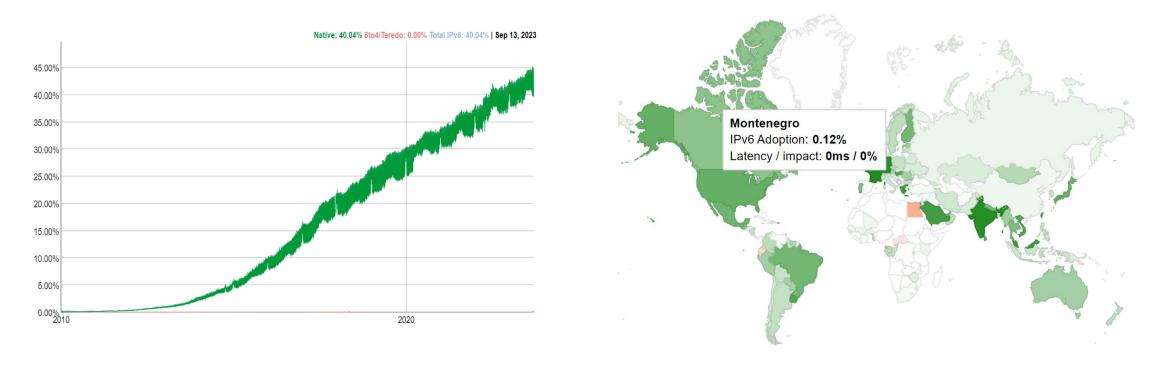
IPv6 transition – opportunities and challenges

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Where are we now with IPv6 adoption?



- The percentage of users that access Google over IPv6 is around 43%.
- IPv6 is used by <u>22.1%</u> of all the websites
- Although IPv6 is future of Internet, adoption is slower than anticipated

Opportunities around IPv6

- Support for IoT and introducing new services
- Improved network performance and efficient routing
- Address space expansion
- No need for NAT, cost reduction
- Global connectivity and reachability
- Competitive advantage
- IPv6 expertise



Concerns about migrating to IPv6

- Hardware limitations in corporate and data center segment, dealing with legacy NEs
- Complexity and multi-vendor environment
- Required human and time resources
- Business requirements and costs associated to new infrastructure
- Security impact of IPv6
 - Dual-stacking
 - Header manipulation
 - Flooding
 - Mobility
 - DNS issues

OS IPv6 support

| OS | Version | Claimed IPv6 ready | Installed by default | DHCPv6 | ND RDNSS | Notes |
|-------------------|---------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------|----------|--|
| Android | 4.2 | Yes [[] | Yes | No | Yes | Support for DHCPv6 (RFC 3315) |
| iOS | 4.1 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | iOS supports stateless DHCPv6 since version 4 and stateful DHCPv6 since 4.3.1. |
| Windows Mobile | 6.5 | Yes | Yes | Lite | No | |
| Windows phone | 8.1 | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | |

ONE Montenegro IPv6 allocation

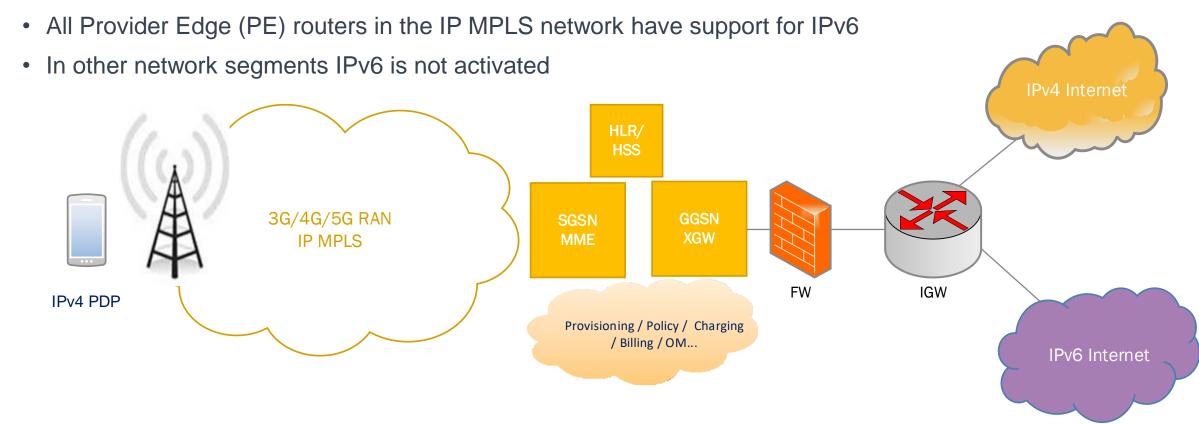




| Υ | ou are editing | One Crna Gora DOO | |
|--|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| My Resources Sponsored Resources | | | |
| Total allocated subnets: 128K Total allocated subnets used: 0 Total allocated subnets free: 128K | | | Create assignment |
| IPv4 IPv6 ASN | | | |
| 2a01:5da0::/32 | | | > |
| ALLOCATED-BY-RIR ME-TELENOR-20131129 IRR | | | |
| 2a03:16a0::/32 | | | > |
| ALLOCATED-BY-RIR ME-TELENOR-20140723 IRR | | | |

Current status of IPv6 in ONE network

- All network elements in core IP network support IPv6 functionality
- Dual stack active on Internet Gateway routers
- IPv6 peering was established with upstream provider in January 2021.
- IPv6 range assigned to One by RIPE is visible from our IGWs



Transition option in ONE MBB network

Preferred transition model is dual-stack



Dual Stack:

- IPv4 and IPv6 in parallel
- Bearer/PDP could be IPv4, IPv6 or both

- No changes on UE
- Without impact on 3GPP network architecture
- Does not introduce overhead (tunnel)
- Transport network agnostic
- No impact on QoS/bearer procedure between UE and PDN GW/SGW/GGSN
- With lowest risk on user experience during and after migration

Way forward

- Strategic planning and with "outside to inside" phased approach
- Launch Pilot project for transition (PoC deployment)

IPv6 address plan and management policy

IPv6 support assessment across domains (EPC, Billing, Gi FW, DNS, DHCP, AAA)

Migrate on dual stack infrastructure (implementing IPv6 network links)

Enable IPv6 services and apps (eg. DNS, web server..)

Enable IPv6 for monitoring tools and support systems

Thank you

