## Accelerating innovation, entrepreneurship and digital transformation in Europe

### Regional Good Practices Report Overview

#### Kasia Jakimowicz

kjakimowicz@hks.harvard.edu https://www.linkedin.com/in/katejakimowicz/



## About this report

- Evidence-based guidance on measuring innovation capacity the region
- Provides insights and good practices that can be replicated by innovation champions in local communities
- Based on data available on Dec 2020
- 46 countries
- 15 best practices





## About this report

 Based on the 2017 ITU digital innovation framework, updated in 2020 with Bridging the Digital Innovation Divide: A toolkit for developing sustainable ICTcentric ecosystem projects

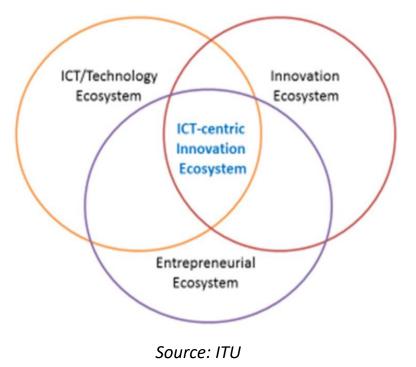






## 3 engines of growth:

- national innovation ecosystem
- entrepreneurial ecosystem
- technology ecosystem





- ICT Development Index (IDI) measures ICT infrastructure and access, the level of ICT use in society and the impact of efficient and effective ICT use
- <u>Global Innovation Index</u> measures and ranks countries' efforts and success in innovation
- <u>Global Competitiveness Index</u> measures 12 pillars that the WEF has identified as essential to national competitiveness
- <u>Global Entrepreneurship Index</u> measures 14 entrepreneurshipenabling pillars



## 3 engines of growth – TOP 5 performing countries in Europe

	ITU IDI Ranking (2017) 176 countries	Global Innovation Index Ranking (2020) 131 countries	Global Competitiveness Index Ranking (2020) 141 countries	Global Entrepreneurship Index Ranking (2018) 137 countries
Denmark	4	6		6
Germany			7	
Iceland	1			7
Netherlands	7	5	4	
Switzerland	3	1	5	1
Sweden		2	8	
UK	5	4	9	4



## 3 engines of growth – Bottom 5 performing countries in Europe

	ITU IDI Ranking (2017) 176 countries	Global Innovation Index Ranking (2020) 131 countries	Global Competitiveness Index Ranking (2020) 141 countries	Global Entrepreneurship Index Ranking (2018) 137 countries
Albania	89	83	81	83
Bosnia and Herzegovina	83		92	95
Ukraine	79		85	
North Macedonia	69	57	82	
Georgia	74	63		77
Moldova		59	86	92
Serbia		53		74



Country	Income level (2019) <sup>19</sup>	Entrepreneurial eco- system performance (Global Entrepreneurship Index 2018)	Technology ecosystem performance (ITU IDI 2017)	Innovation ecosystem performance (Global Innovation Index 2019)	Innovation performance (2019)
Finland	High income	Green	Green	Green	Above expecta- tions for level of development
France	High income	Green	Green	Green	Above expecta- tions for level of development
Georgia	Lower-middle income	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow	Above expecta- tions for level of development
Germany	High income	Green	Green	Green	Above expecta- tions for level of development
Greece	High income	Yellow	Green	Yellow	In line with expectations for level of develop- ment
Hungary	High income	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow	In line with expectations for level of develop- ment
Iceland	High income	Green	Green	Green	In line with expectations for level of develop- ment
Ireland	High income	Green	Green	Green	Above expecta- tions for level of development
Israel	High income	Green	Green	Green	Above expecta- tions for level of development
Italy	High income	Yellow	Yellow	Green	In line with expectations for level of develop- ment
Latvia	High income	Yellow	Green	Yellow	In line with expectations for level of develop- ment
Lichtenstein	-	-	-	-	-

### • EU + UK performs better than EU countries



Country	Income level (2019) <sup>10</sup>	Entrepreneurial eco- system performance (Global Entrepreneurship Index 2018)	Technology ecosystem performance (ITU IDI 2017)	Innovation ecosystem performance (Global Innovation Index 2019)	Innovation performance (2019)
Lithuania	High income	Green	Green	Yellow	Below expecta- tions for level of development
Luxembourg	High income	Green	Green	Green	In line with expectations for level of develop- ment
Malta	High income	-	Green	Green	In line with expectations for level of develop- ment
Moldova	Lower-middle income	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow	Above expecta- tions for level of development
Monaco	-	-	Green	reen -	
Montenegro	Upper-middle income	Yellow	Green	Yellow	Above expecta- tions for level of development
Netherlands	High income	Green	Green	Green	Above expecta- tions for level of development
North Macedonia	Upper-middle income	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow	Above expecta- tions for level of development
Norway	High income	Green	Green	Green	In line with expectations for level of develop- ment
Poland	High income	Green	Yellow	Yellow	In line with expectations for level of develop- ment
Portugal	High income	Green	Green	Green	In line with expectations for level of develop- ment
Romania	Upper-middle income	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow	In line with expectations for level of develop- ment

 Among EU27 + UK, only Bulgaria, Hungary, Slovakia, and Romania demonstrate moderate level of performance in all dimensions



Country	Income level (2019) <sup>19</sup>	Entrepreneurial eco- system performance (Global Entrepreneurship Index 2018)	Technology ecosystem performance (ITU IDI 2017)	Innovation ecosystem performance (Global Innovation Index 2019)	Innovation performance (2019)
San Marino	-	-	-	-	-
Serbia	Upper-middle income	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow	In line with expectations for level of develop- ment
Slovakia	High income	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow	In line with expectations for level of develop- ment
Slovenia	High income	Green	Green	Green	In line with expectations for level of develop- ment
Spain	High income	Green	Green	Green	In line with expectations for level of develop- ment
Sweden	High income	Green	Green Green		Above expecta- tions for level of development
Switzerland	High income Green Green		Green	Above expecta- tions for level of development	
Turkey	Upper-middle income Yellow Yellow		Yellow	Below expecta- tions for level of development	
Ukraine	Lower-middle Income	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow	Above expecta- tions for level of development
United Kingdom	High income	Green	Green	Green	Above expecta- tions for level of development
Vatican	-	-	-	-	-

- Among non-EU countries, all but Macedonia demonstrate moderate performance in all three engines of growth
- But non-EU countries are catching up



#### UK country policy "screenshot"

		Policy type (engine of growth)			
Country	Policy	Entre- pre- neurial	Techno- logy	Inno- vation	
United Kingdom <sup>313, 314</sup>	UK Digital Strategy 2017 <sup>315</sup>	х	х	х	
	Making Tax Digital <sup>316</sup> 2018	х			
	Innovator Visa, Startup Visa and Entrepreneur Visa <sup>317</sup>			х	
	Scotland's Digital Future Strategy, Digital Wales Strategy and Digital Northern Ireland 2020 <sup>318</sup>		х	x	
	Government Digital Inclusion Strategy <sup>319</sup> 2014		х		
	Innovation Strategy <sup>320</sup> for Government 2019		х	х	
	Fintech Regulatory Sandbox <sup>321</sup> 2015			х	
	Al Review (2017) <sup>322</sup> and Sector deal (2018) <sup>323</sup>		х	х	
	Industrial Strategy 2017 <sup>324</sup>		х	х	
	Seed Enterprise Investment Scheme <sup>325</sup> Tax Incentive Scheme				



### **Good practices**

- Guiding innovation dynamics practices that enable digital innovation to exist. They support the general innovation environment
- Building innovation capacity practices that enable a sufficiently welldeveloped infrastructure and talent pool with access to resources in the ecosystem to solve problems in their community. They equip innovators with the right tools, skills, spaces and resources to succeed
- Integrating ICT innovation into key sectors practices that help to integrate ICT innovation across sectors for start-ups and SMEs to realize their full potential and scale up beyond their niche, enabling transformation across other industries



### **Good practices**

•	Be-Code	Belgium	•	Italian Startup Act and Startup Visa	Italy
•	Challenge Driven Innovation Programme	Sweden	•	Startup Visa Lithuania	Lithuania
•	De-Hub Digital Hub Initiative	Germany	•	Station F	France
•	Innovation and Technology Agency	Georgia	•	UK-Albania Tech Hub	Albania
•	GovTech Poland/GovTech Centre	Poland	•	UK Fintech Regulatory Sandbox	UK
•	Heath Tech Lab	Serbia	•	UNDP Accelerator Lab	Serbia
•	Icelandic Startups	Iceland	•	Yozma Group	Israel
			•	Industry 4.0 Pilot Factories	Austria



## **Ecosystem Canvas - 7 enablers of digital transformation**

Vision and strategy

Infrastructure and programmes

Talent and champions

Capital and resources

Markets and networks

Culture and communities

**Regulation and policy** 



Vision	1/3 of countries above expectations Only 2 countries below expectations
Infrastructure	2/3 of the countries have strong hard ICT infrastructure Around half of the countries is weak in soft infrastructure
Talent	Only 1/3 of the countries performed well Lack of talent with relevant skills
Capital	1/3 of countries is very strong in access to capital and resources Only 5 countries underperform
Markets	Market sophistication is moderate in Europe 25% of countries perform very well
Culture	40% of the countries need further improvement
Regulation	Unequal performance across the indicators and countries Slovenia & UK lead in the cost of starting a business; Bosnia and Herzegovina, Germany, and North Macedonia - regulatory framework for insolvency protection



Thank you

Kasia Jakimowicz

https://www.linkedin.com/in/katejakimowicz/

<u>kjakimowicz@hks.harvard.edu</u> <u>kasia@vufund.vc</u>

