Secure and Privacy-Preserving Benchmarking for Artificial Intelligence in Health

Jean Louis Raisaro and Jean-Pierre Hubaux

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Dr. Jean Louis Raisaro



- Medical informatics and data protection specialist in the Precision Medicine Unit at Lausanne University Hospital (CHUV), Switzerland.
- 2012 2018: PhD in Computer Science (privacy and security) at EPFL
 - Thesis: "Privacy-Enhancing Technologies for Medical and Genomic Data: From Theory to Practice"
- 2006 2012: BS + MS in Medical Informatics and Bioinformatics
 - BS + MS in Medical Informatics and Bioinformatics at University of Pavia, Italy
 - Thesis: "An Automatic SNOMED CT Encoder for Clinical Free-Text"







Growing Concern: Medical Data Breaches

Around 5 declared breaches per week, each affecting 500+ people

https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/breach/breach_report.jsf



As required by section 13402(e)(4) of the HITECH Act, the Secretary must post a list of breaches of unsecured protected health information affecting 500 or more individuals. The following breaches have been reported to the Secretary:

Cases Currently Under Investigation

This page lists all breaches reported within the last 24 months that are currently under investigation by the Office for Civil Rights.

Show Advanced Options

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Breach Report Results								
Expand All	Name of Covered Entity 😂	State ≎	Covered Entity Type ≎	Individuals Affected \$	Breach Submission Date ≎	Type of Breach	Location of Breached Information	
0	Ohio Living	OH	Healthcare Provider	6510	09/07/2018	Hacking/IT Incident	Email	
0	Rockdale Blackhawk, LLC d/b/a Little River Healthcare	ТХ	Healthcare Provider	1494	09/07/2018	Unauthorized Access/Disclosure	Electronic Medical Record, Other	
0	J.A. Stokes Ltd.	NV	Healthcare Provider	3200	09/05/2018	Hacking/IT Incident	Desktop Computer, Electronic Medical Record, Network Server	
0	Reliable Respiratory	MA	Healthcare Provider	21311	09/01/2018	Hacking/IT Incident	Email	
0	Port City Operating Company doing business as St. Joseph's Medical Center	CA	Healthcare Provider	4984	08/31/2018	Loss	Other Portable Electronic Device	
0	Carpenters Benefit Funds of Philadelphia	PA	Health Plan	20015	08/31/2018	Hacking/IT Incident	Email	

DPPH – Data protection in personalized health

- 5 research groups across the ETH domain + SDSC (Swiss Data Science Center)
- Funding: 3 Millions CHFrs
- Duration: 3 years (4/2018 3/2021)
- Funding Program: ETH PHRT (Personalized Health and Related Technologies)

Strategic Focus Area
Personalized Health
and Related Technologies

Project goals:

- Address the main privacy, security, scalability, and ethical challenges of data sharing for enabling effective P4 medicine
- Define an optimal balance between usability, scalability and data protection
- Deploy an appropriate set of **computing tools**



DPPH's Long-Term Vision

A One-Stop Shop for Collaborative Research on Health Data in the Context of Swiss Personalized Health Network



Platform requirements

- Interoperability (workflow and data)
- Reproducible research
- Big data scalability
- Auditability and Traceability
- Distributed data
- Secure data access
- Data protection compliance
- Privacy-conscious processing

RDN: Regional Data Node DCC: Data Coordination Center

Technologies for Privacy and Security Protection

Traditional Encryption	Homomorphic Encryption	Secure Multiparty Computation
 Protects data at rest and in transit Cannot protect computation 	 Protects computation in untrusted environments Limited versatility vs efficiency 	 Protects computation in distributed environments High communication overhead
Trusted Execution Environments	Differential Privacy	Distributed Ledger Technologies (Blockchains)
 Protects computation with Hardware Trusted Element Requires trust in the manufacturer, vulnerable to side-channels 	 Protects released data from inferences Degrades data utility (privacy-utility tradeoff) 	 Strong accountability and traceability in distributed environments No privacy by default

Homomorphic Encryption



Homomorphic encryption enables computations directly on encrypted data.

UnLynx: Framework for Privacy-Conscious Data Sharing

[Froelicher et al. 2017], [Raisaro et al. 2018]

- Trust is shared across a group of servers forming a collective authority
- They collaborate together to generate a collective encryption key
- The collective encryption key is used to encrypt the data and can be compromised only if all servers are compromised 11/10/18, NYC





[1] Salathé M, Wiegand T, Wenzel M and Kishnamurthy R, *Focus Group on Artificial Intelligence for Health*, White paper https://www.itu.int/en/ITU-T/focusgroups/ai4h/Documents/FG-AI4H_Whitepaper.pdf

Privacy-Preserving Approach

Permissioned distributed ledger



- **Trust is distributed** within the collective authority
- Test data confidentiality is protected with collective homomorphic encryption
- Accountability is provided by the use of **permissioned distributed ledger** where all actions are immutably logged

Conclusion and Next Steps

- Worldwide, the confidentiality of health data is in jeopardy
- Standardization and regulation of AI in health can only be achieved if people trust the whole process to be **safe, secure and fair**
- Advanced privacy-enhancing technologies can be effective enablers

Next Steps:

- Explore the feasibility of integrating collective homomorphic encryption into an existing AI benchmarking platform (e.g., <u>https://www.crowdai.org/</u>)
- Develop a first proof of concept

The Center for Digital Trust @EPFL

Reinventing trust for the digital society

Cryptography

https://c4dt.org/workshop on Aritificial Intelligence for Health - JL Raisaro

- Center of expertise
- One-stop-shop
- Community

Collaboration Ecosystem

- 30+ EPFL laboratories
- 8+ Organizations

System security Smart contracts **Blockchain** Privacyenhancing technologies Cyber Software security verification Personalized health Content Machine Protection Learning

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Thank you!