#### **ITU Regional Development Forum 2008**

"Bridging the Standardization Gap in Developing Countries" Accra, Ghana, 26-28 May 2008

### **ICTs and Climate Change**

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#### **Agenda**

- The evidence for climate change
- ICTs ...
  - as a cause of global warming
  - > in monitoring climate change
  - > for mitigating climate change
  - > for adaptation
- ITU Symposia:
  - > Kyoto, Japan, 15-16 April, co-organised by MIC Japan
  - > London, UK, 17-18 June, supported and hosted by BT
- ITU and Climate Change



### **Evidence for climate change**



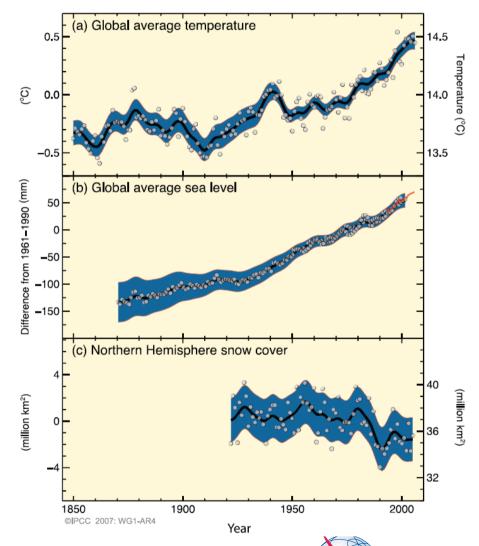
Global average temperature



Global average sea level



Northern hemisphere snow cover

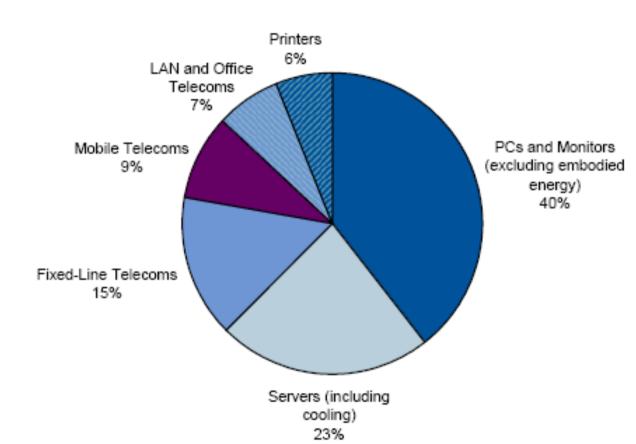






Source: IPCC 4th assessment report, 2007

## ICTs as a cause of global warming Breakdown of ICT contribution (in %)



- ICTs (excluding broadcasting) contribute an estimated 2-2.5% of global Greenhouse Gas emissions
- Around 0.9
   Gigatonnes of CO<sub>2</sub>
   equivalent (GtCO<sub>2</sub>e)
   in 2007
- Telecoms contributed around one quarter of this total
- But Telecoms also have the biggest potential for climate change mitigation

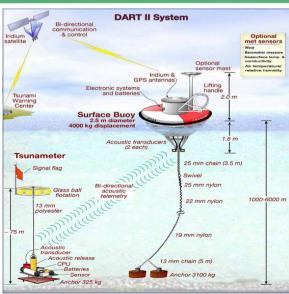


Source: Gartner Group (2007)

# ICTs at work for monitoring climate change

- WMO World Weather Watch, incorporating:
  - Global Observing system
  - Global Telecom System
  - Global Data Processing system
- Remote sensing
- Environmental monitoring
  - > Tsunami early-warning system
- Digital climate forecasting models
- GPS-enabled telemetry
- Ubiquitous sensor networks





### Mitigating the impact

- Directly, e.g., through energy-saving
  - ➤ Next-Generation Networks (NGN) should reduce GHG emissions by 40% relative to separate, circuit-switched fixed-line and mobile networks
  - Modern radio technologies reduce energy consumption by transmitters ~ 10 times
- Indirectly, e.g. ICTs for carbon abatement
  - ➤ Video-conferencing to reduce business travel in Europe by 1% would save 1m CO₂ tonnes
- Systemically, e.g., by "dematerialisation"
  - ➤ Intelligent Transport Systems could reduce vehicle carbon emissions below 130g per km



#### Towards a climate neutral ICT sector

- BT has reduced carbon emissions by 60% compared since 1996
- ETNO Members reduced carbon emissions by 7% and carbon intensity by 14%, 2000-03
- NTT's "Total Power Revolution" saved 124m kWh in 2007
- Other initiatives:
  - ➤ GeSI, Green Grid, WattWatt, FTTH Council Europe, EU codes of conduct, CBI Task Force etc



## Using ICTs for carbon abatement / displacement

- Reducing / substituting for travel
  - ➢ In 2007, Telstra held 7'500 video conferences saving 4'200 tonnes of CO₂
- Flexible work arrangements
  - ➤ Each one million EU workers could save one million tonnes of CO₂ annually by telecommuting
- Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS)
  - ➢ In-car systems to assist in "eco-driving" can reduce CO₂ emissions by up to 20 per cent
- Dematerialization (replacing atoms with bits)
  - ➤ ITU-T Recommendations Online save 105 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> annually compared with distribution of paper copies



#### ICTs for adaptation: ITU Role

- Telecommunications/ICTs for disaster preparedness
  - > Tampere Convention
  - PP-06 Resolutions 36 and 136 on use ICTs for humanitarian assistance
  - ➤ WRC Resolutions 646, 647, 673 on use of radiocommunications for environmental monitoring, public protection and disaster relief
  - WTDC-06 Resolution 34 on the role of ICTs in mitigation of effects of disasters and humanitarian assistance
  - Partnership Coordination Panel on Telecoms for Disaster Relief (PCP-TDR)
  - > E.164 country code (888) for UN OCHA
  - Recommendations E.106 on call priority and X.1303 on common alerting protocol

# ITU Symposia on ICTs and Climate Change

- Kyoto, Japan, 15-16 April, co-organized by MIC Japan
- London, UK, 17-18 June, supported and hosted by BT
- Outline agenda
  - 1. ICTs to the Rescue?
  - 2. Corporate responsibility: Towards a climate-neutral ICT sector
  - 3. ICTs for monitoring climate change
  - 4. ICTs as a green technology
  - 5. Towards a high-bandwidth, low carbon future
  - 6. Adapting to climate change
    - Webcast using GoToWebinar



#### **Towards a climate-neutral ITU**

- Developing a knowledge base and repository
  - > Conducting systematic review of ITU Recommendations
  - Creating a Focus Group on methodologies for estimating the GHG emissions from ICTs
- Positioning ITU as a strategic leader
  - Developing a Resolution for WTSA-08
- Promoting a global understanding through international fora and agreements
  - ➤ High-level segment at Council 2008
- Achieving a climate-neutral ITU within three years
  - > Conducting carbon audit
  - > Using remote collaboration tools
  - Developing projects under Carbon Development Mechanism



Website: www.itu.int/climate

Tech Watch reports: <a href="http://www.itu.int/ITU-">http://www.itu.int/ITU-</a>

T/techwatch/reports.html

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Thank you

