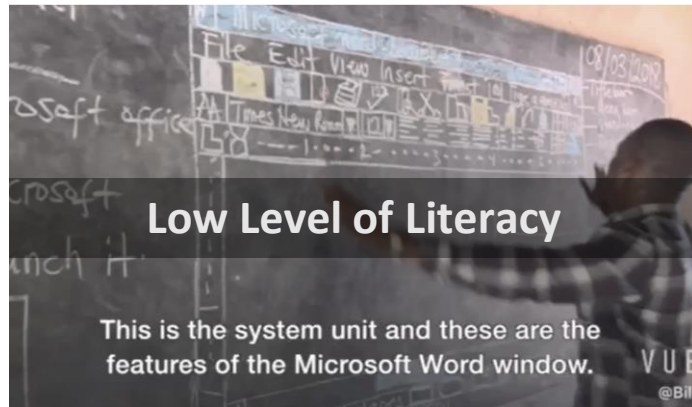
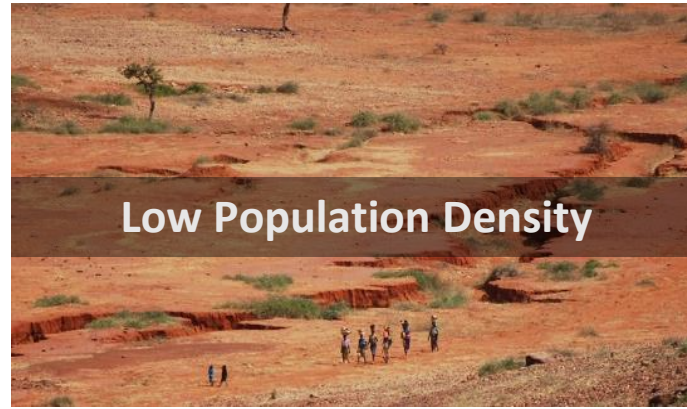




# **Last Mile Connectivity**

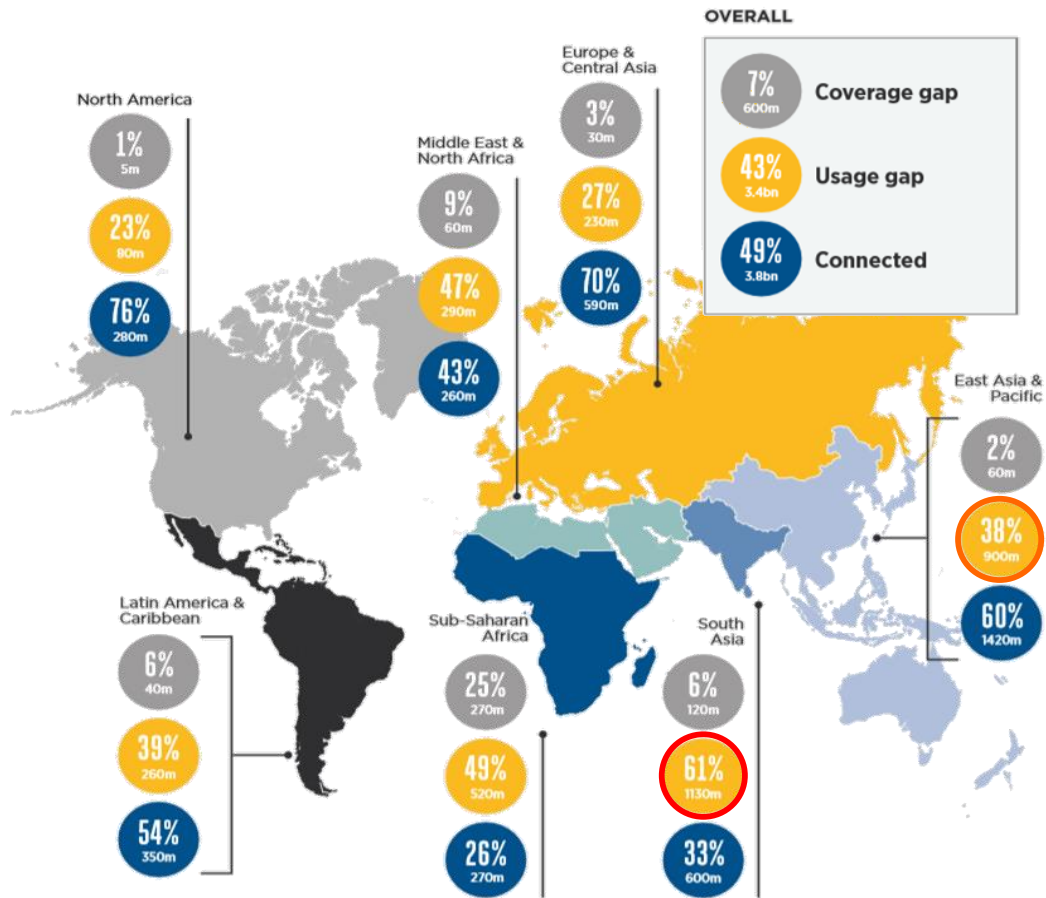
## Technical Solution and Supportive Policy

# Factors deter digital connectivity in unserved areas



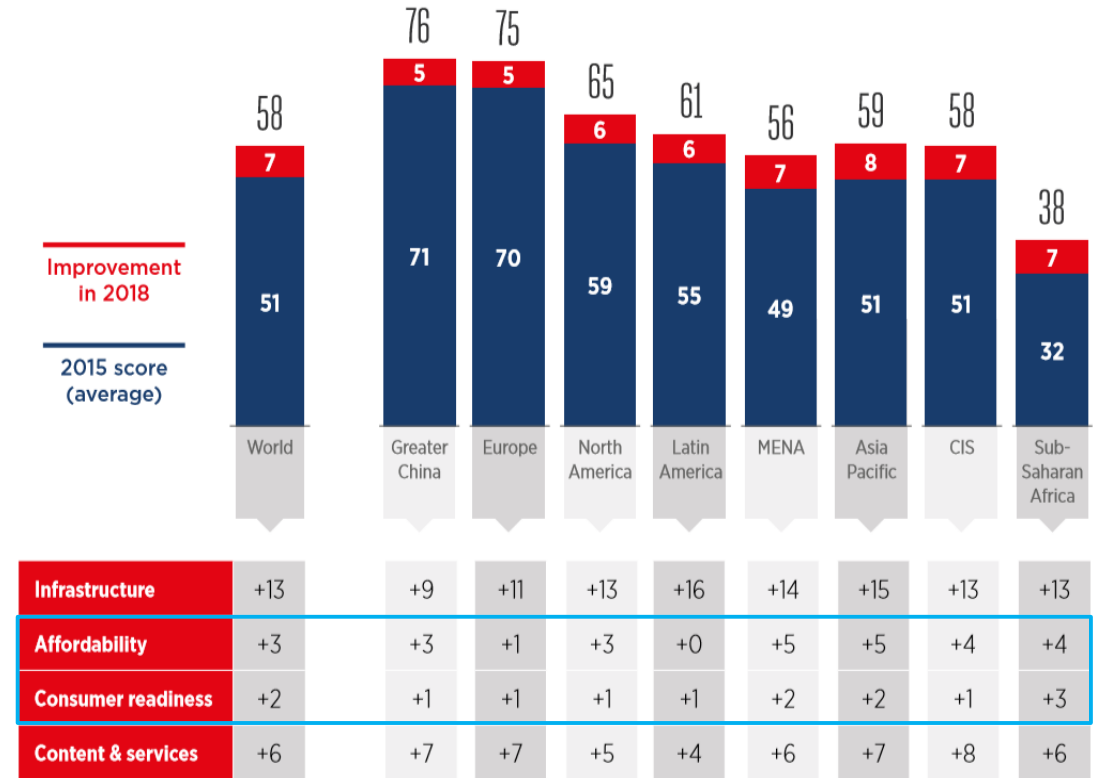
# Usage gap caused by affordability and readiness is the bottleneck

State of global mobile internet connectivity by region, 2019



Usage gap is the major connectivity barrier in Asia Pacific

GSMA Mobile Connectivity Index scores, 2018



Note: totals may not add up due to rounding

Source: GSMA Intelligence

Lifting up user affordability and readiness are real challenge

# Supportive policy measures to gear up MBB connectivity

## Key Barriers of MBB Connection

### 4 Enablers



Infrastructure



Affordability



Consumer Readiness



Content & Service

### 16 Dimensions

- Network coverage
- Meaningful connectivity
- Cost of deployment
- Spectrum availability

- Mobile tariffs
- Handset price
- Disposable income
- Taxation

- Mobile ownership
- Digital literacy/skills
- Awareness/benefits
- Gender equality

- Content availability
- Local relevance
- Payment/identification
- Online security

## 4 Readiness

### Spectrum Ready

- IMT spectrum activated
- Dual Sub-1GHz bands

### Site Ready

- Coverage/density
- Site acquisition/sharing

### User Ready

- Device affordability
- Digital literacy for usage

### Service Ready

- Affordable MBB packs
- Sufficient local content
- Mobile payment

## 3 Engines

### National Strategy

- NBN with clear objective on MBB coverage
- Impose universal service obligation on Sub-1GHz
- QoS on demand

### Incentive Measure

- Policy incentives, eg. tax
- Financial aid by USF
- Ensure profit gain for sustainability

### Foster Innovation

- Collaborative strategies and partnership
- Reshape business model
- Seed capital to foster local content and start-up



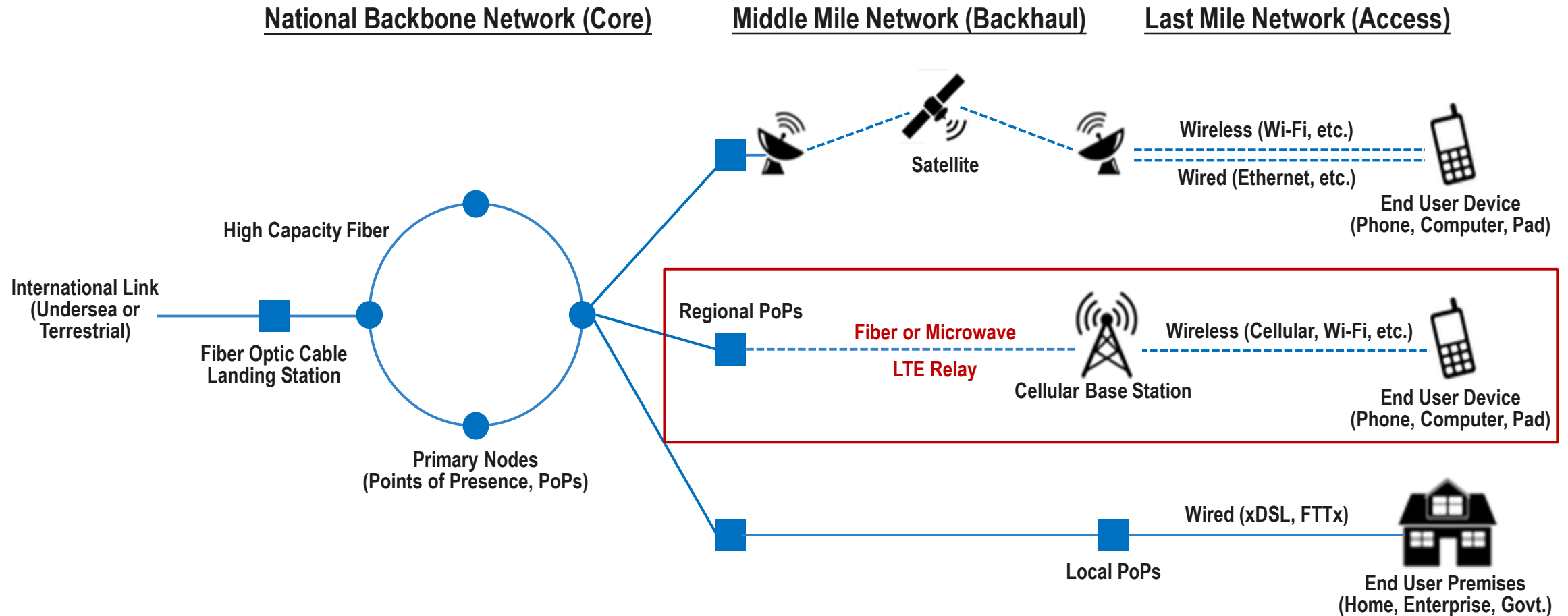
Coverage Gap



Usage Gap



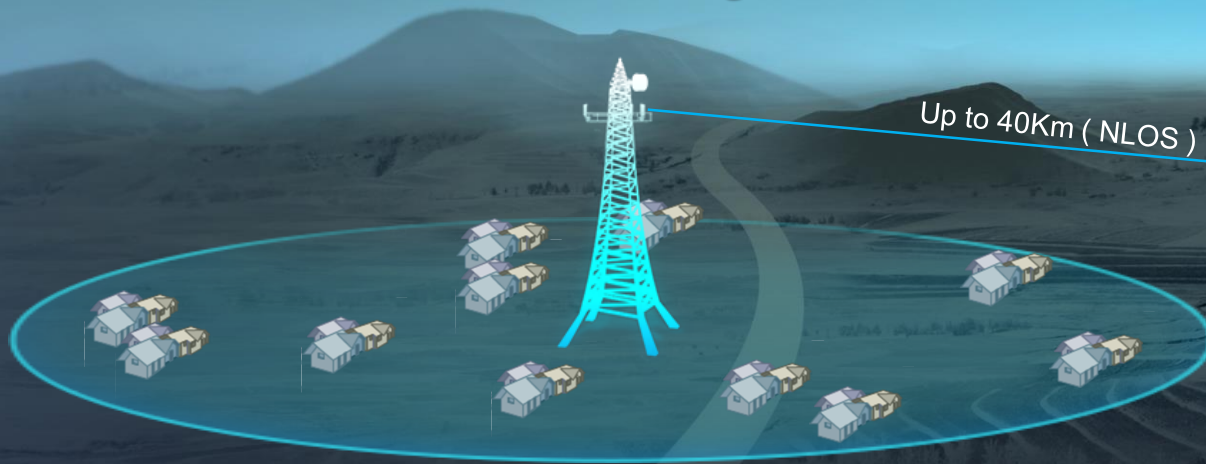
# Various technical solutions complemented to maximize coverage



Source: ITU, World Bank, Fraunhofer, etc.

# Innovative MBB solution extend coverage with extremely low cost

## Wide Coverage



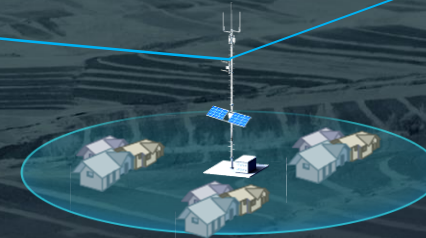
### Donor Site (edge BTS)

Dense-populated village (>3K)

High tower (>30m)

Up to 40Km ( NLOS )

## Rural Coverage



### RuralStar

Less-populated village (1K-3K)

12-24m pole, LTE relay, solar

## Ultra-Rural Coverage



### RuralStar Lite

Sparse-populated village (0.5K-1K)

6-9m pole, LTE relay, solar

# "3 Transfer"

## Stretch 60km

## Reduce 50% TCO

**Backhaul:** VSAT/MW to **LTE Relay (NLOS)**

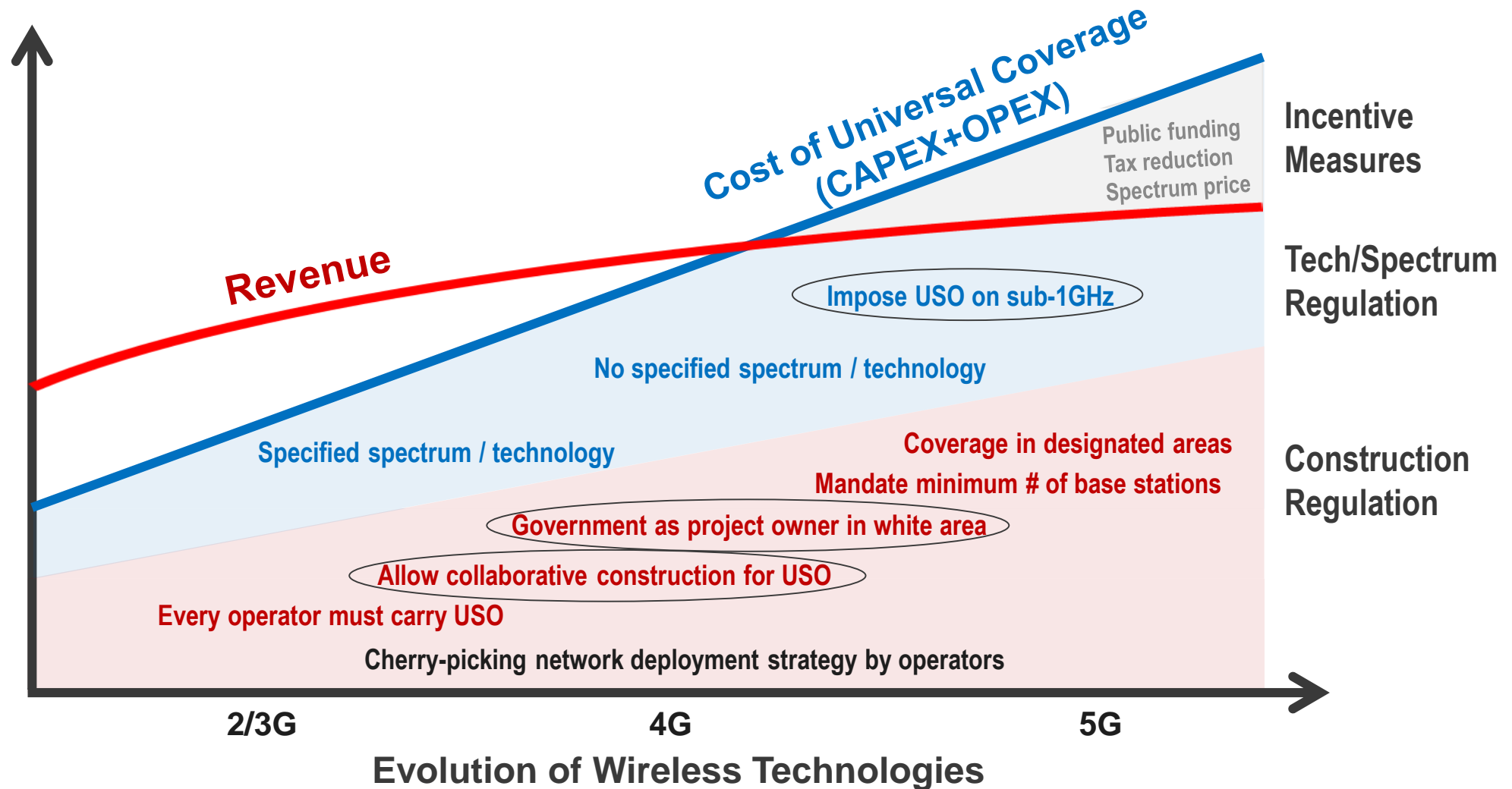
**Infrastructure:** Tower to **Pole**

**Power:** D.G to **Solar**

**Spectrum:** In-band/out-of-band **Flexibility**

**O&M:** visual **Remote** management

# Regulatory evolution on universal service obligation



Source: Bill Lan, Huawei Intelligence, 2020

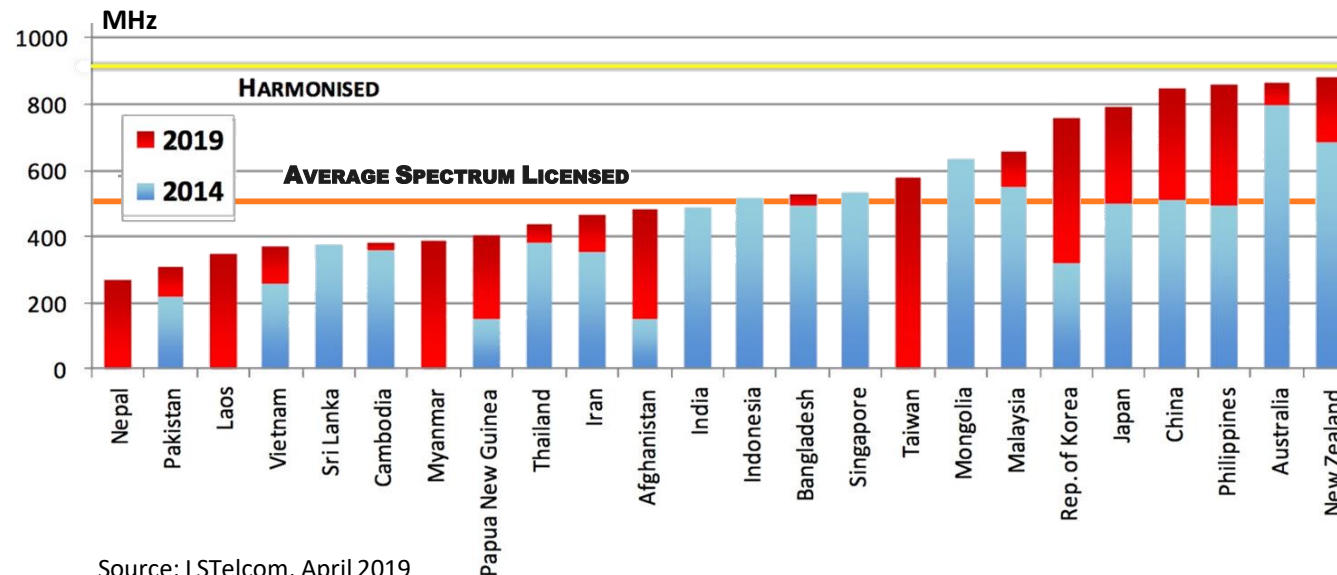
# Accelerate the assignment of sub-1GHz for better coverage

Spectrum licensed situation by region, 2019

	Region1 EU/EFTA	Region 1 ASMG	Region 1 Africa	Region 1 CIS/Balkans	Region 2	Region 3
Average spectrum licensed	757MHz	556MHz	477MHz	430MHz	426MHz	549MHz
Percentage of harmonized spectrum licensed	60%	52%	44%	40%	41%	60%
Amount of spectrum yet to be licensed	300-400MHz	500-600MHz	500-700MHz	600-700MHz	500-600MHz	300-500MHz

- Only **40-60%** of spectrum harmonized for IMT usage has been licensed globally
- **300-700 MHz** of harmonized spectrum is yet to be licensed in each ITU region
- In region 3, **549MHz** out of 915MHz harmonized mobile bands has been licensed for IMT in 2019
- IMT spectrum licensed in most **South Asia** and **Southeast Asia** still below the region average
- **Sub-1GHz bands** (700/800/900MHz) are strategic important for its coverage **2.2x** larger than middle bands, better for removing coverage gap
- Policy on **dual sub-1GHz bands** should put in place for better rural/indoor coverage against emergent event like pandemic
- Imposing **technology neutrality** to encourage 900MHz refarming for LTE

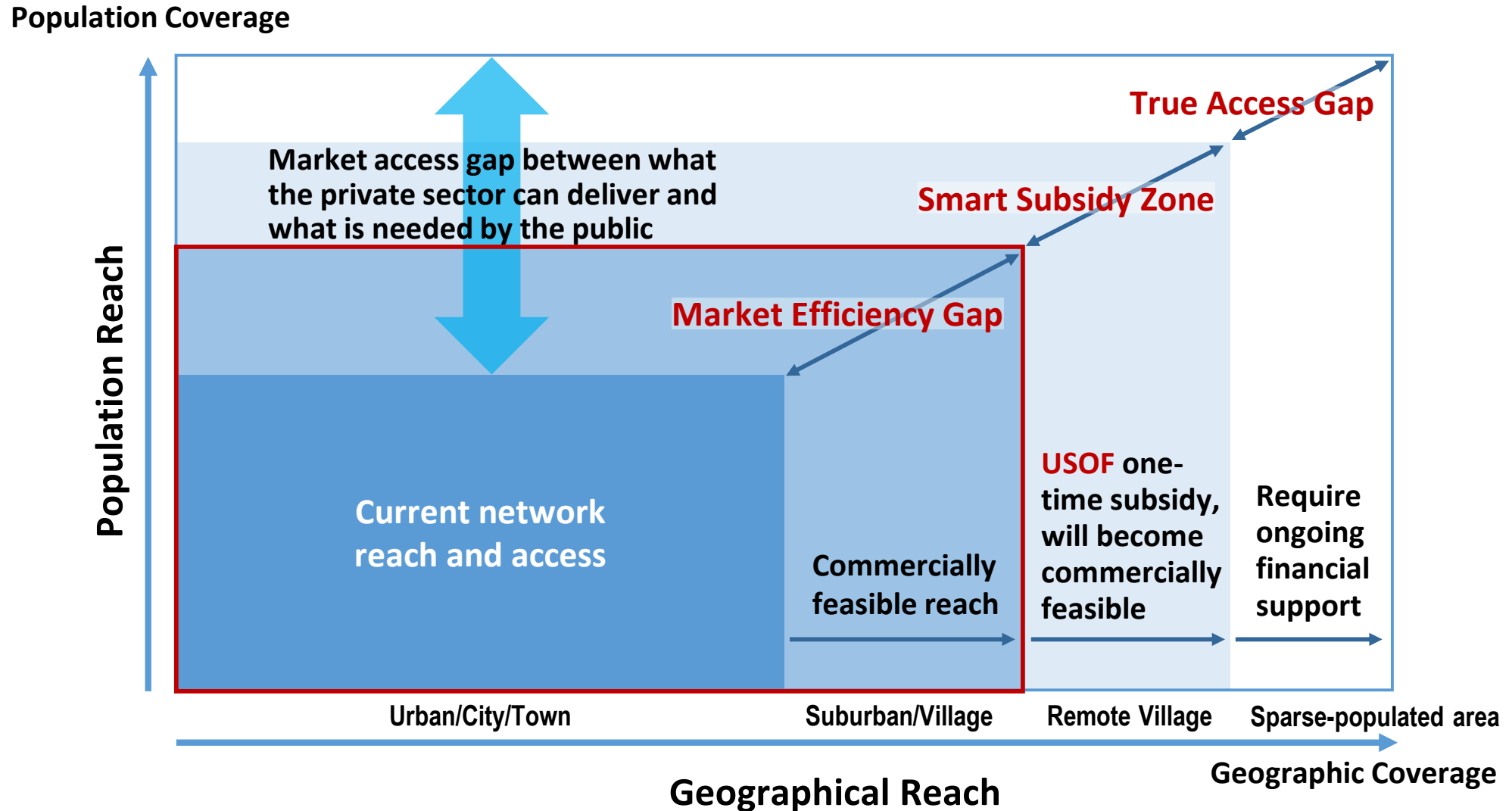
Total IMT spectrum allocation by country in Region 3



Source: LSTelcom, April 2019

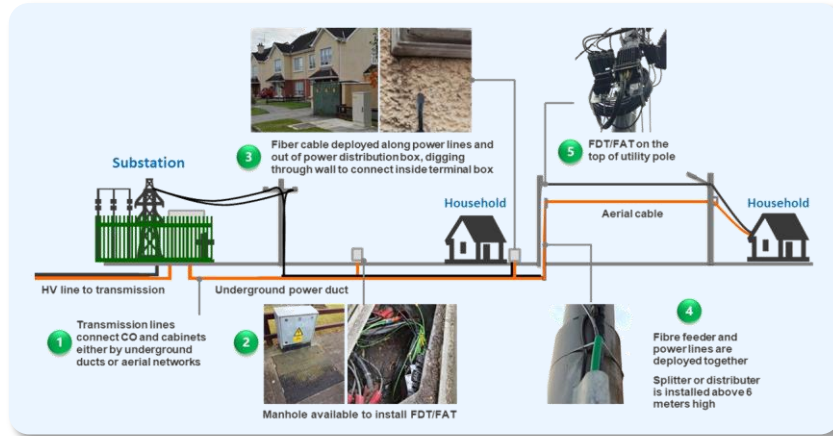


# Smart public funding upon diverse market access gaps

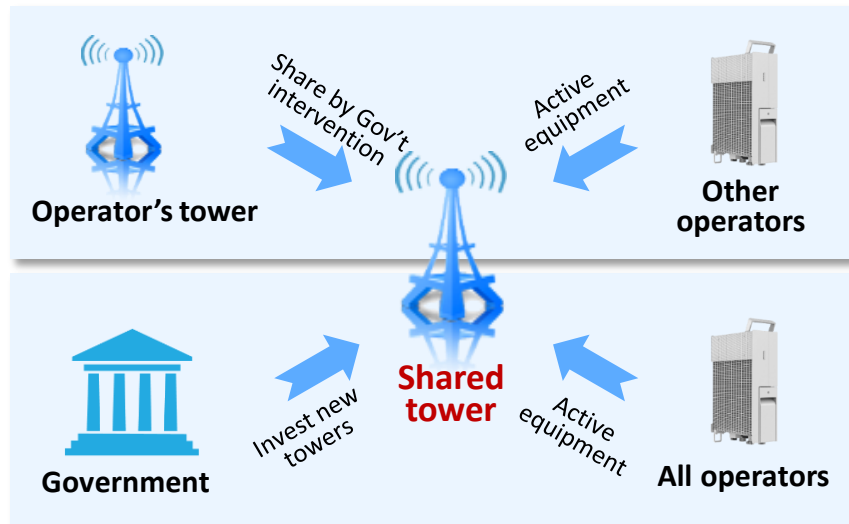


# Imposing government intervention on infrastructure sharing

## Last mile connectivity via power infrastructure



## UK passive infrastructure sharing model



Source: Huawei Intelligence

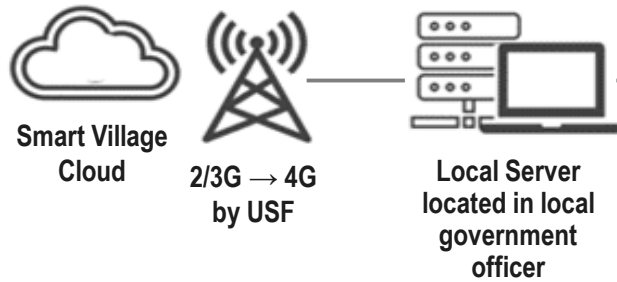
- Government shall impose **infrastructure sharing obligation** on utility company and municipality for the free access of public facilities, e.g., electric pipeline, optical cable, street light pole and traffic structure for mobile network construction
- **Tower sharing** should be enforced by government intervention or regulatory incentives such as **public subsidy, spectrum fee reduction** to encourage sharing
- UK Ofcom mandates BT **open existing poles and ducts** to all operators for new fiber network deployment
- UK Ofcom also provides **spectrum fee reduction on 700MHz** in exchange of tower sharing of among operators
- **Public funding** on passive infrastructure in the white area are popular in rural NBN projects to provide FBB or MBB services
- Active infrastructure sharing such as RAM sharing has already piloted in several countries

# Cooperation + innovation for meaningful, sustainable connectivity



**Smart Villages**

Pilots cooperated by ITU, local government and industry



Last Mile Connectivity



**E-government** portal offer identification, proclamation, public services and tax payment



**E-learning** solution for teachers, students and community members to improve literacy and e-literacy



Tablet for healthcare workers with pre-loaded **telemedicine** and decision support tools; pre-loaded healthcare apps on cellular phones



**Mobile payment** with money transfer, overdraft and microloan functions to foster microenterprises



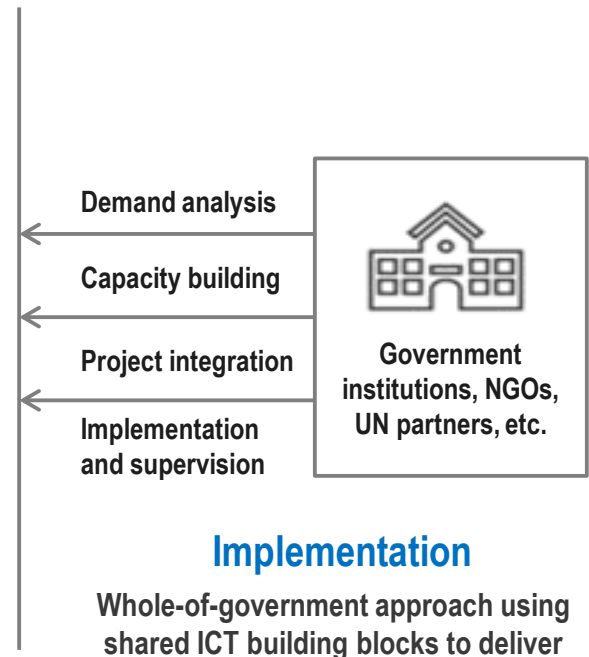
**Community marketplace**, an decentralized e-commerce platform allow villagers to share and sell foods, goods, transports to turn over surplus stock and capitalize individuals



**Agriculture information platform** to provide weather forecast, market price, pest prevention and professional advisory services to local farmers/dairy farmers

Access to other locally available applications, services and user-generated contents

Platform and Solutions



**Implementation**

Whole-of-government approach using shared ICT building blocks to deliver

Bring digital to every person, home and organization  
for a fully connected, intelligent world

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**Thank you**



**HUAWEI**

