





Building ICT Innovation Capacity

WSIS Forum 2017
Thursday 15th June (14h30-16h15, ITU Montbrillant Room M2)

https://www.itu.int/net4/wsis/forum/2017/Agenda/Session/324#intro











Universities and innovation: liberating or constraining?

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Universities an

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The university sector?

Does it promote innovation?

Does it stifle innovation?

What are the interests underlying the practice of universities?











H.G. Wells, The World Brain, 1937

"We are living in 1/93,7a mand ob usu un univiewes is it is it is such a larger en onto t halfway out of the fifteenth century. We have made hardly any changes in our conception of university organization, education, graduation ... for several centuries. The three or four year course of lectures, the bachelor who know some, the master who knows most, the doctor who knows all, are ideas that have come down unimpaired from the Middle Ages. Nowadays, no one should end his learning while he lives and these university degrees are preposterous."













What percentage of the population is capable of outstanding creative innovation?

And what percentage go to university?

How many true innovators have never been to university?

Innovation for whom, and why?













Educational, Scientific and • ICT for Development

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http://williamkamkwamba.typepad.com/

https://unwin.wordpress.com/











Most "universities", as they are presently constructed are not designed to enhance and encourage innovation













What are universities?

Teacher Training Colleges in Ghana



Peking University













Universities and higher education

- Universities
 - Communities of scholars learning together to enhance knowledge and create new ideas
 - And by definition, innovate
- Higher education
 - Institutions designed to teach existing knowledge so that students regurgitate accepted truths
 - And by definition, create replicants, many of whom cannot gain employment
 - Heavily influenced by ICT-based learning













The myth of higher education, economic growth and innovation

- Widely accepted that increasing the percentage of students in higher education contributes significantly to GDP growth
- But this is merely a correlation it can equally be argued that high GDP enables more people to enter higher education
- Expenditure on higher education is not strongly related to innovation
- Yet global "conspiracy" to have c. 50% of people in "universities"
 - In reality, in "Higher Education" https://unwin.wordpress.com/









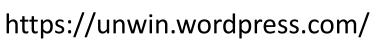


Tertiary education and innovation

Population with tertiary education 25-34 year-olds / 55-64 year-olds, % in same age group, 2015



https://data.oecd.org/eduatt/population-with-tertiary-education.htm















Tertiary education and innovation

- Top ranked tertiary education 2015 (OECD)
 - 1. Korea
 - 2. Japan
 - 3. Canada
 - 4. Lithuania
 - 5. Ireland
 - 6. Luxembourg
 - 7. UK
 - Switzerland
 - 9. Australia
 - 10. Norway

- Global Innovation Index 2016 ranking (WIPO)
 - 1. Switzerland (8th OECD Tertiary)
 - 2. Sweden (12th)
 - 3. UK (7th)
 - 4. USA (11th)
 - 5. Finland (20th)
 - Singapore (non-OECD)
 - Ireland (5th)
 - Denmark (15th)
 - Netherlands (14th)
 - 10. Germany (31st)











Are graduates employable? Can they innovate?

- Numerous employer surveys show that graduates do not have the "right skills"
- Large numbers of graduates pay for degrees in the hope of good employment
 - But fail to gain expected jobs, thus fueling dissent
- Even the more highly qualified are not sufficiently trained in creativity and innovation



https://southernafrican.news/wp-content/uploads/2016/10/sad-grad_new_large.jpg











Why has this happened?

- Most "universities" are now "higher education" businesses
 - Focused on maximising income and thus students
- The original remit of a "university" has been lost
 - Not everyone is suited to "university"
 - This is not "elitist", but in pursuit of excellence, creativity and innovation
- A desire for immediate gratification
 - Credentialism
 - Mass plagiarism and corruption in higher education
- ICTs have substantially influenced this trend towards regurgitation and replication of knowledge













Higher education as imperialism

"Isn't it wonderful that
African students can now
use MOOCS to learn from
the best universities in the
world such as MIT and
Harvard"

"Well, no actually! It would be wonderful if US students could learn something about the world by studying courses designed and built by Africans"















And solutions?

- Reclaim universities from the mire of mediocrity
- Focus on excellence, creative knowledge and innovation in universities
 - Not everyone can innovate, but we can help develop creative, open and innovative minds.
- Place much greater emphasis on technical training institutes to give most people valuable employment skills
- Use ICTs to encourage creativity, not mass replication
 - Towards a free university (http://thefreeuniversity.eu/)





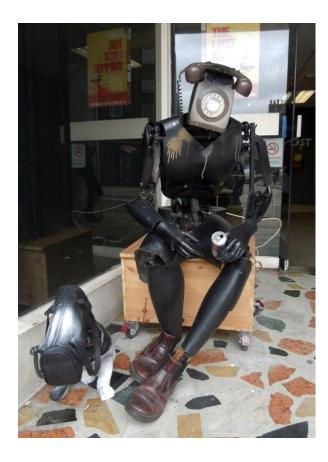








Is this the future?



Communication Breakdown by Giles Walker https://unwin.wordpress.com/



