocols

- ETSI SAGE (Security Algorithm Group of Experts)
- > ETSI is owner and/or custodian of a number of security algorithms

Algorithms for GSM, GPRS, EDGE, UMTS, TETRA, DECT, 3GPP ...

Developed

- UEA1 (standard algorithm for confidentiality)
- UIA1 (standard algorithm for integrity)

Developed also a second set of algorithms

- > UEA2 and UIA2, fundamentally different in nature from UEA1 and UIA1
- Advances in cryptanalysis are unlikely to impact both sets of algorithm

UEA: <u>UMTS Encryption A</u>lgorithm UIA: <u>UMTS Integrity A</u>lgorithm



Emergency Communications / Public Safety

EMTEL (ETSI Special Committee on Emergency Telecommunications)

- > Co-operation with other TBs and partnership projects, including 3GPP
- Requirements for telecommunications infrastructure

□ MESA (Mobility for Emergency and Safety Applications)

- > Partnership project: ETSI, TIA (USA), other members globally
- > Define digital mobile broadband "system of systems" (interoperability is key!)

GSM ongoing work (public safety)

GSM onboard aircrafts

- Prevent undesired communications
 - Between terrestrial networks and handheld terminals on aircrafts!

GSM eCalls

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- > Automatic emergency calls from vehicles
 - In case of crash or other catastrophic events

□ GSM Direct Mode Operations (DMO)

- > Terminals to communicate directly
 - In tunnels (e.g. railways) or breakdown of telecomms network infrastructure

World Class Standards SAE/LTE and Common IMS (in 3GPP)

System Architecture Evolution / Long Term Evolution (SAE/LTE)

- Deliver Global Mobile Broadband at increased data throughput
- Security features: integrity and confidentiality
 - Developed in 3GPP and ETSI SAGE

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Common IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS)

- > Architectural framework to deliver IP multimedia to mobile users
- Security requirements from TISPAN, CableLabs and 3GPP2



RFID

□ RFID Security and Privacy by design

- > In TISPAN WG7 to act on EC Mandate December 2008 (M 436)
 - RFID as gateway for the future "Internet of Things" (IoT)

□ More RFID work in other TBs

Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS)



Quantum Key Distribution

□ New ETSI Industry Specification Group (ISG)

- Create an environment for quantum cryptography in ICT networks
- Security Assurance Requirements
 - Requirements for users, components, applications
 - Security certification of quantum cryptographic equipment



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OCG Security

□ Operational Co-ordination ad hoc Group on Security (OCG Sec)

- Chairman: Charles Brookson
- Technical Officer: Carmine Rizzo

□ Horizontal co-ordination structure for security issues

- Ensure new work is addressed by proper TB
- > Detect any conflicting or duplicate work



Future Challenges

- □ ETSI to address open issues on security
 - Prioritization in security standardisation
 - Security Metrics
 - > Privacy
 - How to "evaluate" security standards in implementation
 - > ...

ETSI is ready to address these challenges

- Proactively supporting its Members according to requirements and trends
- Proactively promoting security standardisation
- In collaboration with other SDOs



ETSI Security Workshop

- □ <u>Yearly event</u> hosted at ETSI premises, Sophia Antipolis, France
- □ Security standardisation keeps evolving
 - New threats arising

ETSI needs feedback to:

- > Ensure timely standardisation on gaps or hot topics
- > Initiate new work according to the requirements of ETSI Membership

□ Next, to be confirmed

- 5th ETSI Security Workshop 2010 (possibly 19-21 January)
- > Watch for the Call for Papers

www.etsi.org/SECURITYWORKSHOP

Reports and presentations of all ETSI Security Workshops

ETSI Security Overview



ETSI Security White Paper

ETSI achievements and current work in all security areas

□ List of all security-related ETSI publications

Edition No. 2 published in October 2008

- Carmine Rizzo (ETSI Security point of reference)
- Charles Brookson (Chairman of ETSI OCG Security)

www.etsi.org/WebSite/document/Technologies/ETSI-WP1_Security_Edition2.pdf

Freely downloadable







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