

# **Possible network parameters on IMT-2020/5G transport network**

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**16<sup>th</sup>, October, 2017  
KDDI (Japan)  
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# Agenda

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## 1. Introduction

- ✓ ITU-R IMT vision
- ✓ Possible usage scenarios

## 2. Possible 5G network deployment scenario

- ✓ Network structures
- ✓ Deployment scenario

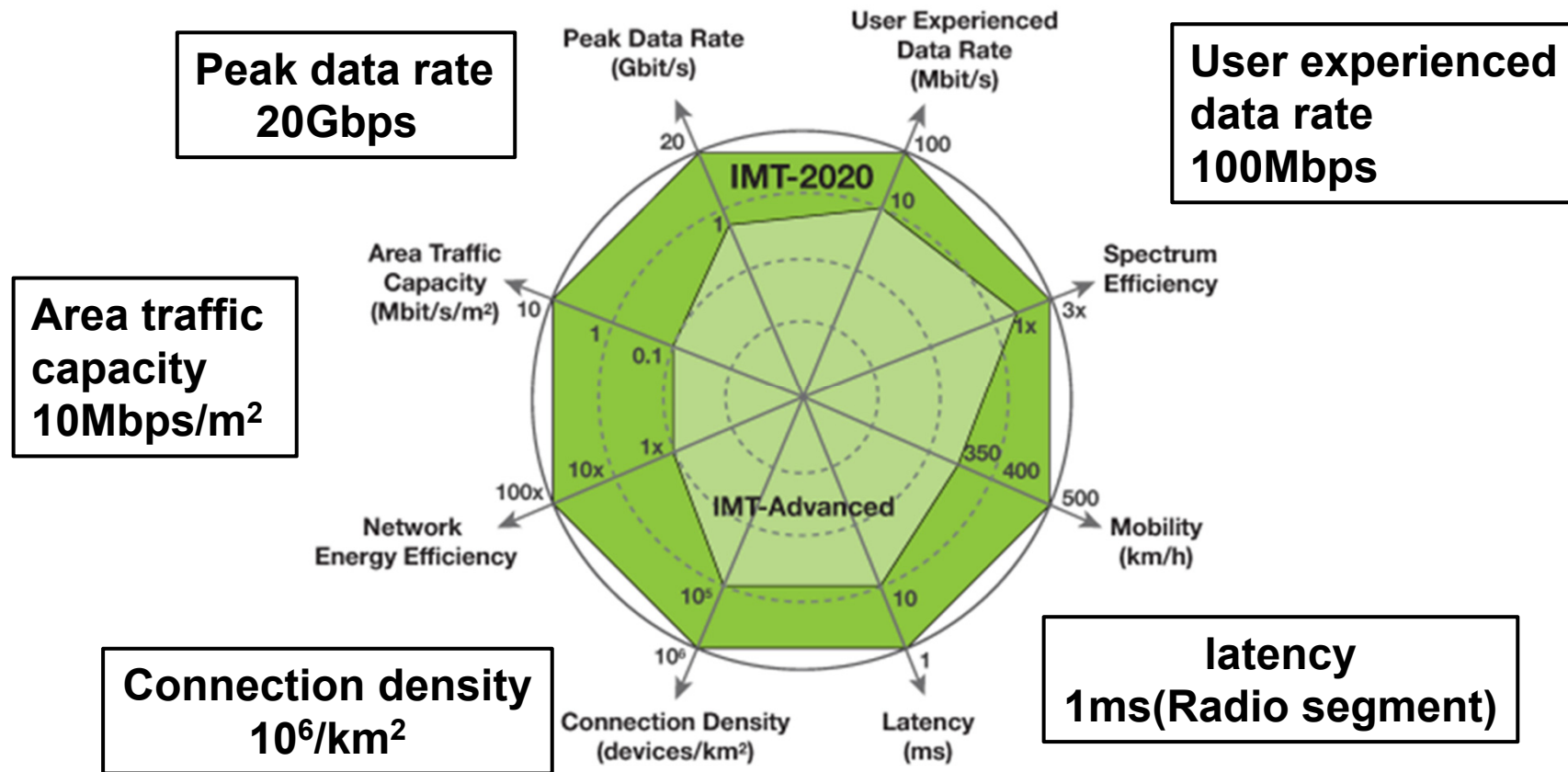
## 3. Possible 5G network parameters

- ✓ Network topology
- ✓ Bandwidth, Interface type, Latency, etc.

## 4. Summary

# ITU-R IMT Vision (IMT-2020)

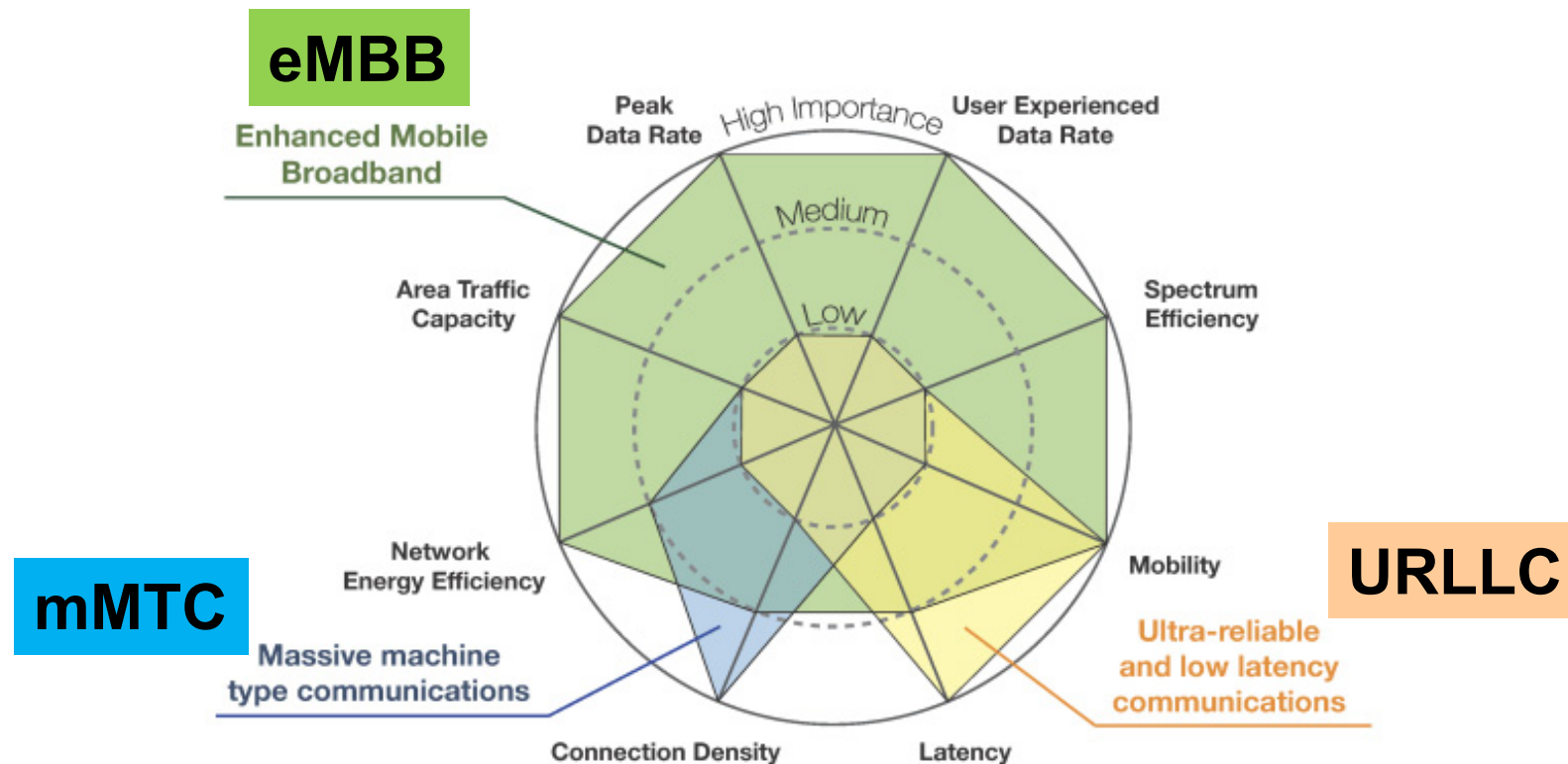
✓ Enhancement of key capabilities from IMT-Advanced to IMT-2020



Reference : IMT Vision – “Framework and overall objectives of the future development of IMT for 2020 and beyond”, ITU-R Recommendation M.2083-0, September 2015.

# ITU-R IMT Vision (IMT-2020) (Cont'd)

- ✓ The importance of key capabilities in different usage scenarios
  - eMBB, mMTC, and URLLC



Reference : IMT Vision – “Framework and overall objectives of the future development of IMT for 2020 and beyond”, ITU-R Recommendation M.2083-0, September 2015.

# Possible 5G usage scenarios

## The user-centric broadband world

URLLC

### Vivid experience

Realistic-sensational  
remote virtual experience

eMBB



Viewing real-time free-viewpoint 3D video



### Industry promotion, Social Infrastructure

Connected car



Control of unmanned agricultural machine



Security camera



mMTC

**au** : The mobile brand of KDDI.

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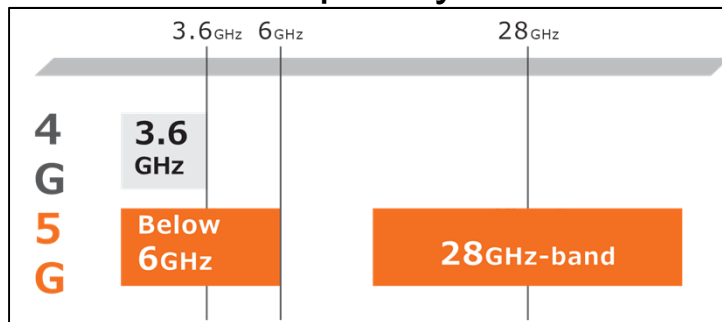
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## 4. Summary

# Possible radio access network

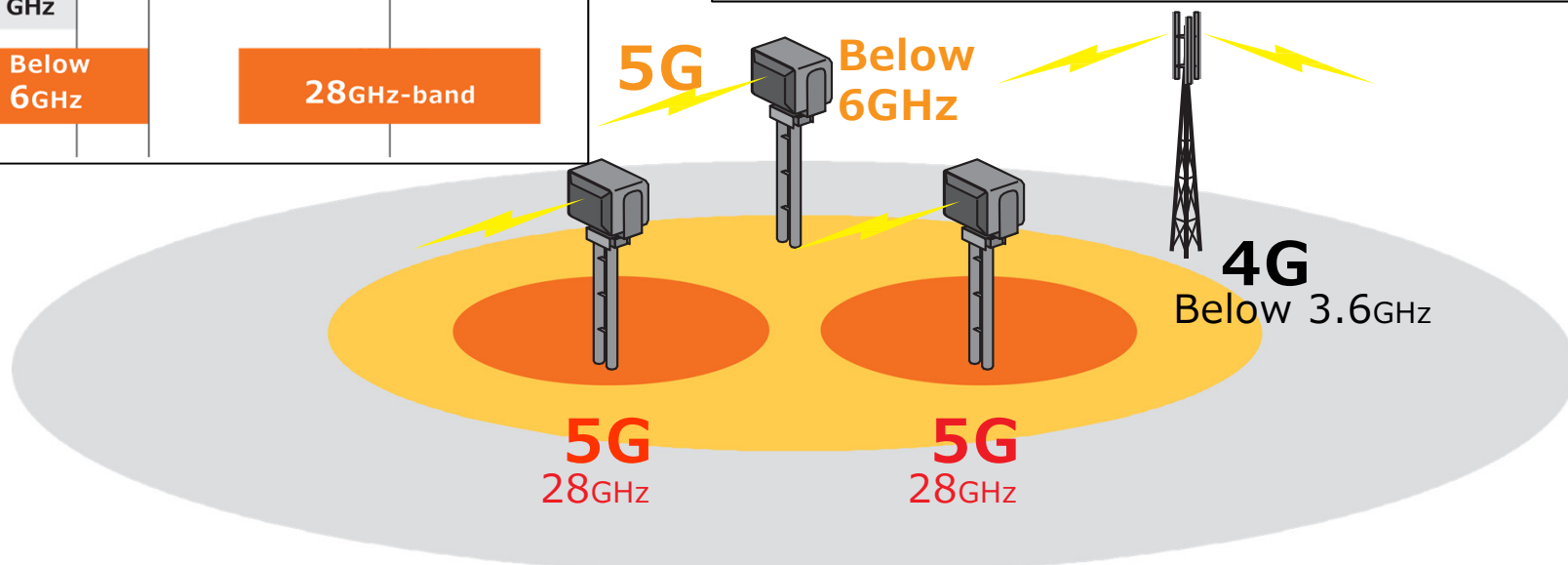
- **5G bands will be used in combination with 4G to complement each other.**
  - Requirement of use cases (Mobility, Area, Latency, etc.)
  - Separation of C-plane and U-plane
  - Standalone(SA), Non-Standalone(NSA) scenarios

Possible frequency allocation



Application example:

- 5G: High speed, Small area.
  - 4G: Lower speed, Wide area.
- ↑ Complementary



# Slice network

Example: Multiple slices concurrently operated on the same infrastructure.

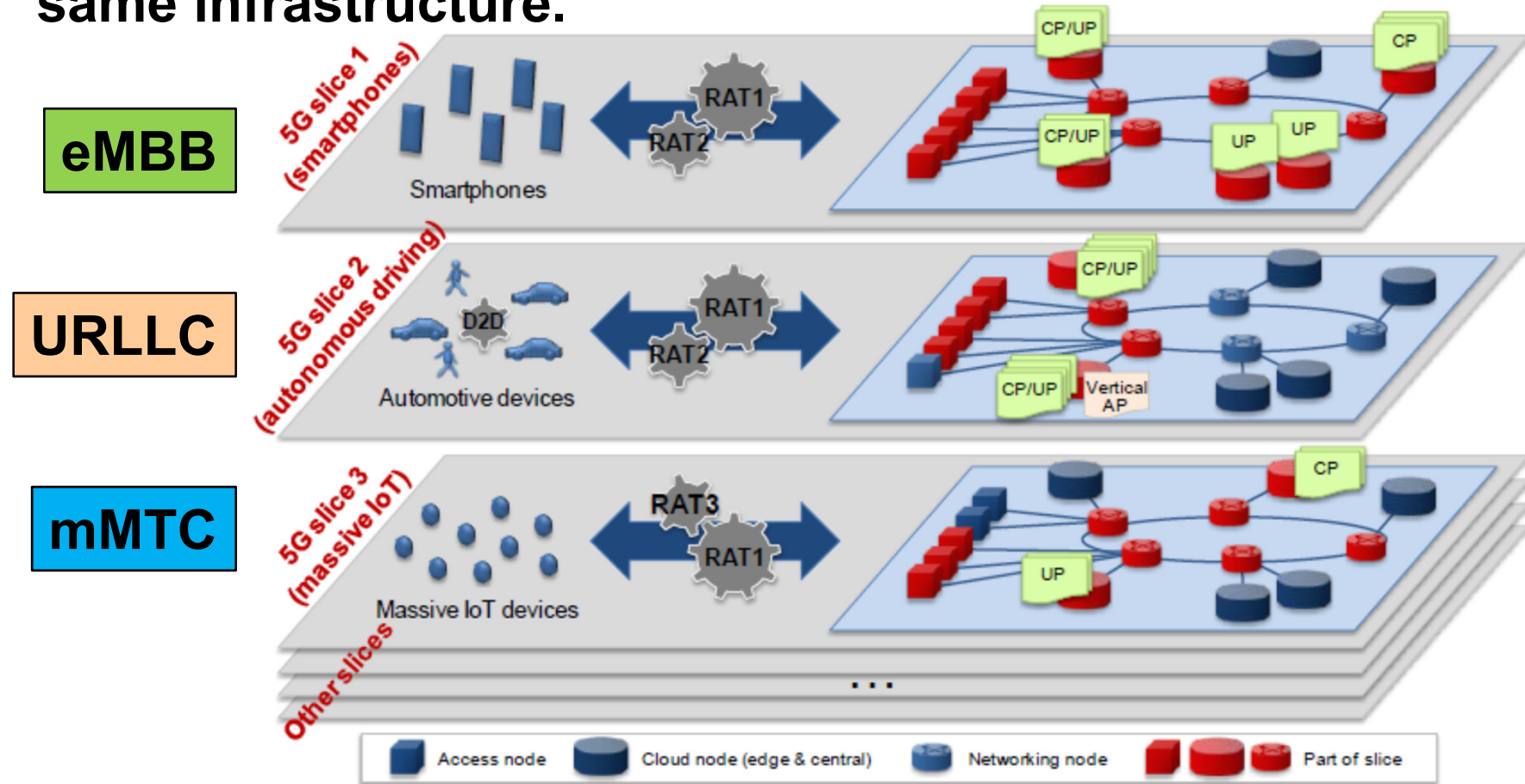


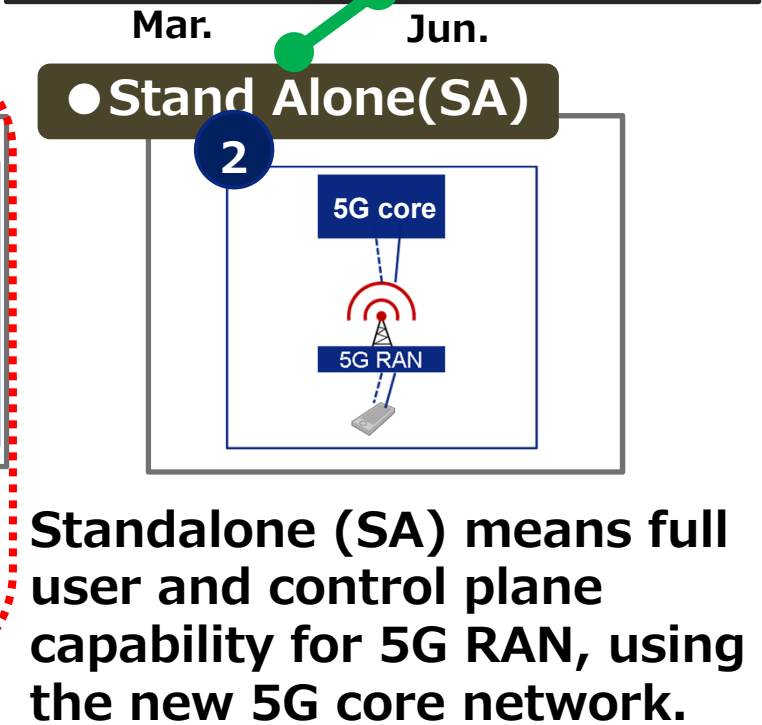
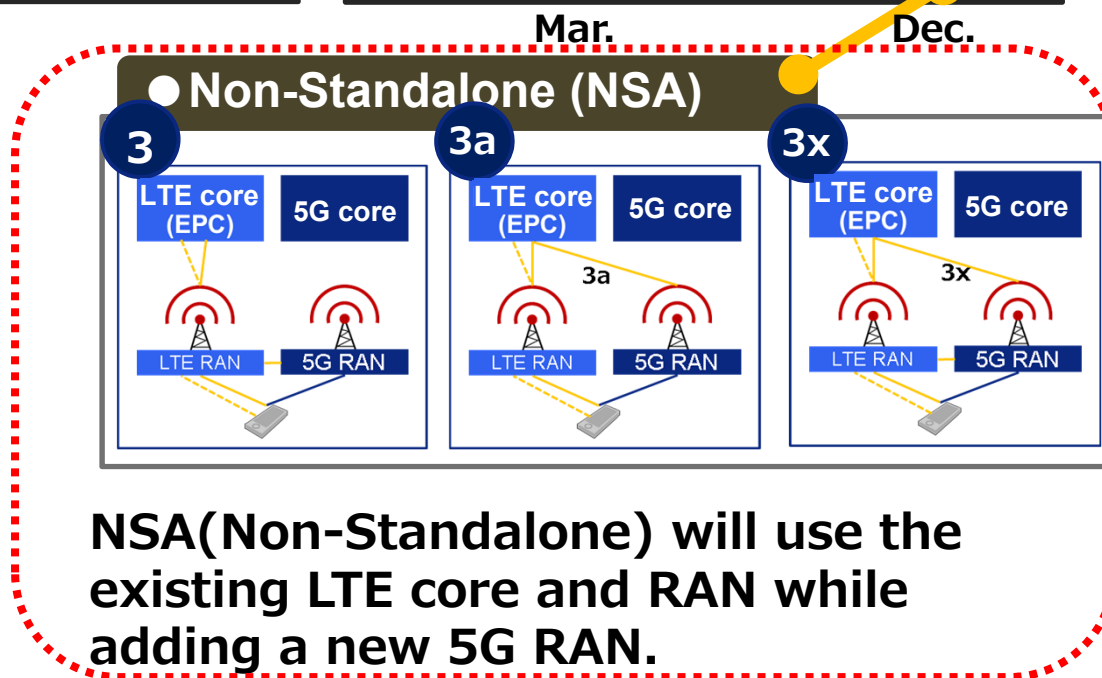
Figure 9: 5G network slices implemented on the same infrastructure

Reference : NGMN 5G White paper, next generation mobile networks, February 2015.



# Toward 5G network (3GPP)

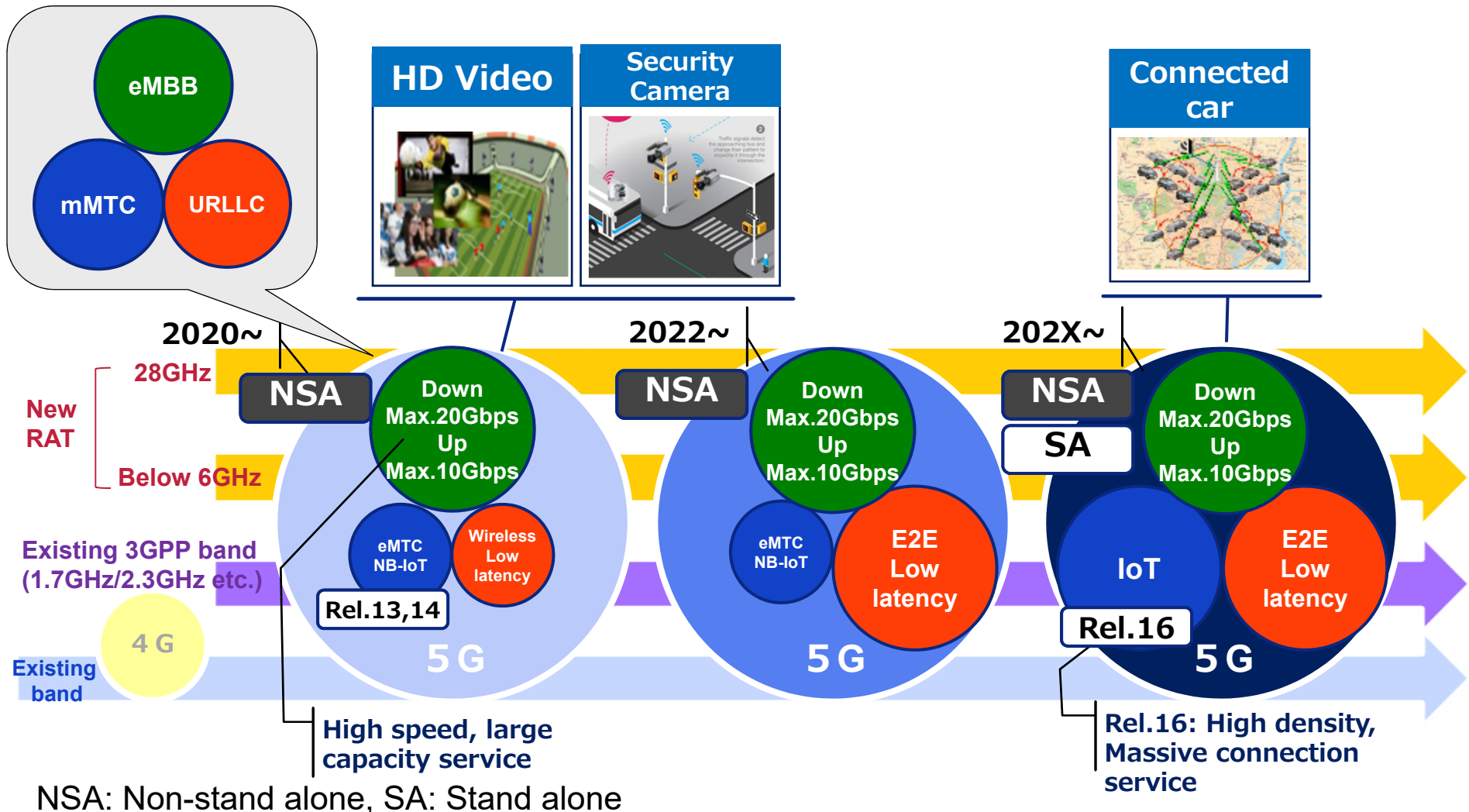
3GPP has approved a consensus to move forward on plans to accelerate specifications for a non-standalone (NSA).



**X** Option x :Proposal for 5G in 3GPP

# Possible 5G deployment scenario

- Initial phase: Large capacity services(eMBB)
- Second phase: Low latency services(URLLC), IoT services(mMTC)



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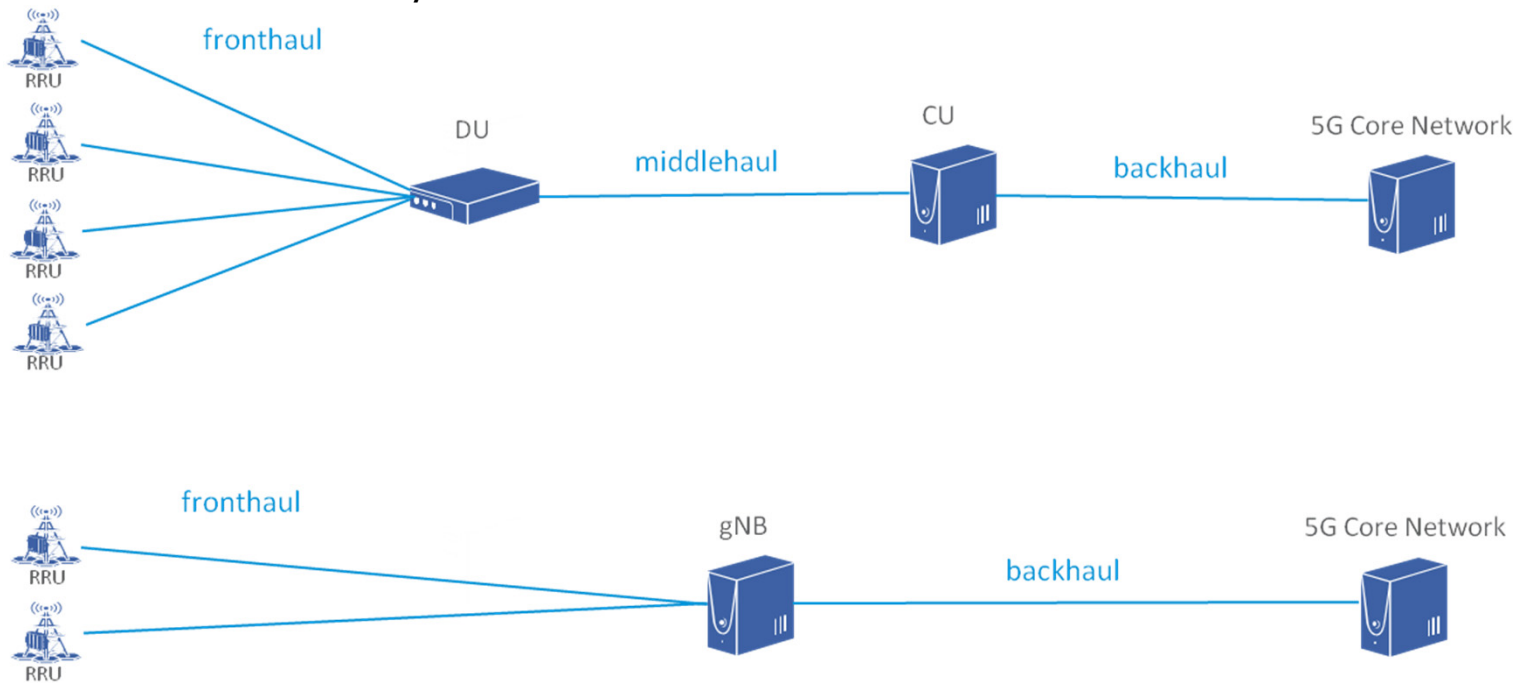
## 4. Summary

# Possible network topologies

## ■ Fronthaul, Middlehaul, and Backhaul networks

- Network reach

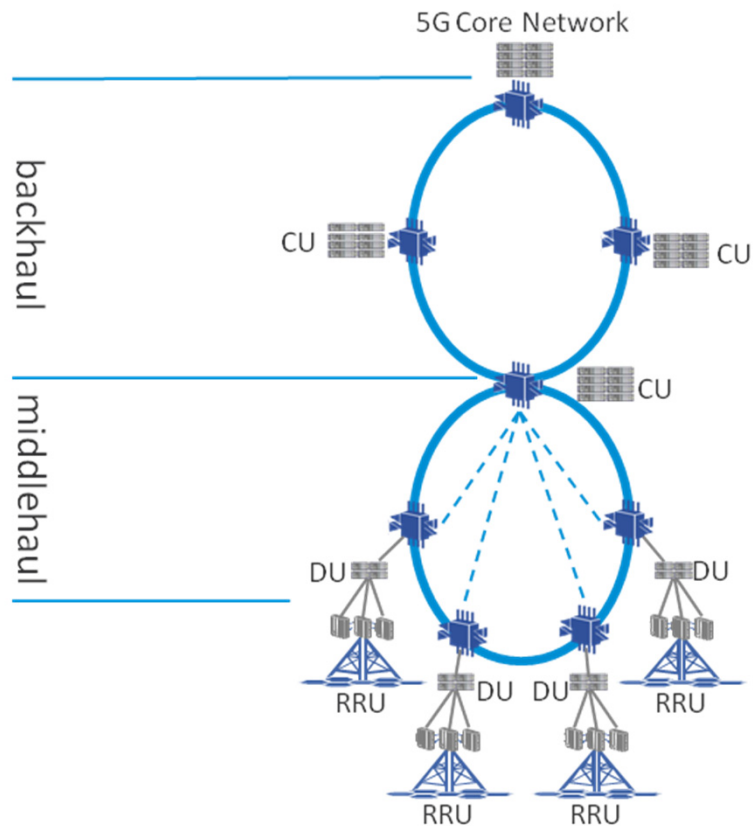
- Fronthaul network: Less than 20 km
- Middlehaul/Backhaul network: Less than 200 km



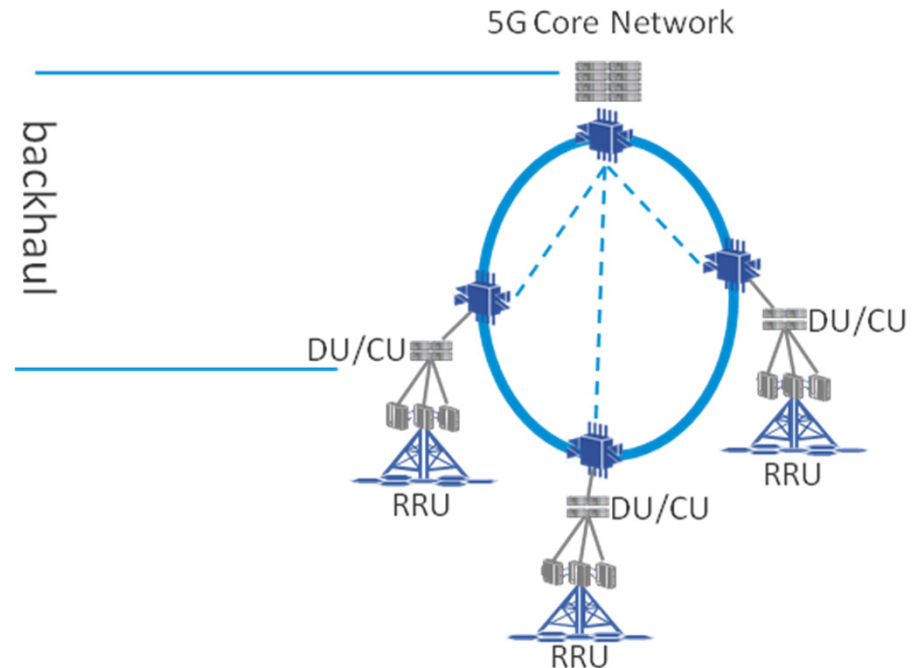
Possible network topologies are the same as the networks described in TD78r2/G.

Reference : TD78r2/G "Transport network support for IMT-2020/5G," ITU-T SG15 plenary meeting, Geneva, 19-30 June 2017.

# Possible network topologies (Cont'd)



RRU and DU Integration



RRU, DU and CU Integration

Reference : TD78r2/G "Transport network support for IMT-2020/5G," ITU-T SG15 plenary meeting, Geneva, 19-30 June 2017.

# Possible 5G network parameters

Items	Parameters
Network reach	Fronthaul: Less than 20 km Middle/Backhaul: Less than 200 km
Estimated values for bandwidth	Fronthaul: N x 10 G or higher (e.g. 25 G) Middle/Backhaul: N x 100 G or beyond 100 G
Estimated values for latency allocation	UE – CU: less than 4 ms (Tentative)
Estimated interface type	Fronthaul: eCPRI, etc. Middle/Backhaul: 100 GbE or beyond 100 GbE (over OTN)
Slice	Each service should be isolated at layer 2 or higher (e.g. VLAN, etc.)
Synchronization	N/A (GPS-based synchronization)
OAM	Packet network based OAM (e.g. E-OAM)

# Summary

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## ■ Possible usage scenarios for 5G network era

- Three important capabilities
  - eMBB, mMTC, URLLC
- Vivid experience, Industry promotion, Social infrastructure
  - Viewing real-time free-viewpoint video, Connected car, etc.

## ■ Possible 5G network deployment scenario

- The 5G networks are going to be built around a combination of the 4G networks (Non-standalone (NSA) approach).

## ■ Possible 5G network parameters

- Network reach, Bandwidth, Latency allocation, Interface type, Slice, Synchronization, and OAM.

*Designing The Future*

