Summary of optical access work in ITU-T SG15

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Optical access in ITU-T Q2/15

- Q2/15 is responsible for broadband access and home networks
- Optical network (particularly PON) technology is described in a long series of standards

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- G.982
            pi-PON
- G.983
            A/B-PON
                         << The most successful PON in the world
- G.984
            G-PON
            XG(S)-PON
-G.98(0)7
                         << The upgrade system for G-PON
- G.989
            TWDM-PON
                         << First multi-wavelength PON standard
                         << The upgrade system for XG(S)-PON and G.989
- G.9804
            50G-PON
G.sup.VHSP
                         << What comes after that
- G.9806
             10G+ P2P Bidi
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G.9804 HSP: Higher Speed Passive Optical Networks

- Full-service support including voice, TDM, Ethernet (10/100/1000/10G/25G BASE), xDSL, wireless xhaul
- Basic physical reach is 20 km. Logical reach of up to 60 km. System is wavelength coexistent with G-PON, XG(S)-PON, 10G-EPON
- Support for bit-rate options, 50 Gbit/s downstream and 12.5 or 25 or 50 Gbit/s upstream
- Powerful OAM&P and system protection capabilities

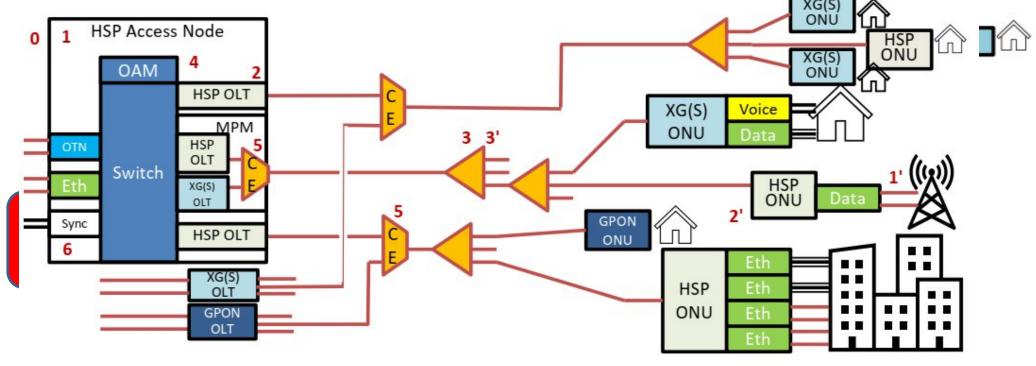
providing a feature rich and reliable service management system

Advanced security features including authentication, rogue detection, and information privacy

Power saving features on top of the already considerable low power nature of fibre access ce

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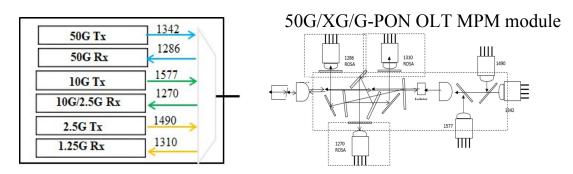
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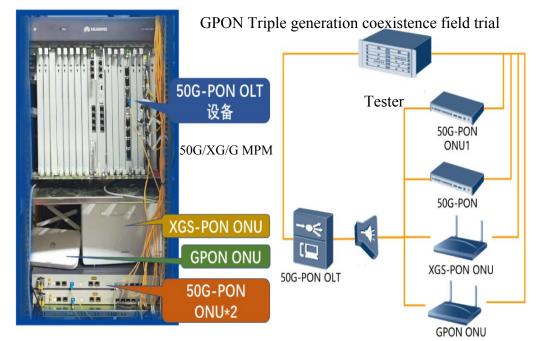




50G-PON Triple and dual generation coexistence Field Trial

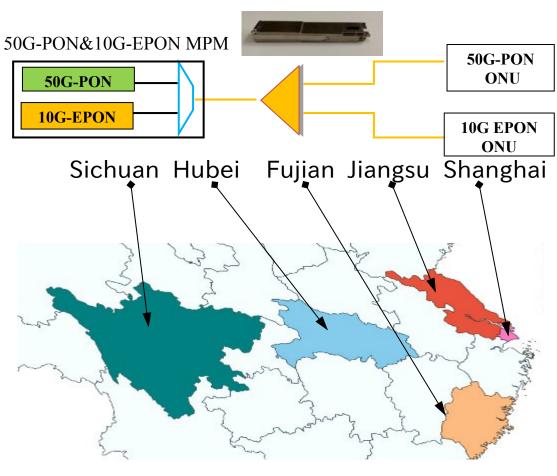
50G-PON/XG-PON/GPON MPM field trial





Source: https://www.c114.com.cn/4app/3542/a1238387.html

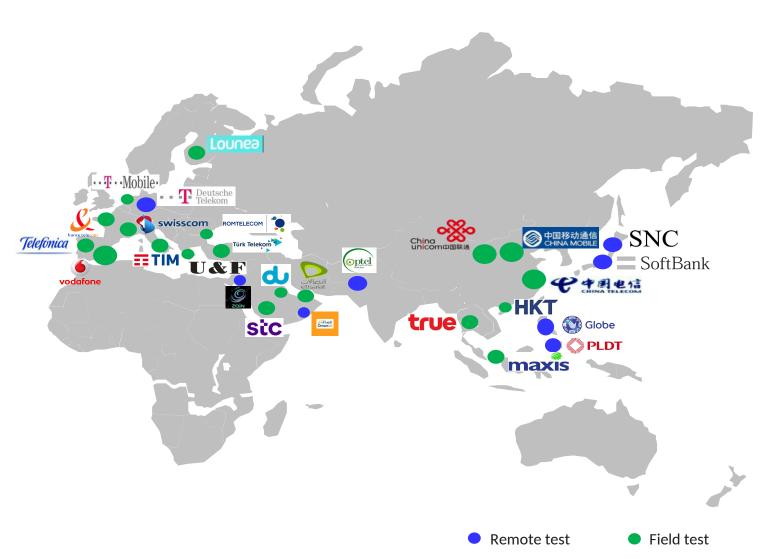
50G-PON/10G-EPON MPM field trial



Five province 10G-EPON&50G-PON Field
Trials with CTC in China



Global 50G-PON Field test by 2023



Region	Operators
	СТС
	CMCC
	CUC
Asia	HKT
Pacific <i>(15+)</i>	Trailhand TRUE
	Malaysia Maxis
	SoftBank
	Swisscom
	Spain TDE/VDF
	Deutsche Telekom
	Orange
Europe (10+)	Netherlands TMNL
	Tuckey telecom
	Finland Lounea
	Romania Telekom
	STC
	UAE DU
middle East (3+)	UAEET

Many operators over the world have done 50G-PON field tests 50G PON is deploying in 2024

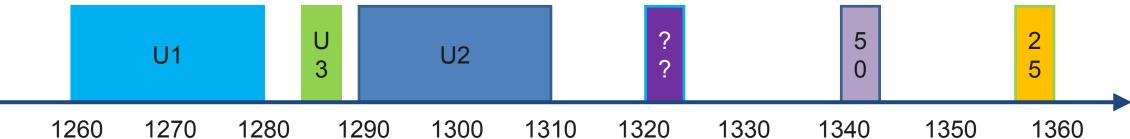


Very High Speed PON supplement

- Now that 50G-PON is moving into deployment, the industry has started work to consider what comes next
- Approximate target is 200 Gb/s system <u>payload</u> capacity, with user interface rates up to 100 Gb/s
- The problem here is 200 Gb/s IM-DD is technically difficult using the same PON infrastructure
 - G.652 fiber dispersion becomes a very significant issue
 - Supporting ~30 dB loss budget continues to raise the difficulty
- Perhaps coherent techniques will be used for VHSP
- Alternatively, all sorts of multiplexing methods are fair game



Triple coexistence O-band plan



- The O-band has become the most important spectrum for HSP
- Upstream has three options
 - U1: The XG-PON band
 - U2: The lower G-PON band
 - U3: Triple coexistence band
- Downstream has two bands defined
 - 25G at 1358 nm
 - 50G at 1342 nm
 - Future at 1322 nm?
- Coherent systems can operate anywhere, likely use C-band



How to get to 200G-PON?

Scaling from 50G to 200G requires 4x* multiplexing

Option	TDM	WDM	MLM	Pol-Qdr	Issues
1	4x				Fiber impairments, loss budget
2		4x			Parts count, spectrum availability
3	2x	2x			Intermediate of #1 and #2
4	2x		2x		Impairments and budget similar to #1
5		2x	2x		Similar to #3
6	1.33x	2x	1.5x		Intermediate of #3 and #5
7				4x	Full coherent: parts count similar to #2
8	2x			2x	Half coherent: similar to #3
9			2x	2x	Half coherent: similar to #5
10	4x			1x	LC coherent: parts count similar to #1
11	2x		2x	1x	LC coherent: similar to #4

