Greening digital companies – some reflections

Report launch

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Ericsson Research

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The merits and insights of the report



Massive data collection effort provided at one plate – a daunting task

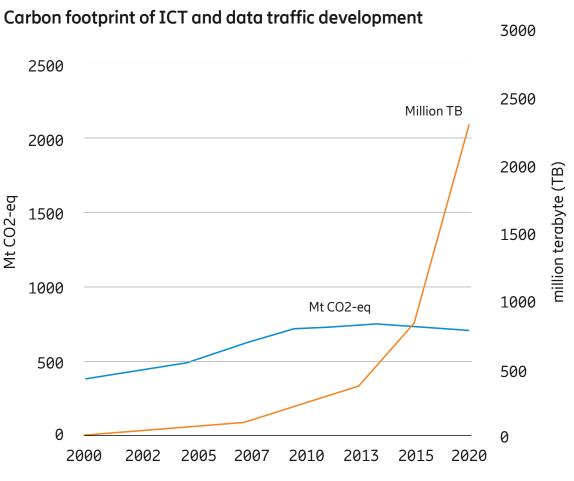
Regional differences

The importance and challenges of procurement of low-carbon electricity

The challenges around scope 3

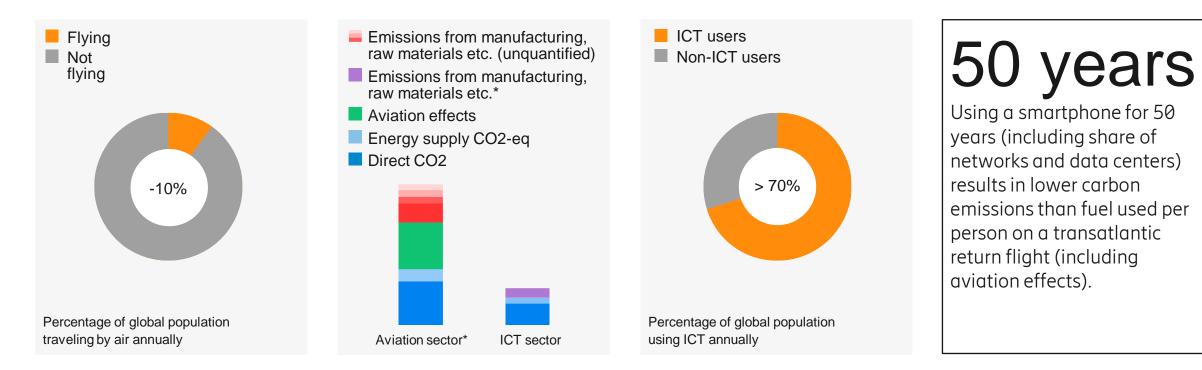
ICT sector carbon footprint

- 1.4% of global carbon emissions (full life cycle)
- Stable despite exponential data traffic growth
- 3.6% of the global electricity consumption (use stage)
- Includes networks, data centers and user devices
- 6% of global economy



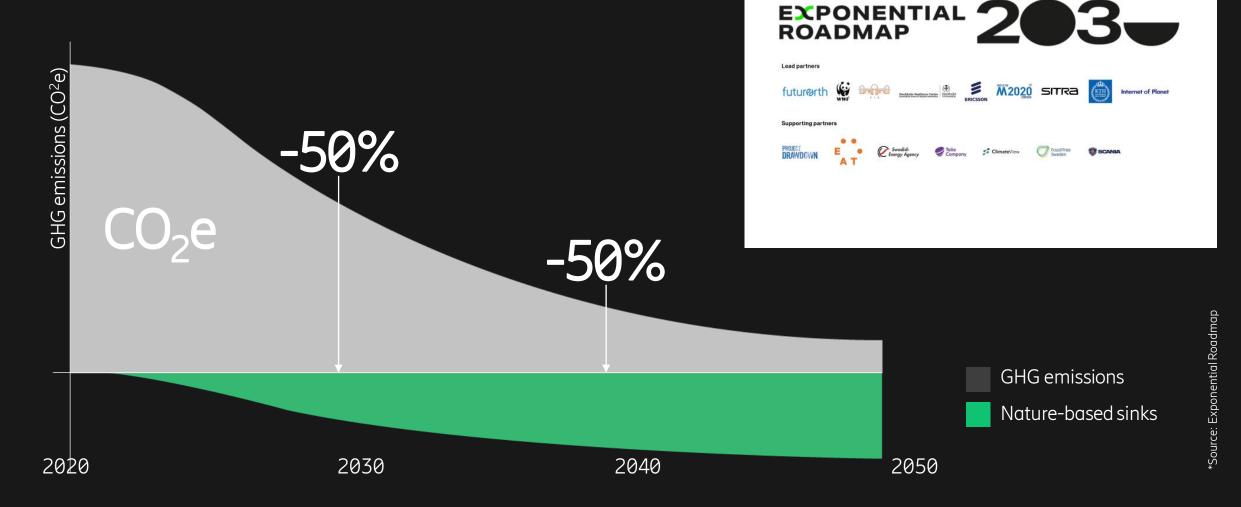
The Energy and Carbon Footprint of the Global ICT and E&M Sectors 2010–2015 Malmodin & Lundén, **Sustainability**, 2018, <u>https://www.mdpi.com/2071-1050/10/9/3027</u>

The opportunities of an online working life

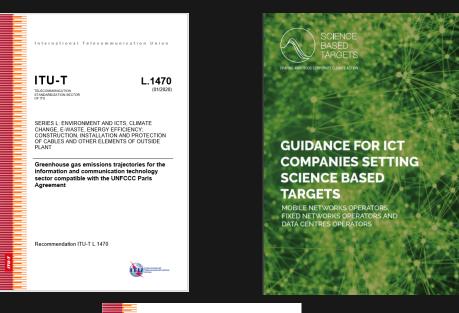


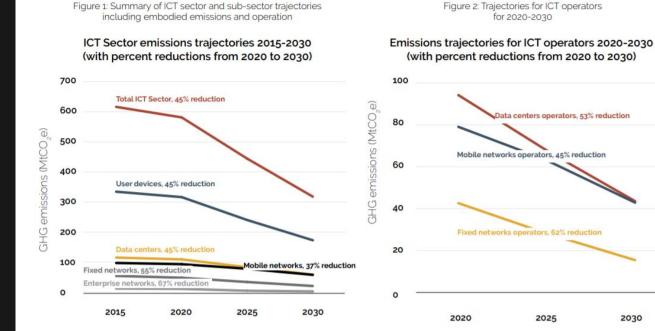
*For the aviation sector, the emissions for fuel production and aviation effects are estimated based on ICCT and IEA figures.

We need to act and scale fast – a collaborative effort



1.5C aligned trajectories for the ICT sector towards Net Zero















https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-L.1470 https://www.itu.int/ITU-T/recommendations/rec.aspx?rec=14318 https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-L.Sup38-202010-I https://sciencebasedtargets.org/sectors/ict



International Telecommunication Union

Recommendation ITU-T L.1471

PLANT

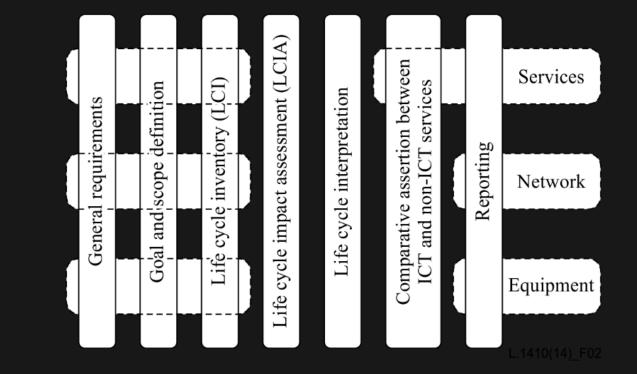
ÎTU

L.1410: footprints and enabling effects

International Teleco	mmunication Union				
ITU-T TELECOMMUNICATION STANDARDIZATION SECTOR OF ITU	L.1410 (12/2014)				
SERIES L: CONSTRUCTION PROTECTION OF CABLES A OUTSIDE PLANT	AND OTHER ELEMENTS OF				
Methodology for environmental life cycle assessments of information and communication technology goods, networks and services					

Recommendation ITU-T L.1410





Part I:

ICT life cycle assessment: framework and guidance for assessing goods, networks and services.

Part II:

Comparative analysis between an ICT product system and a reference product system: framework and guidance.

L.1420: Organizational carbon footprint



International Value

- Company carbon footprint reporting
- Aligned with GHG protocol and ISO 14064-2
- Embodied emissions (part of scope 3) based on LCA/estimates
- Current edition from 2012 revision ongoing
- Will consider current work of GSMA
- Scope 3 a key challenge

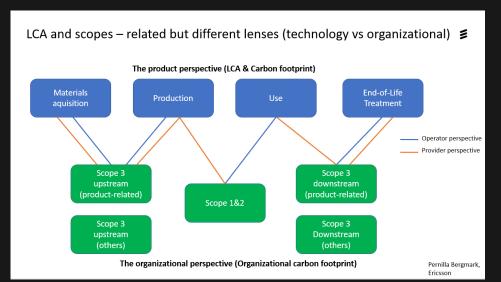
L.1450: ICT sector footprint

International Telecommunication Union ITU - International Telecommunication Union L.1450 (09/2018) (09/2018) SERIES L: ENVIRONMENT AND ICTS, CLIMATE CHANGE, E-WASTE, ENERGY EFFICIENCY; CONSTRUCTION, INSTALLATION AND PROTECTION OF CABLES AND OTHER ELEMENTS OF OUTSIDE PLANT

Recommendation ITU-T L.1450



- Basis for decarbonization trajectories
- A basis for moving towards a consented understanding of ICT impacts
- Of interest to policy makers
- Taking a different perspective than the ITU/WBA report by focusing on the deliverables of the sector
- Complemeting perspectives



Halving all sectors by 2030 – an ICT opportunity

ENERGY SUPPLY: Support for grid balancing & predictions

INDUSTRY: High precision manufacturing & reverse logistics

BUILDINGS & CITIES: Space utilization & co-optimization

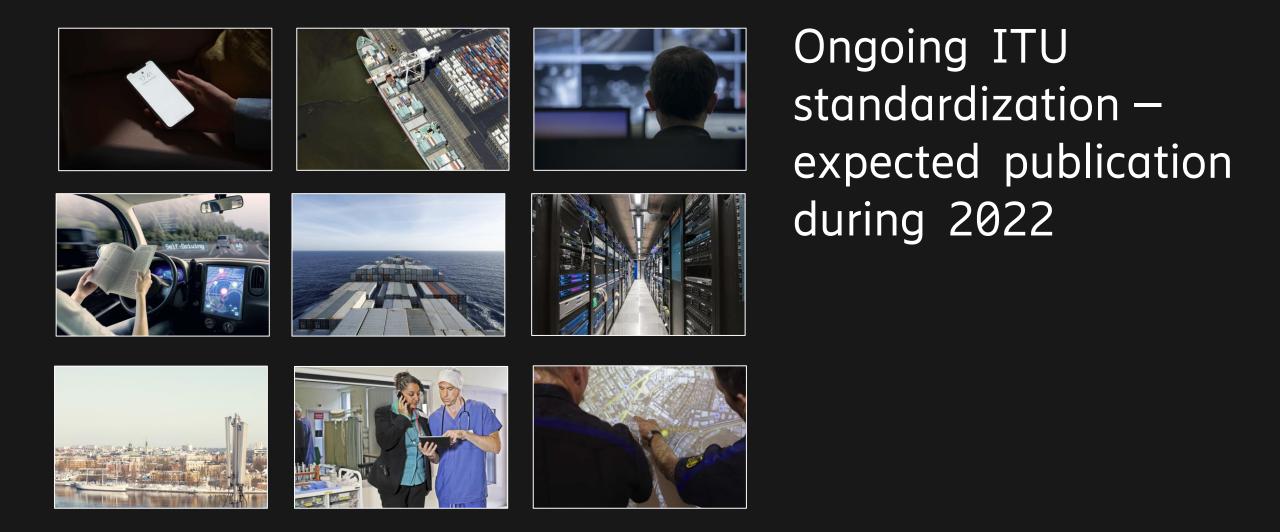
TRANSPORT: Usership models, route planning & virtual presence

FOOD CONSUMPTION: Matching supply & demand, awareness

NATURE BASED SOLUTIONS: Protect & predict with precision



The ICT enablement effect



How can we reduce ICT carbon footprint?

Go renewable — in all parts of the supply chain

Build systems in a smart way – and phase out old equipments

Collaborate within and across value chains





The ICT & Mobile action table – adressing all stakeholders

N	ext s	Industry Image: Constraint of the second s			
	By 2021	By 2025	By 2030	By 2040	
. Policymakers	Publish COVID recovery plans addressing	'Digital first' approach for meetings within	Enable rollout everywhere of high-speed		
ational,	he role of digital in delivering zero-carbo conomic growth	n public sector has been maintained post- COVID, and promoted across all sectors	broadband, e.g. 'full fiber' and 5G for more efficient connectivity		
ocal levels)	Announce Just Transition policies to	llv	 Digital divide reduced in developed and developing world in both urban and rural areas, and equally for women and men 		
 Financial nstitutions Technology 	 clean tech innovation within these sector n other sectors and to clarify what consti Finance also has an important role to play nnovate to continue delivering large 	 o reallocation of financial capital in favour or incense. s. Finance will also be required for the funding of ne tutes green finance in these cases, taking a critical st y in digital inclusion, to recognise the business oppor Launch business models to decarbonize 	ance on what is truly climate positive and voting	against climate negative strategies and plans.	
roviders and nnovators	operational efficiency improvements in products and systems, e.g. 6G and Wifi 6	 communication, automation and intelligence Business models for end-user device electricity consumption, e.g. incentives for consumers to purchase RE Standards in place which makes energy efficiency a key priority of any emerging 			
		theology and its commissioning			
Business and ervice	 ompanies commit at scale to Race To Zer y the 2040s and disclose their emissions ata as well as climate-related risks and 	 ICT sector secures 50% of electricity	Implement full connectivity in all industries decarbonized and remember of the products with a decarbonized and remember of the products with a decarbonized and remember of the products with a	Sector becomes net generator of RE	
Providers	 pportunities iompanies commit and publish their 	 Initial sector sectors sectors are able to be released by the sector sector sectors are able to be sectors and the sector sectors are able to be sectors and the sector sectors are able to be sectors and the sector sectors are able to be se	 Mobile sector sectors 70% of electricity from decarbonized and renewable sources Leading sector operators become net 	- secon secones her generator of he	
Civil Society	 ndustry collaboration on early-warning ervices for extreme weather events, e.g. res or floods. 	•	generators of RE		
		Consumers and employees drive			
	CT and Mobile employees' campaign for cceleration of sector decarbonization	acceleration of circular business models			
		Beogenete and support initiatives that	*:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		

- time horizons
 - 21
 - 25
 - 30
 - 45
 - e group of actors
 - olicymakers at all scales
 - inancial institutions
 - ech providers and innovators
 - usiness and service providers
 - ivil society

/unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/ActionTable Industry 2.1.pdf (page

Future opportunities



Investigate opportunities for alignment on sector boundaries and categorization together with ITU-T

More details on sources

More clear distinction between carbon neutrality and net-zero

More clear distinction on reductions and compensations in target analysis

Leverage insights on diverse reporting format as input to standardization especially for company reporting

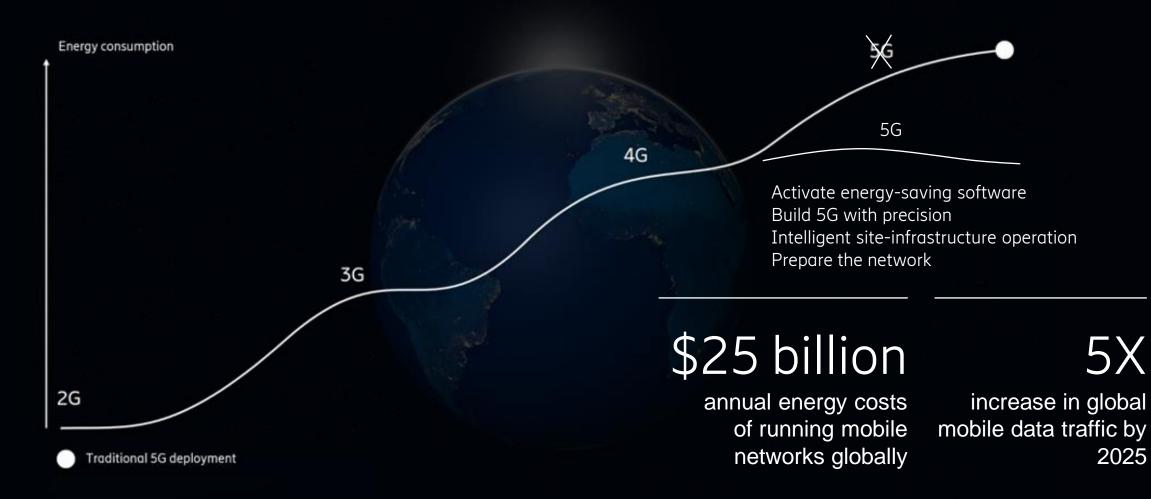
Leverage experiences of data collection to establish an ITU database on ICT carbon footprint

Closer collaboration with ITU-T SG5



Ericsson.com/technology-for-climate-action

Reducing the impact of networks



Summary

Prepare the network

Modernize the network with the latest technology and replace old equipment to realize new business opportunities and energy savings.

Activate energy-saving software

Initiate the energy-saving features already available in Ericsson Radio Access Network. Adding machine learning will bring further savings.

Build 5G with precision Have the right equipment in the right place. Optimize network performance on the new 5G frequencies while keeping capex and opex within limits.

Operate site infrastructure intelligently

Use AI to operate site infrastructure proactively. Enable predictive maintenance and no-touch problem-solving to reduce site energy costs, site visits and outages.

30%

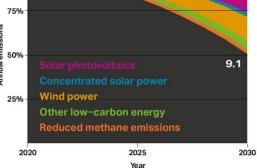
Ericsson Radio System can lower energy consumption by about 30% in like-for-like modernization.

>50%

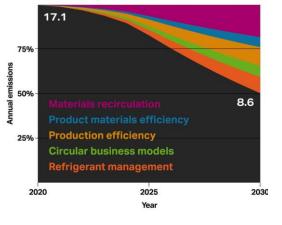
Passive elements supporting the RAN could represent over 50% of overall site power consumption.

Halving carbon emissions by 2030

ENERGY SUPPLY



INDUSTRY

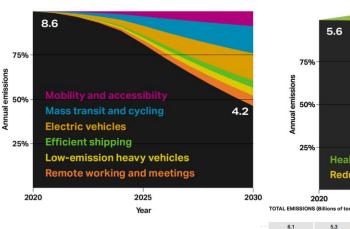


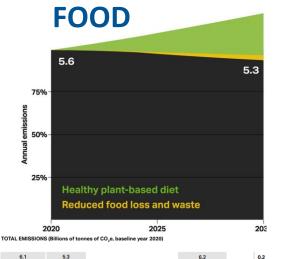
BUILDINGS

9,9 75%-Reduced demand for building space 4.6 Reduced energy use during operation 25%-Low-carbon heating and cooling Double retrofitting Low-carbon construction 2020 Year



TRANSPORT





BUILDINGS

9.9

8.6

5.6

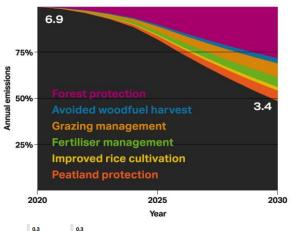
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INDUSTRY

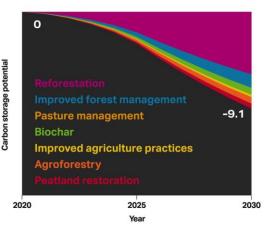
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NATURE SOURCES



NATURE SINKS



www.exponentialroadmap.org