

Monitoring the Digital Agenda for Europe

Frank GRECO

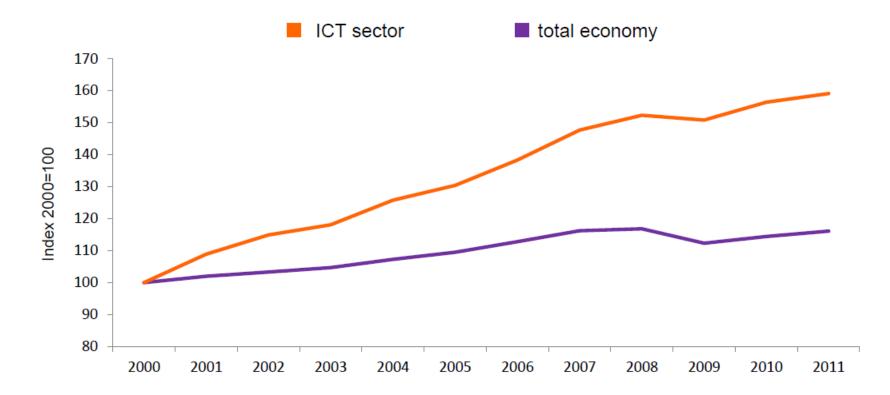
Minister Counsellor, Head of Information Society and Media, Delegation of the European Union to China



Why digital matters to Europe?



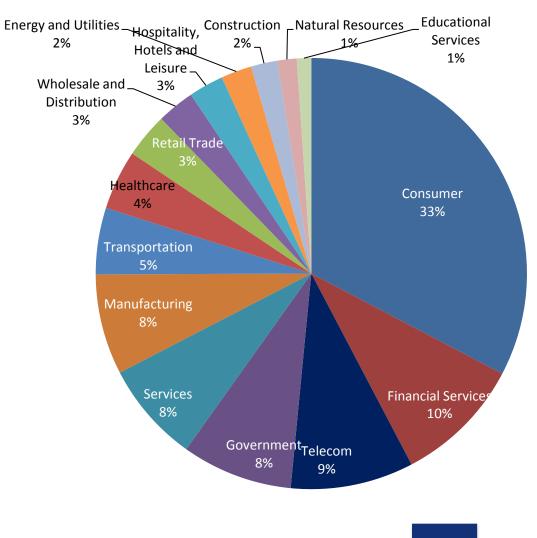
ICT sector is an increasing share of EU economy



Evolution of gross value added of the ICT sector in the EU (index 2000 = 100) Source: European Commission



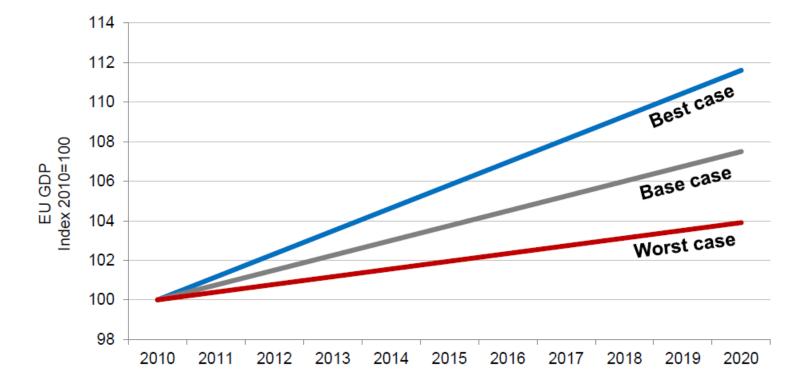
All sectors are dependent on ICT



ICT spending by category of actors (% of total spending on ICT in 2012) Source: OECD



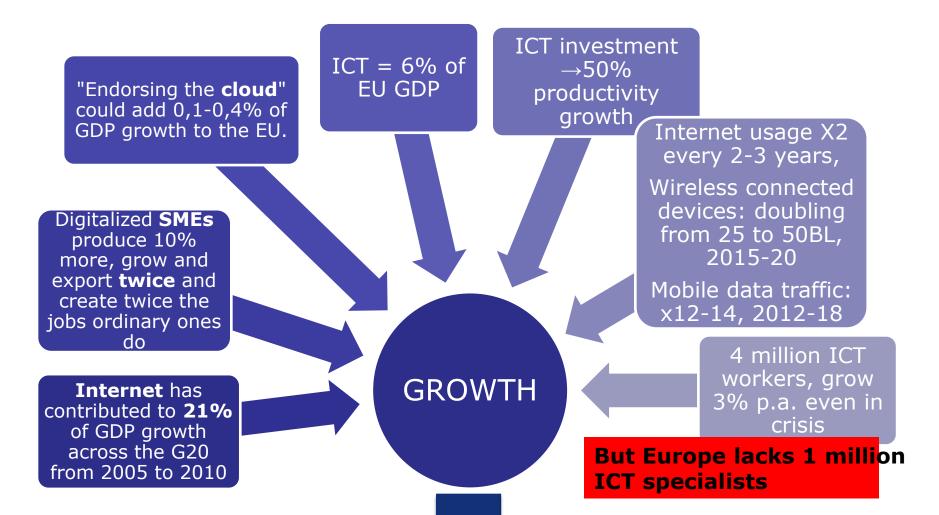
Digital economy could add 4% to EU GDP by 2020



Digital economy-related GDP growth in the EU Source: Copenhagen Economics



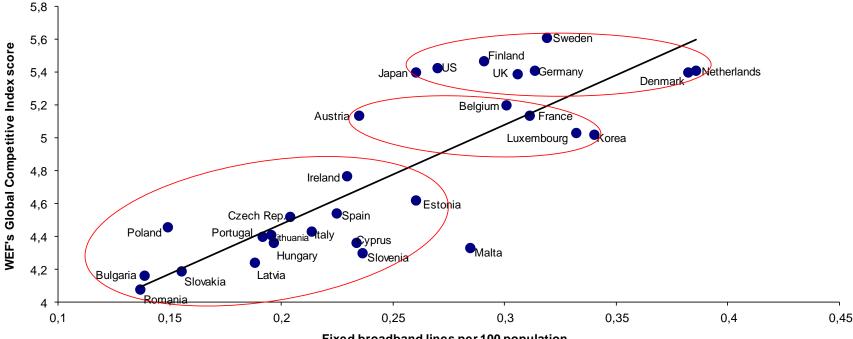
Why ICT matters





Investing in Broadband pays off

Correlation Fixed Broadband Penetration and Competitiveness



Fixed broadband lines per 100 population

A 10% increase in the broadband penetration rate results in 1 to 1.5% increase in annual GDP per-capita. Faster broadband = higher GDP growth. Source: Czernich et al. - University of Munich, 2009



What was the European Union's response?



"The Digital Agenda for Creation of Content & Borderless Services Europe" Lack of investment in networks Lack of interoperability **Rising cybercrime** and low trust Increase of the period Fragmented Roll-out Of Networks digital markets Insufficient R&D Fragmented answers to societal challenges http://www

Digital Single Market

Interoperab. & standards

Trust & security

Very fast Internet

Research & Innovation



e-skills



ICT for social challenges





40% citizens not assured to spread data over internet

38% citizens not assured to pay over internet

16% enterprises experienced threats to their internet-based systems

Trust

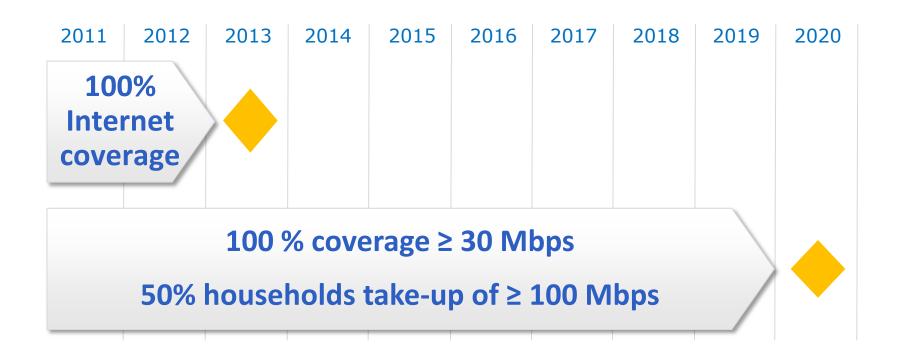
Risks of Disruption of critical networks and online business activities.

Local approaches not sufficient

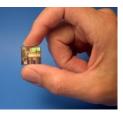










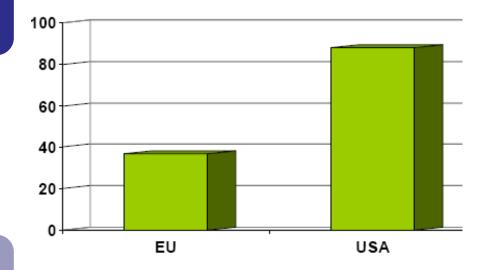


Research and innovation

Funds

- 2x investment to
 11 bn €
- Light & fast access

Coordination







Enhancing e-skills

Get more people on-line







ICT for social challenges

Environment

Health

eGovernment

Cultural diversity & creative content

Intelligent Transport

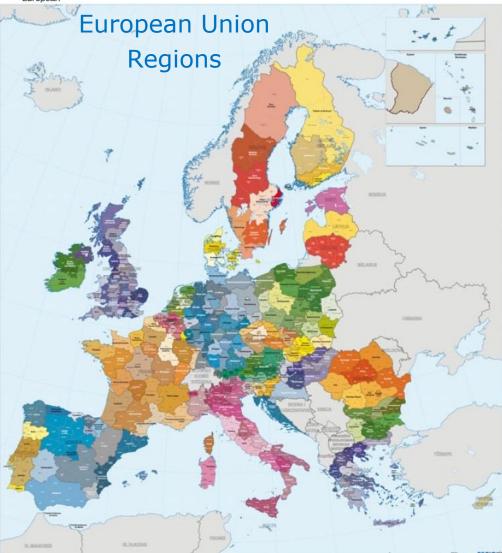


National and Regional Digital Agendas

Many national and regional authorities have implemented digital strategies.

They reflect key DAE priorities:

- investment in broadband infrastructure
 ICT enterprises
- •e-Government
- •e-Health, inclusion and accessibility.

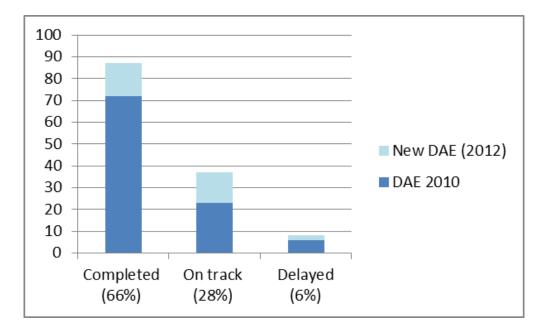




DAE Results So Far?

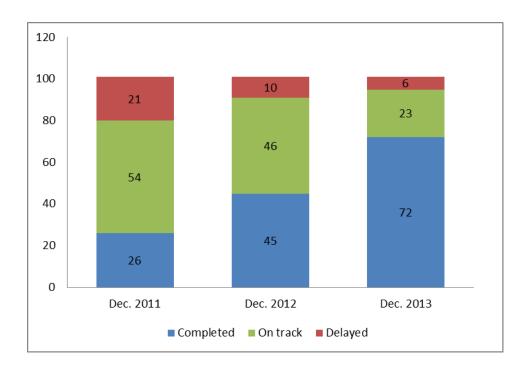


Status of DAE actions (including review actions) in December 2013





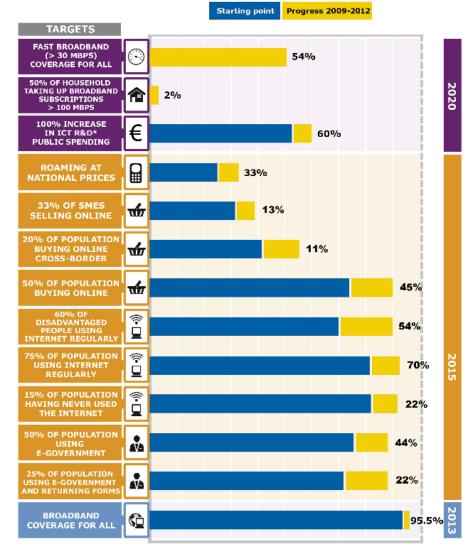
Progress of DAE original actions since 2011





Commission

Progress with respect to the targets set out in the Digital Agenda (Scoreboard)

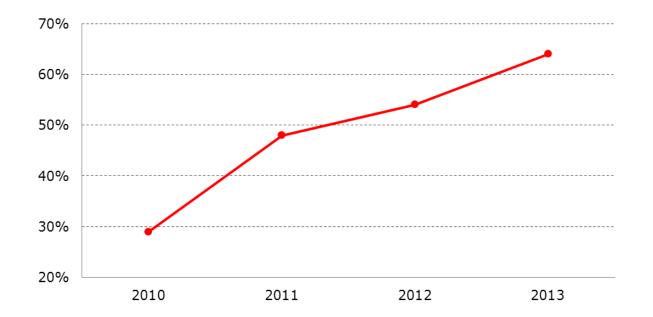


*R&D: Research & Development



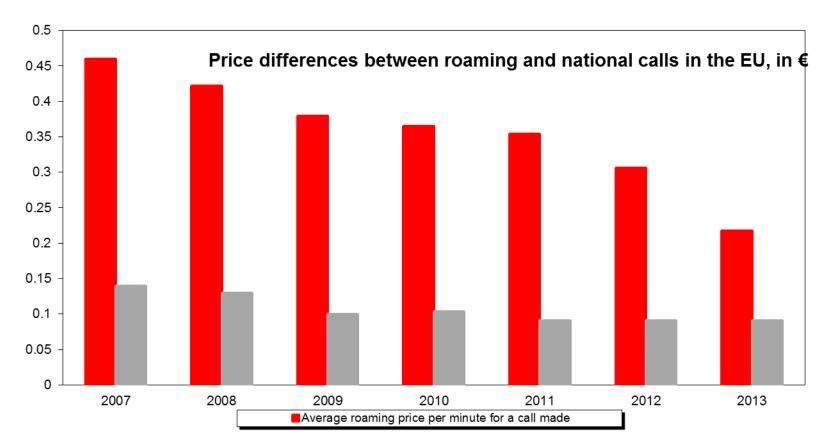
NGA COVERAGE: at least 30 Mbps connections available to 64%, up from 54% a year ago

NGA broadband coverage in the EU, 2010-2013





- ROAMING: Tariffs down thanks to EU legislation

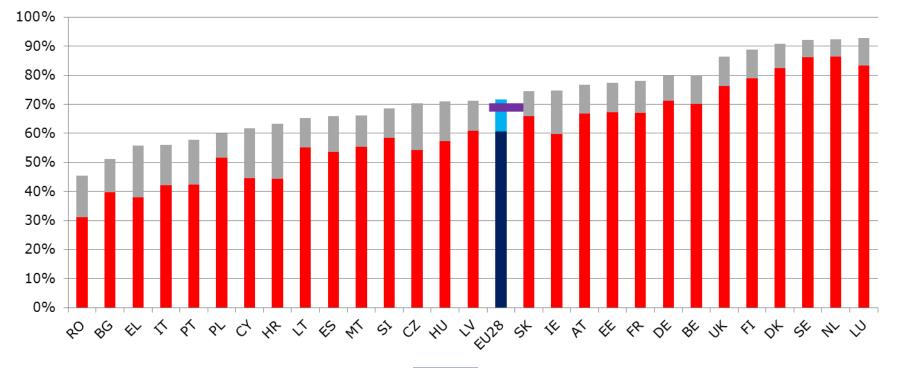




- EVERY EUROPEAN CITIZEN DIGITAL: Progress continues = +12% since 2010

Regular Internet Users (at least once a week) in %

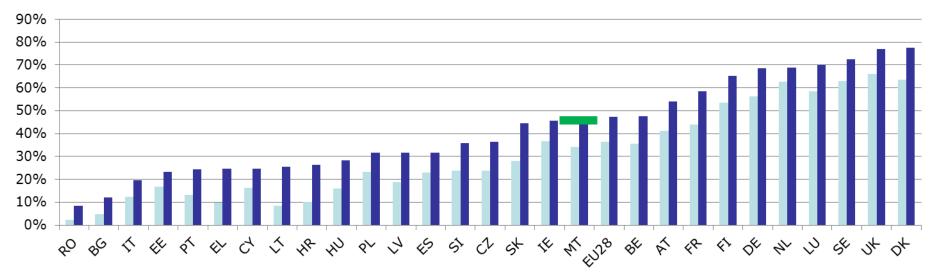
■ 2009 ■ increase by 2013





- eCommerce: Growth continues = +10% since 2009
- BUT less so cross-border (only +4 %) !

Online shopping by citizens (% of individuals)

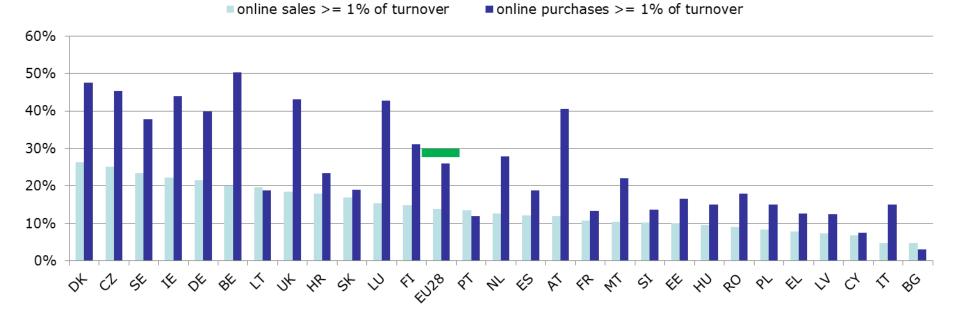


2009 2013



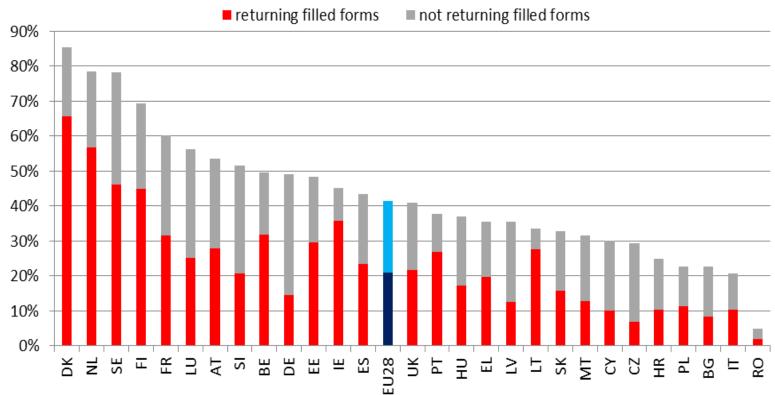
_SMEs are hardly exploiting the Internet for sales: only 14% of European SMEs sell online (+2%)

eCommerce - SMEs selling/buying online in 2012, in %





Use of eGovernment by individuals, 2013 (% of individuals)





What next?



Achieving Connected Continent would mean for...

JOBS		GROWTH	
In telecoms sector	Reverse unsustainable <i>status quo</i>	From the digital agenda	4% on GDP by 2020
In ICT	Nearly 1 million unfilled digital jobs available	From a telecoms single market	€110 billion / year
In wider economy	2 million jobs by 2020	For all sectors of economy	Connectivity: life blood of economy



Telecom Single Market (TSM): Aims

- Contribute to a single market based on freedoms of providers and consumers to act across borders
- Address remaining barriers with focused measures building on the current framework
- Maintain market regulation based on competition principles
- Safeguard open internet, while leaving space for innovation
- Enable economies of scale to be passed to consumers without prejudicing efficient operators of any size



TSM: Key Measures

- Single consumer space
 - > Open Internet: **net neutrality**
 - Harmonised end-user rights and easier switching
 - > End to roaming
- European inputs for high-speed broadband
 - > Wireless: spectrum coordination; facilitating small
 cells
 - Fixed: European virtual access products
- Single EU authorisation
 - Simplified and more convergent regulation



Thank you!

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http://ec.europa.eu/digital-agenda/

http://www.daeimplementation.eu



Digital Agenda Scoreboard 2014

