



Green Digital Development



Digital gaps are significant



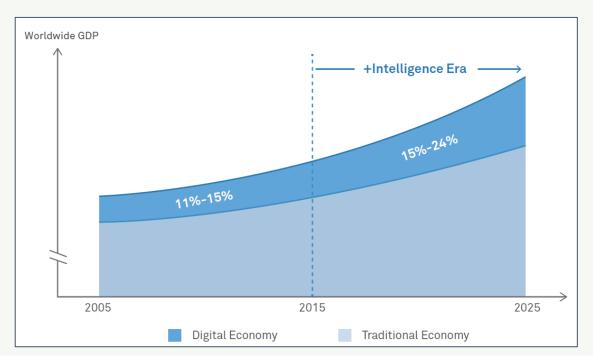
The pandemic sped up digitalization around the world



During the pandemic, countries that used digital databases and data sharing platforms reached more than 3 times the beneficiaries than countries that had to collect new information.



The one-time jump in internet users during COVID-19, motivated by desire for access to digital communications, commerce, employment and services



Tackling the digital divide is key to unlock the opportunities of digital transformation and to ensure that the most vulnerable are not left behind



1/3 of the world's population remain unconnected to the internet in 2022.

230 million

of jobs in Sub-Saharan Africa that will require digital skills by 2030.

Large financing gaps exacerbate the digital divide



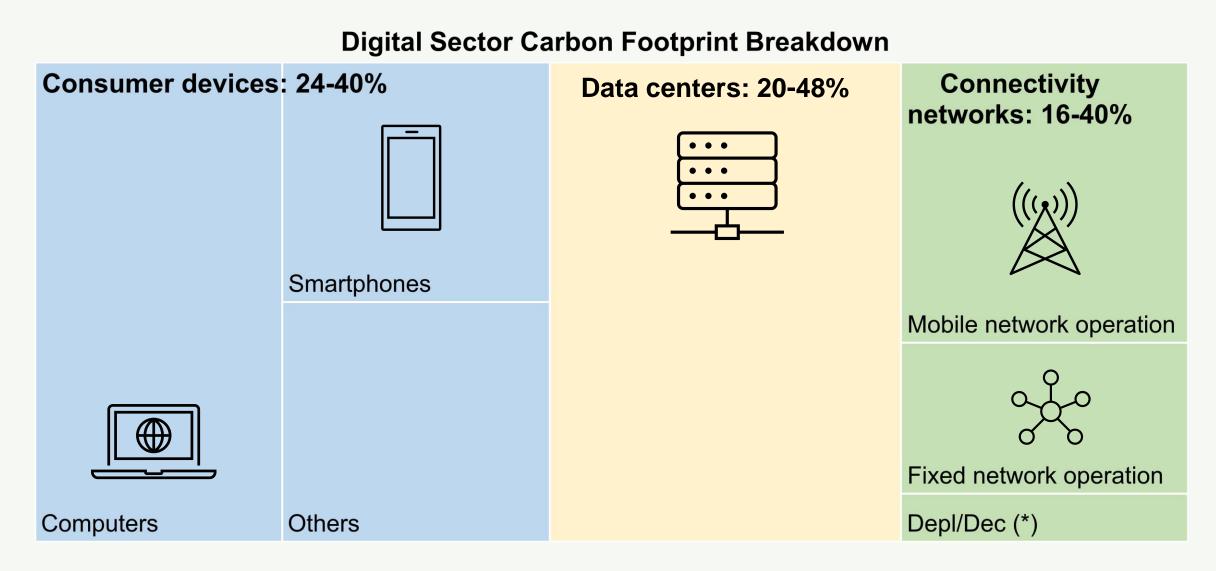
Of low- and middle-income countries have modern data infrastructure, such as co-location data centers and access to cloud computing



Global digital infrastructure financing gap by 2040, with more than 50% in Asia (AIIB 2020).

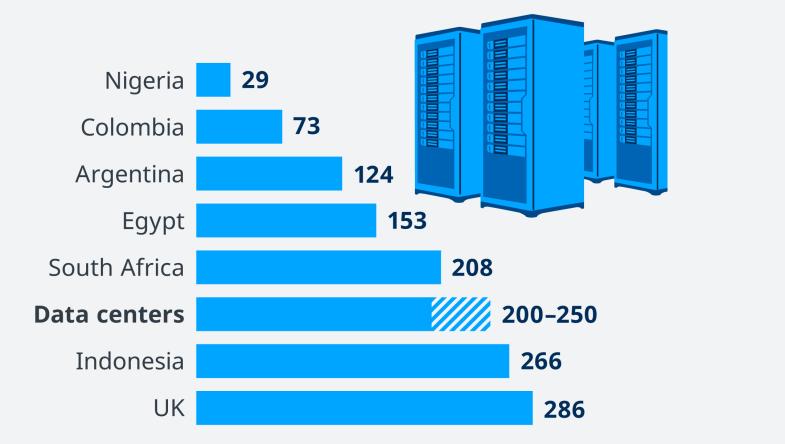
Digital contributes to 1.5-4% of global GHG emissions





Note: Mid point of ranges presented in figure. TVs (including smart TVs) are excluded from the sector breakdown. 'Depl/Dec' stands for deployment and decommissioning

Data Centers use as much energy as some countries



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Ireland

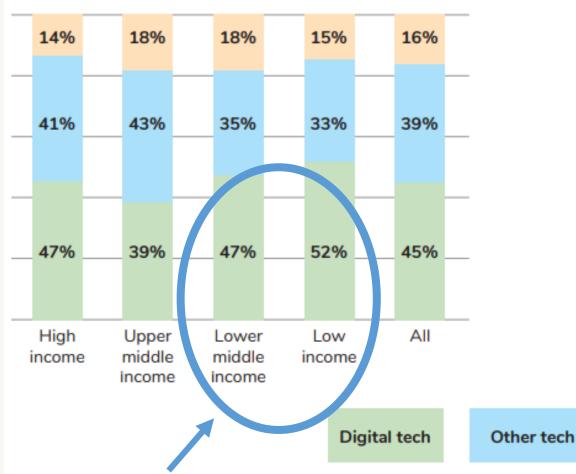
DIGITAL AND

CLIMATE CHANGE

National electricity consumption vs. selected countries in 202 in TWh Source: Enerdata & IEA)

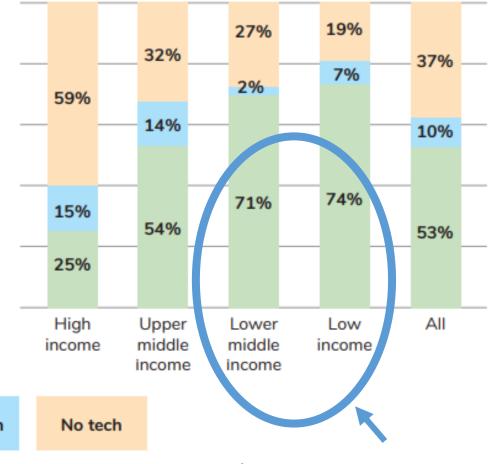
Developing countries recognize the power of digital Assessment of Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs)





Mitigation provisions

Adaptation provisions



(e.g. Smart consumption solutions, Datadriven decision making for Climate Action) (e.g. Disaster Risk Management, Early Warning Systems)



	Greening Digital	Greening with Digital
ADAPTATION	Greening the digital sector by climate proofing digital infrastructure	Leveraging digital technologies to enhance resilience of economies, populations and sectors
MITIGATION	Greening the digital sector through e.g., energy efficiency measures and use of renewable energy	Leveraging digital technologies to decarbonize other sectors such as energy, transport and cities



Examples of recent digital investments with green digital components (funding size is for the full project, incl. the green digital components)

CARIBBEAN (4 COUNTRIES): \$94mn *Greening Digital & Greening with Digital*: climate resilient digital infrastructure and digital

delivery of services to ensure continuity, and growing the digital economy SIERRA LEONE: \$50mn *Greening with Digital*: data-driven early warning systems & Greening Digital: e-waste management policy

> **MOZAMBIQUE: \$200mn** *Greening Digital:* renewable energy powered digital infrastructure & mobile payments for home solar systems

> > Argentina: \$200mn Greening Digital & Greening with Digital: climate resilient telecom/data infrastructure, energy efficient data infrastructure

CAMEROON: \$100mn *Greening Digital:* e-waste recycling strategy, solar power promotion and compliance with Green ICT standards for digital MONGOLIA: \$41mn (WB, GoM) Greening with Digital: Disaster recovery data centers, e-Mongolia portal

MARSHALL ISLANDS: \$37.5mn *Greening Digital*: energy efficient digital infrastructure

MALDIVES: \$10mn *Greening with Digital*: shared data platform and innovative data collection, including climate relevant data, to monitor/manage marine ecosystems



Agriculture

<u>Challenge</u>: Agriculture, forestry, and land use change produce almost 25% of global GHG emissions

Opportunity: Digital technologies can potentially reduce GHG emissions by 1-4% from agriculture sector by 2030

Transport

<u>Challenge</u>: Transport accounts for 20% of the world's greenhouse gas emissions



Opportunity: Optimizing traffic flow; contributing to the establishment of digitally-enabled modern logistic systems that improve freight management; and transitioning to electric vehicles.

Energy



<u>Challenge</u>: It is estimated that energy accounts for more than two-thirds of total GHG emissions globally.

Opportunity: Enhancing energy efficiency, and by enabling demand-side flexibility and mobile money enables new business models for delivering affordable home solar systems.



<u>Challenge</u>: Cities consume 2/3 of the energy used worldwide and account for about 70% of carbon emissions.

Urban

Opportunity: Digital technologies can help reduce total energy demand in the building sector by about 10% through operational efficiency compared to IEA's reference scenario, from 2017-2040.



"Call for Action" under discussion and may include the following components:

- 1. Call on all ICT companies to set science-based targets for emissions reduction and reduce scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions
- 2. Create and maintain an ICT sector database on Emission Factors
- 3. Establish a collaborative framework for ICT industry and ministries of energy, ICT and environment on the integration of renewable energy sources into operations





~3 billion

people remain offline and the vast majority are concentrated in developing countries

How do we bridge the digital divide in sustainable way and leverage digital technologies effectively for climate action?



of global GHG emissions is estimated for the digital sector (and growing)

64%

of NDCs mention using technology for adaptation and/or mitigation



Countries are lagging behind on climate commitments