

RECOMMENDATION 513-1

**PREFERRED FREQUENCY BANDS FOR SPACECRAFT TRANSMITTERS
USED AS BEACONS**

(Question 10/2)

(1978-1986)

The CCIR,

CONSIDERING

- (a) that a continuing need is envisaged for space experiments for research of the neutral and ionized atmosphere;
- (b) that the conclusions drawn in Report 456 indicate the necessity for certain frequencies in order to contribute to these studies and measurements;
- (c) that to measure differential Doppler effect, use should be made of two harmonically related frequencies;
- (d) that simple techniques to measure Faraday rotation effects need two VHF frequencies differing by 1 to 3%;
- (e) that based on frequency dependence of the atmospheric attenuation, frequencies near 15, 20, 30, 90 and 150 GHz are technically suitable for measurement of the neutral atmosphere;
- (f) that sharing of beacon frequencies in the space research service with other services has introduced serious difficulties through interference,

UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS

1. that in addition to frequencies presently allocated, a frequency harmonically related to 20 MHz and located in the range 80 to 200 MHz is technically suitable and desirable for differential Doppler observations;
 2. that consideration be given to improved protection of the 40.98 to 41.015 MHz band allocated for Faraday rotation measurements;
 3. that frequencies near 15, 20, 30, 90 and 150 GHz are desirable for measurements of the neutral atmosphere.
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