related to SMALL SATELLITE Earth Stations (TA)

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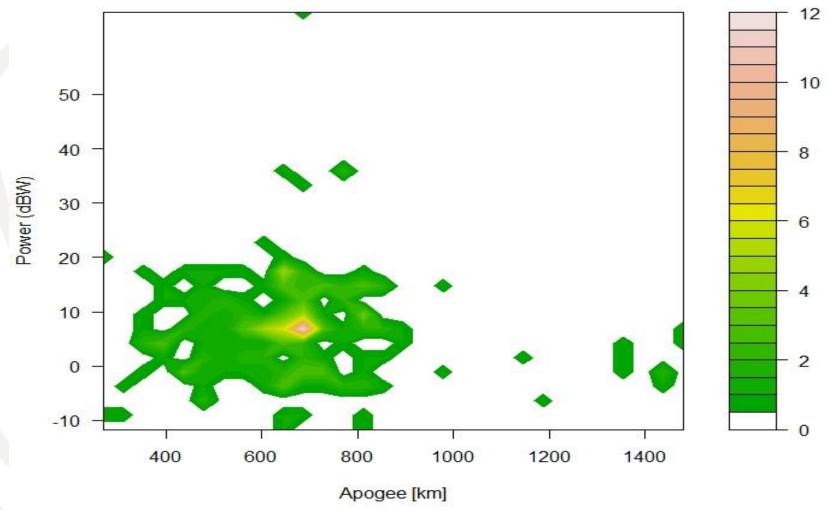


Small satellites - plot of the maximum peak power (pep_max) against the satellite apogee value



Notifications

Maximum pep_max vs. apogee distance





- In conformity with No. **25.11** of the RR, any amateur-satellite operator shall set up at least one TT&C earth station (TA) to ensure that any harmful interference caused by emissions from its satellite can be terminated immediately (No. **22.1**)
- TA TT&C station, have to be operated by an operator with a valid amateur license (duly authorized person) (Nos. 1.56 and 1.57 and ART 25) and callsign (ART 19)



- TT&C station is a critical part of the amateursatellite systems with technical and operational challenges
 - ➤ visibility/access time (in-view window), of a satellite for a given Earth station is very short due to low orbit height and varies from approximately 10-15 minutes in the best case to no coverage at all for most of the 16 daily orbits



- Small satellite operators may improve this situation by setting up an Internet connected special dedicated network of numerous/multiple remote amateur-satellite Earth stations (ARS-ES) along its satellite track (instead of one amateursatellite Earth station, waiting for downlink opportunities)
- to increase a satellite availability, and
- to extend access time, and
- ➤ practically to have a global coverage (service area), capable to track and download telemetry or mission science data from the satellite at any place and any time if at least one "networked" ARS-ES can see (in-view-window) the satellite, in this case
- the satellite <u>service area</u> have to be notified as XVE – VISIBLE EARTH



- In most cases the "networked" remote ARS-ES are
- outside of its satellite service area and
- ➤ ADM very rarely notify this "extended service area" in the satellite filing to the Bureau
- This missing information may generate a *harmful interference situation* when the amateur-satellite is operating in the bands shared with other services (No. **5.282**) on a non-interference basis and the satellite is "active" (transmitting with a high power) *outside of its service area*



- Administrations may authorize operation of these specific ARS-ES (TA),
- Which can receive the telemetry or mission science data from any amateur-satellite and
- Send this data <u>by Internet</u> to the particular amateur-satellite Mission Control Centre.
- However, <u>to protect frequency assignments</u> and gain international recognition of such ARS-ES (TA) in application of Resolution 642 (WARC-97), administrations should under No. 11.2 Notify these ARS-ES (TA) to the Bureau
- In contrary, it's necessary to note that a <u>remote transmission</u> (<u>uplink</u>) by Internet and remote utilisation of ARS-ES TT&C earth command station for transmission (<u>uplink</u>) is prohibited, <u>unless the Administrations concerned authorize it</u>.
 (See Resolution 1 and ART 18)

RES-642



RES-642 Relating to the bringing into use of earth stations in the amateur-satellite service

- Procedures of Articles 9 and 11 are applicable to the amateur-satellite service (ARS)
- Characteristics of TA vary widely
- Space stations in the ARS are intended for multiple access by TA in all countries
- Coordination among ARS TA is without the need for formal procedures
- Burden of terminating any HI is placed on the ADM authorizing a space station in the ARS (No. 25.11)

RES-642



- When an ADM intends to establish a satellite system in the ARS and wishes to publish information with respect to TA it may:
- Communicate to the Bureau all or part of the information listed in APP 4; the Bureau shall publish such information in a Special Section
- 2. Requesting comments to be communicated within a period of four months after the date of publication
- 3. Notify under Nos. 11.2 to 11.8 all or part of the information listed in APP 4
- 4. The Bureau shall record it in a special list
- 5. This information shall include <u>at least the characteristics of a typical</u> **TA** having the facility to transmit signals to the space station to initiate, modify, or terminate the functions of the space station (No. **25.11**)

ITU RADIO REGULATIONS

related to

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Earth Stations (TA)

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Questions ?

