

ITU-D Activities on IMT

Asia-Pacific Regional Seminar on IMT towards 2020 and Beyond *Technology & Spectrum*

11th February 2014, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

Aamir Riaz ITU - Area Office Jakarta, Indonesia aamir.riaz@itu.int



ITU-D Study Groups and COEs ITU-D IMT related Activities Conclusion and Ways forward

ITU: International Telecommunication Union



- □ Founded in **1865**; Responsible for issues that concern Information and Communication Technologies.
- □ 193 Member States, 567 Sector Members, 159 Associates, and 60 Academia.

■ HQs in Switzerland, Geneva; and 4 Regional Offices & 7 Area Offices.

ITU-R

ITU's Radio-communication Sector that globally manages radio-frequency spectrum and satellite orbits that ensure safety of life on land, at sea and in the skies.

ITU-T

ITU's Telecommunication Standardization Sector that enable global communications by ensuring that countries' ICT networks and devices are speaking the same language.

ITU-D

ITU's Development Sector that fosters international cooperation and solidarity in the delivery of technical assistance and in the creation, development and improvement of telecommunication/ICT equipment and networks in developing countries.

ITU-D Global



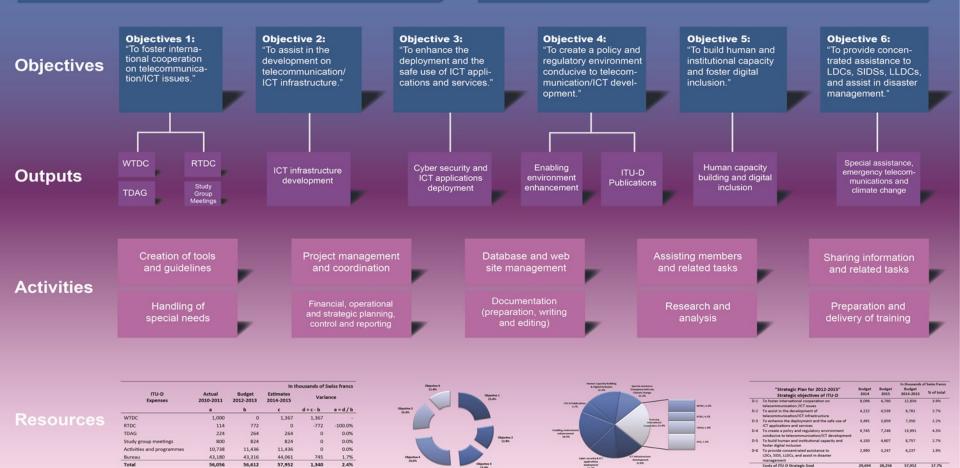
ITU-D Mission

To foster international cooperation and solidarity in the delivery of technical assistance and in the creation, development and improvement of telecommunication/ information and communication technology (ICT) equipment and networks in developing countries. ITU-D is required to discharge the Union's dual responsibility as a United Nations specialized agency and executing agency for implementing projects under the United Nations development system or other funding arrangements, so as to facilitate and enhance telecommunication/ ICT development by offering, organizing and coordinating technical cooperation and assistance activities.

Goal

The strategic goal of the ITU Telecommunication Development Sector (ITU-D) is threefold, and includes:

- To promote the availability of infrastructure and foster an enabling environment for telecommunication/ICT infrastructure development and its use in a safe and secure manner
- To provide assistance to developing countries in bridging the digital divide by achieving broader telecommunication/ICT-enabled socio-economic development
- To expand the benefits of the information society to the membership in cooperation with public and private stakeholders, and to promote the integration of the use of telecommunications/ICTs into the broader economy and society as drivers of development, innovation, well-being, growth and productivity globally.



ITU-D Regional Presence



Americas

460 million subscriptions

48% penetration

28% CAGR (2010-2013)

Europe

422 million subscriptions
68% penetration
33% CAGR (2010-2013)

CIS

129 million subscriptions
46% penetration
27% CAGR (2010-2013)

Arab States

71 million subscriptions 19% penetration 55% CAGR (2010-2013)

Africa

93 million subscriptions

11% penetration

82% CAGR (2010-2013)

Asia-Pacific

895 million subscriptions 22% penetration 45% CAGR (2010-2013)

High Potential

ITU-D Asia-Pacific Membership



Members of ITU from ASP total 38 including

13 LDCs :

1

Afghanistan
 Bangladesh
 Bhutan
 Cambodia
 Kiribati
 Lao PDR
 Myanmar
 Nepal
 Solomon Islands
 Timor-Leste
 Tuvalu
 Vanuatu
 Samoa

13 SIDS :

Fiji
 Kiribati
 Maldives
 Marshall Islands
 Micronesia
 Nauru
 PNG
 Samoa
 Singapore
 Solomon Islands
 Tonga
 Tuvalu
 Vanuatu

5 LLDCs :

Afghanistan
 Bhutan
 Lao PDR
 Mongolia
 Nepal

REGIONAL INITIATIVES

Unique ICT Needs for LCDs, SIDS, and Land-locked Developing Countries

Emergency Telecommunications

Digital Broadcasting

ITU Regional Office for Asia and the Pacific Bangkok, Thailand

ITU Area Office for South-East Asia Jakarta, Indonesia Broadband Access and Uptake in Urban and Rural Areas

> Telecommunications/ICT Policy and Regulation in the Asia-Pacific Region

ITU-D Study Groups (SG)



The ITU-D Study Groups were established in order to deal with specific telecommunication questions of general interest to developing countries, according to Resolution 2 of WTDC-94

Purpose:

- Devise innovative solutions to specific problem areas per WTDC
- Focus telecoms development strategies
- No technical standards

Scope Update :

The terms of reference, the procedures to be applied by the Study Groups, the Questions under Study have been amended through the successive WTDCs

http://www.itu.int/ITUD/study groups/index.html

ITU-D Study Groups (SG)



SG 1: Telecommunication development strategies and policies

National telecommunication policies and regulatory strategies which best enable countries to benefit from the impetus of telecommunications as an engine of economic, social and cultural development. Finance and economics, including World Trade Organization (WTO) issues, tariff policies, case studies, application of accounting principles as developed by ITU-T Study Group 3, private-sector development and partnership.

SG 2: Development and management of telecommunication services and networks and ICT applications

Methods, techniques and approaches that are the most suitable and successful for service provision in planning, developing, implementing, operating, maintaining and sustaining telecommunication services which optimize their value to users.

Resolution : 9

Study period 2010-2014 is focused on issues related to various field of Spectrum management in order to on provide the necessary information on activities carried out by ITU-D Study Group 2, ITU-R Study Group 1 and relevant BDT programmes. *Revised Report available since October 2013*

ITU-D SG-2 : Questions 2010-2014



- **Q 9-3/2:** Identification of study topics in the ITU-T and ITU-R study groups that are of particular interest to developing countries
- **Q 10-3/2:** Telecommunications/ICT for rural and remote areas
- **Q 11-3/2:** Examination of terrestrial digital sound and television broadcasting technologies and systems, interoperability of digital terrestrial systems with existing analogue networks, and strategies and methods of migration from analogue terrestrial techniques to digital techniques
- **Q 14-3/2:** Information and Telecommunications/ICTs for e-Health
- **Q 17-3/2:** Progress on e-government activities and identification of areas of application of e-government for the benefit of developing countries
- **Q 22-1/2:** Utilization of telecommunications/ICTs for disaster preparedness, mitigation and response
- **Q 24/2:** ICT and climate change
- Q.25/2: Access technology for broadband telecommunications including IMT, for developing countries
- **Q.26/2:** Migration from existing networks to next-generation networks for developing countries: technical, regulatory and policy aspects

ITU-D SG-2 : Q 25/2 – Issues of Study



STUDY & IDENTIFY

- 1. Examine wired and wireless broadband access technologies, including IMT, and their future trends;
- 2. Identify methodologies for migration planning and implementation of broadband wired and wireless technologies, taking into account existing networks, as appropriate;
- 3. Consider trends of broadband access technologies; deployments, services offered and regulatory considerations;

IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGIES

- 4. Continue to identify ways and means of implementing IMT, using terrestrial links and satellites;
- Identify key elements to be studied in order to facilitate the possible deployment of systems integrating satellite and the terrestrial component of IMT (see Recommendation 206 (WRC-07);
- 6. Provide information on the specific impact of the implementation of broadband wired and wireless means, including IMT, on underserved populations, including persons with disabilities;

REPORT

7. Provide information on IMT-Advanced systems based on the advice of Working Party 5D of ITU-R Study Group 5.

ITU-D SG-2 : Q25/2 - Report Highlights

Broadband issues including

- Socio-Economic Benefits based on country experiences (e.g. Impact on GDP etc.)
- Broadband Applications
- Gender issues
- Access to BB for Persons with Disabilities

Policy issues including best practices of regulators in

- Deployment
- > Adoption
- > USF
- Spectrum issues

Technical Issues Including

- Technologies (both terrestrial and Satellite)
- Example roll out scenarios
- Efficiency comparison of Macro and Micro cells
- Backhauling issues (Terrestrial, wireless, Fiber, Satellite, Undersea cable Backhaul)

Annexes

- Country Experiences/Studies
- Reference to relevant recommendations and reports.

Report issued in October 2013



SM Related ASP Actions in 2013

Activity	Details	IMT Relation
Terrestrial Map for Asia-Pacific	Launched ITU UNESCAP Interactive Map for Long Distance Optical Fiber Cable Systems (Terrestrial) in Asia-Pacific.	Backbone readiness
Strengthening Telecom / ICT Infrastructure	 Supported 12 countries (e.g., Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, Fiji, Indonesia, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, Viet Nam, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, & Samoa). 3 regional forums on broadband & Satellite Launching and Coordination. Developed guidelines for migration from to Next Generation Networks (NGN) in Bangladesh, India, Sri Lanka, & Philippines; Broadband over Powerline in Bhutan. 	Development of required network infrastructure
Digital Broadcasting Roadmaps	 Supported 18 countries i(e.g., Bangladesh, Cambodia, Fiji, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Maldives, Micronesia, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Tonga, Vanuatu, and Vietnam) in developing the roadmap reports on digital broadcasting transition. Updated Guidelines on Transition from Analogue to Digital Terrestrial Television Broadcasting including Cable, Satellite, and IPTV. Improved awareness through Seven regional workshops with partners (e.g. ABU, AIBD, MIC-Japan, NBTC-Thailand). 	Spectrum Availability
Improving Spectrum Management framework	Supported 7 countries (e.g., Brunei Darussalam, Indonesia, Kiribati, Laos, Myanmar, Papua New Guinea, &Thailand).	Framework in-line with WRC outcomes
Enhancing Conformity, Interoperability, Type Approvals	 Organized forum/workshop on Conformity Assessment (2013), Myanmar; & Bridging the Standardization Gap (2013), Myanmar & Sri Lanka. Supported type approval in Mongolia. 	Harmonization
••••••		

ASO and 700 MHz band in ASP



Item	Status
Spectrum Allocation Level	No issues prevail in ASP (ITU-R region 3), as mobile has been a co- primary allocation already for quite some time.
Spectrum Assignment Level	Countries that have auctioned the full APT 700 MHz band plan for mobile (FDD): Australia (2013), New Zealand (2013), Taiwan (2013).
	Countries that have assigned or will assign part of the APT 700 band plan to mobile (FDD): Japan 2x30 MHz (NTT, KDDI, eMobile, commencing in 2015), South Korea 2x20 MHz
	Countries committed to implement 700 MHz APT band plan (FDD) but are yet to implement it: Indonesia, Malaysia, India, Singapore, Brunei, Papua New Guinea, Tonga.
	Countries committed to implement 700 MHz APT band plan on TDD: China
Complete Analogue switch off	Countries that have switched off analogue TV: Australia (2013), New Zealand (2013), Japan (2011), Taiwan (2012), South Korea (2012)
Others	Some ASP countries have ASO dates around 2015, others 2017 while others have yet to adopt relevant policy.

SM Related ASP Actions in 2013

Regional Initiatives & Projects :

- ITU-KCC (MSIP, Rep of Korea) projects on wireless broadband Master plan and digital broadcasting ,
- ITU-MIC (Japan) project on digital broadcasting,
- ITU-NBTC Thailand projects related to digital broadcasting, frequency planning for TV and digital radio, & 1800 MHz utilization
- ITU-Comms (Australia) project on Asia-Pacific Regional Initiatives

COEs in ASP





Related ASP COE Trainings in 2013



FACE TO FACE TRAININGS

Event	Venues	Centers	Partners		
Innovative Applications for Rural Broadband Community	Kuala Lumpur	UUM, Malaysia			
Infrastructure Sharing Models and Practices	Bangkok	MICT, Thailand	DBCDE		
Mobile Security	Bangkok	IMPACT	NBTC		
New value chain in mobile application services	Viet Nam	Viettel / MIC, Viet Nam	PNU		
IPv6 Network Security	Bangkok	MICT, Thailand	APNIC		
Social Network: Ethical use of technology	Kuala Lumpur	UUM, Malaysia	Intel		
Advanced ICT Convergence	Busan	PNU	PNU		
NGN: Interconnection and convergence issues		MICT, Thailand	DBCDE		
Spectrum Monitoring	Iran	TCI, Iran	TCI		
Digital Television Broadcasting	India	AIBD	MIC Japan		
Wireless Broadband Planning & QoS	Pacific	UUM, Malaysia / PTA, Pakistan	DBCDE		
High level strategic planning for telecom sector	Pacific	UUM, Malaysia			
Licensing of international services e.g. Submarine, Satellite, Gateway	Bangkok	[PTA, Pakistan]	NBTC		
ICT applications relating to mitigating natural disaster	Viet Nam	Viettel / MIC, Viet Nam	Viettel		
Policy and regulation in broadband environment	Bangkok	[PTA, Pakistan]	NBTC		

Related ASP COE Trainings in 2013



ONLINE TRAININGS							
Event	Venues	Centres	Partners				
Universal Service Funds: Operation and Management	UUM, Malaysia	UUM, Malaysia	DBCDE				
Spectrum Management and National Frequency Allocation Table	TCI, IRan	TCI, IRan					
Licensing and provision of services under CVAS regime with Pakistan experience	PTA, Pakistan	PTA, Pakistan					
Broadband QoS: Technical standards and measurements	PNU, Kore R.O.	PNU, Kore R.O.	PNU				

Others



- 1. Report on Question 18-1/2: Implementation aspects of IMT-2000 and information sharing on systems beyond IMT-2000 for developing countries (2010)
- 2. Handbook: Deployment of IMT-2000 Systems (2003 Edition)
- 3. Migration to IMT-2000 Systems Supplement 1 (Revision 1) of the Handbook on Deployment of IMT-2000 Systems (2011 Edition)
- 4. "Mid-Term Guidelines (MTG) on the smooth transition of existing mobile networks to IMT-2000 for developing countries" produced by ITU-D SG2
- 5. Q.18/2: Strategy for migration of mobile networks to IMT-2000 and beyond, ITU-D Publication
- 6. Guidelines on the smooth transition of existing mobile networks to IMT-2000 for developing countries (GST) (2006 Edition)
- 7. Supplement to Guidelines on the Smooth Transition of existing mobile networks to IMT-2000 (GST) for developing countries (2010) SG2 Q.18-1/2, produced by ITU-D
- 8. ITU and European Commission launched a global project to provide "Support for the establishment of harmonized policies for the ICT market in the ACP states" end 2008
- 9. SMS4DC
- 10. SMTP (Spectrum Management Training Program)

And many more.....

Cross border frequency coordination



Harmonized Calculation Method (HCM) Agreement

- 1. Co-ordination request and all technical characteristics of radio network/equipment sent to all administrations affected to enable accurate assessment of interference
- Administrations affected assess possibility of interference to own stations; → no possibility of interference: obliged to agree to request
- If assessments produce different results, → administrations can agree to operation on a trial basis; field strength calculations replaced with agreed field strength measurements
- Administrations exchange lists of co-ordinated assignments with technical characteristics, administrative reference data, conditions

HCM4A based on HCM agreement in Europe





Digital Cities

XX

Grids

Smart



ICT and

climate change

Security in Cyberspace

Fully Networked

e-commerce





IMT as enabler for a

converged

ernance e-education

information & Smart Society

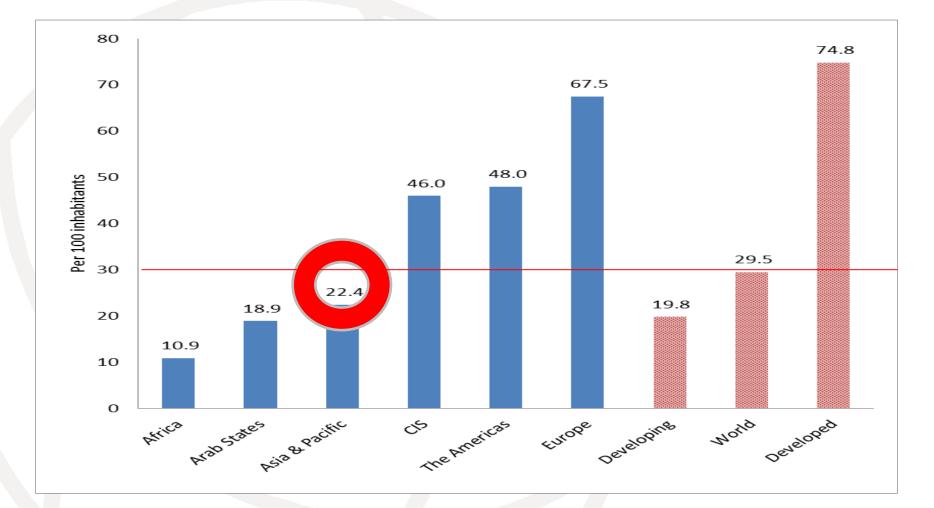
. Ways forward

e-governance

e-health

..... 20

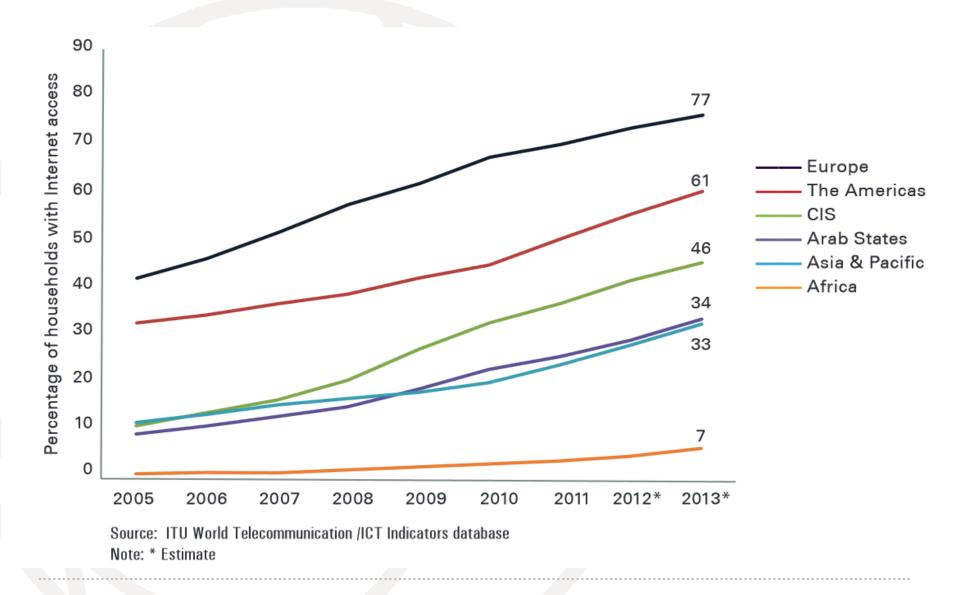




Active ICT/mobile-broadband subscriptions/penetration (2013)

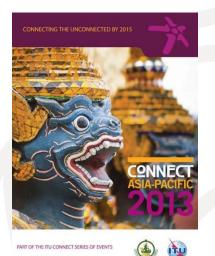
Asia-PacifiC = Market Opportunity





Connect Asia-Pacific Summit





18 November 2013, Bangkok, Thailand Official Website <u>http://www.itu.int/en/ITU-D/Conferences/connect/Asia-</u> <u>Pacific/Pages/default.aspx</u>

- Some 625 participants from 37 ITU Asia-Pacific Member States, including 7 Heads of State/Government, 30 Ministers, deputy ministers, and Ambassadors
- Leaders' Vision | Asia-Pacific 2020: Smart DIGITAL
- Summit Communiqué | Asia-Pacific 2020: Smart DIGITAL
- About 82 initiatives/projects announced and/or calling for partnerships (see <u>Projects & Initiatives Publication</u>)

ITU calls for 'Expression of Interest' in the initiatives/projects Please visit:

http://www.itu.int/en/ITU-D/Conferences/connect/Asia-

Pacific/Pages/ProjectsExpressionofInterest.aspx

ITU's Partners for Asia-Pacific





Others are welcome to be our Partner!

ITU-MISP Partnership on SM Masterplans



> INFORMATION

Project signing Multi-stakeholder Partnership session in Connect Asia Pacific Summit 2013 between ITU and Ministry of Science, ICT and Future Planning (MSIP), R.O.K

> OBJECTIVE

Assist developing countries in the Asia-Pacific (ASP) region to establish new spectrum management framework.

> Scope

- Assessment of the existing situation,
- > Advisory of development of relevant policies, legislations, regulations based on request and interest of the countries.
- Build capacity and provide guidance during implementation of new frameworks



"Committed to U connecting the WORLD"

Regional Office for Asia and the Pacific

ITU Asia-Pacific Regional Seminar on IMT towards 2020 and Beyond

11 Feb 2014





