## Leveraging Digital technologies and ICT for the Net Zero transition: The role of international standards November 30, 2022

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## Context : A rapid decrease in GHG emissions is necessary to keep global temperature increase below 1.5°C



ICT industry to reduce its greenhouse gas emissions by 45 per cent by 2030, stated the ITU in 2020

## The Double-Edge Nature of ICTs



Source : Bergmark, Coroama, Kamiya, Masanet 2021

## **How ITU Supports Climate Action**

ITU:

International Telecommunication Union – the UN specialized agency for ICTs



#### ITU-T Study Group 5:

EMF, environment, climate action, sustainable digitalization, and circular economy

**FG-AI4EE**: Focus Group on Environmental Efficiency for Artificial Intelligence & other Emerging Technologies

## **Enabling the Net Zero Transition**

#### L.1400-series overview



## Setting 1.5°C Trajectories for the ICT sector



GeSI ENABLING DIGITAL SUSTAINABILITY

GSMA

BASED

DRIVING AMBITIOUS CORPORATE CLIMATE ACTION

TARGETS

Figure 1: Summary of ICT sector and sub-sector trajectories including embodied emissions and operation

#### ICT Sector emissions trajectories 2015-2030 (with percent reductions from 2020 to 2030)





## Several steps to decarbonize ICT activities

- 1. Assess baseline
- 2. Set medium term and long-term targets
- 3. Elaborate a reduction plan
- 4. Implement it / adjust it











## **Reduce emissions sufficiently quickly : some examples**

#### **CATEGORIES:**

#### OPERATING ENERGY-EFFICIENT NETWORK

- 1. Multiple power saving features
- 2. Alternative energy supply
- 3. Consolidation and virtualization
- 4. Free cooling and location optimization

#### EFFICIENCY IN BUILDINGS AND SERVICES

- 5. Monitoring solutions for efficient buildings
- 6. Focus on energy conservation measures
- 7. Alternative mobility concepts
- 8. Videoconferencing and audioconferencing

#### ALTERNATIVE ENERGY

- 9. Self-production of renewable energies
- 10. Purchasing renewable energy the certificate of origin and PPA
- 11. Energy supply innovation

#### APPLICATION OF THE CIRCULAR ECONOMY PRINCIPLES

- 12. Eco-design of products and services
- 13. Reuse of network equipment
- 14. Optimizing the life cycle and end-of-life of customer products and services
- 15. Selling repairable products

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# How to use ICT to reduce other sectors' emissions



## Scope of the L.1480 standard to come:

to assess ICT impacts on GHG emissions of other sectors L.1480 will provide a structured methodological approach, that aims to improve consistency, transparency and comprehensiveness of assessments of how the use of ICT solutions impact GHG emissions over time.



## **Examples of ICT Solutions**

Sector	Solution	Mechanism		
Industry	As-a-service & sharing	Optimization and/or		
	solutions	substitution		
	Circularity	Optimization		
	Production efficiency	Optimization		
Buildings	Intelligent building	Optimization		
	energy and resource			
	management			
	Optimised use and	Optimization and/or		
	sharing of buildings	substitution		
Transport	Virtual meetings	Substitution		
	Remote work	Substitution		
	Route optimization	Optimization		
	Fleet management &	Optimization		
	logistics			



## ITU-T L.1480 applications

Assessment of one or several solutions:

- implemented in a specific context by the user of an ICT solution
- implemented at different scales, including at an organizational level, at a city level, at a country level or at worldwide level
- assessed from the perspective of an ICT organization contributing to the ICT solution(s)

...while considering also higher order effects.

## Key definitions

First order effect		Second order effect			Higher order e	effect
<ul> <li>Direct environmental effects associated with physical existence</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The indirect impact created by the use and application of ICTs.</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>The indirect effects other than first and second order effects occurring through changes in consumption patterns, lifestyles and value systems.</li> </ul>		
Net second orde	Net second order effect			Rebound		
<ul> <li>The resulting second after accounting for t due to the first order the ICT solution</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The resulting second order effect after accounting for the emissions due to the first order effects of the ICT solution</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Increases in environmen efficiency in occur throug or other me including be</li> </ul>	cor Ital Iterv gh a chai ehav	nsumption due to ventions that can a price reduction nism vioural responses.	

## ITU-T L.1480 assessment perspectives

Three different time perspectives covered.



**Ex-ante**, i.e. a prospective assessment taking place before the operation period of the ICT solution(s) assessed

**Mid-way**, i.e. an assessment of a present situation during the operational life of ICT solution(s) **Ex-post**, i.e. a retrospective assessment that takes place after the assessed operation period of the ICT solution(s).



## Six steps to assess an ICT solution



An example: Assessing the impacts of a virtual event



## **Depths of assessments**

Three depths of assessment							
Sector	TIER 1	TIER 2	TIER 3				
Full life cycle	YES	YES	YES				
Higher order effects	Assess	Identify	(Identify)				
Data	As specific as possible	As specific as possible	Screening				
Context	Assess	Identify	(Identify)				

## Calculating the effect – a hypothetical comparison



Source: A Methodology for Assessing the Environmental Effects Induced by ICT Services – Part I: Single Services. (Coroamă & Bergmark et al, ICT4S2020)

### **Main take Aways**



ICT, unlike many other products and services, distinguishes itself by its double-edged nature, contributing both to environmental loads and emissions reduction opportunities.



L.1470 on 1.5°C GHG trajectories L.1471 on Net Zero for ICT sector

organizations



The Recommendation ITU-T L.1480 provides a methodology to comprehensively assess the impacts of ICT solutions in other sectors and enable the net zero transition.

## **Additional resources**

- ITU climate change: <u>https://www.itu.int/en/ITU-T/climatechange/Pages/default.aspx</u>
- <u>ITU-T Study Group 5</u>: EMF, environment, climate action, sustainable digitalization, and circular economy
- ITU-T L. 1480 Enabling the Net Zero transition: Assessing how the use of ICT solutions impacts GHG emissions of other sectors
- <u>ITU-T L.1470</u> Greenhouse gas emissions trajectories for the information and communication technology sector compatible with the UNFCCC Paris Agreement
- <u>L.Suppl.37</u> Guidance to operators of mobile networks, fixed networks and data centres on setting 1.5°C aligned targets compliant with Recommendation ITU-T L.1470
- <u>L.Suppl.38</u> ITU-T L.1470 Guidance to information and communication technology manufacturers on setting 1.5°C aligned targets compliant with Recommendation ITU-T L.1470
- <u>ITU-T L.1471</u> Guidance and criteria for information and communication technology organizations on setting Net Zero targets and strategies



## Thank you very much!



