



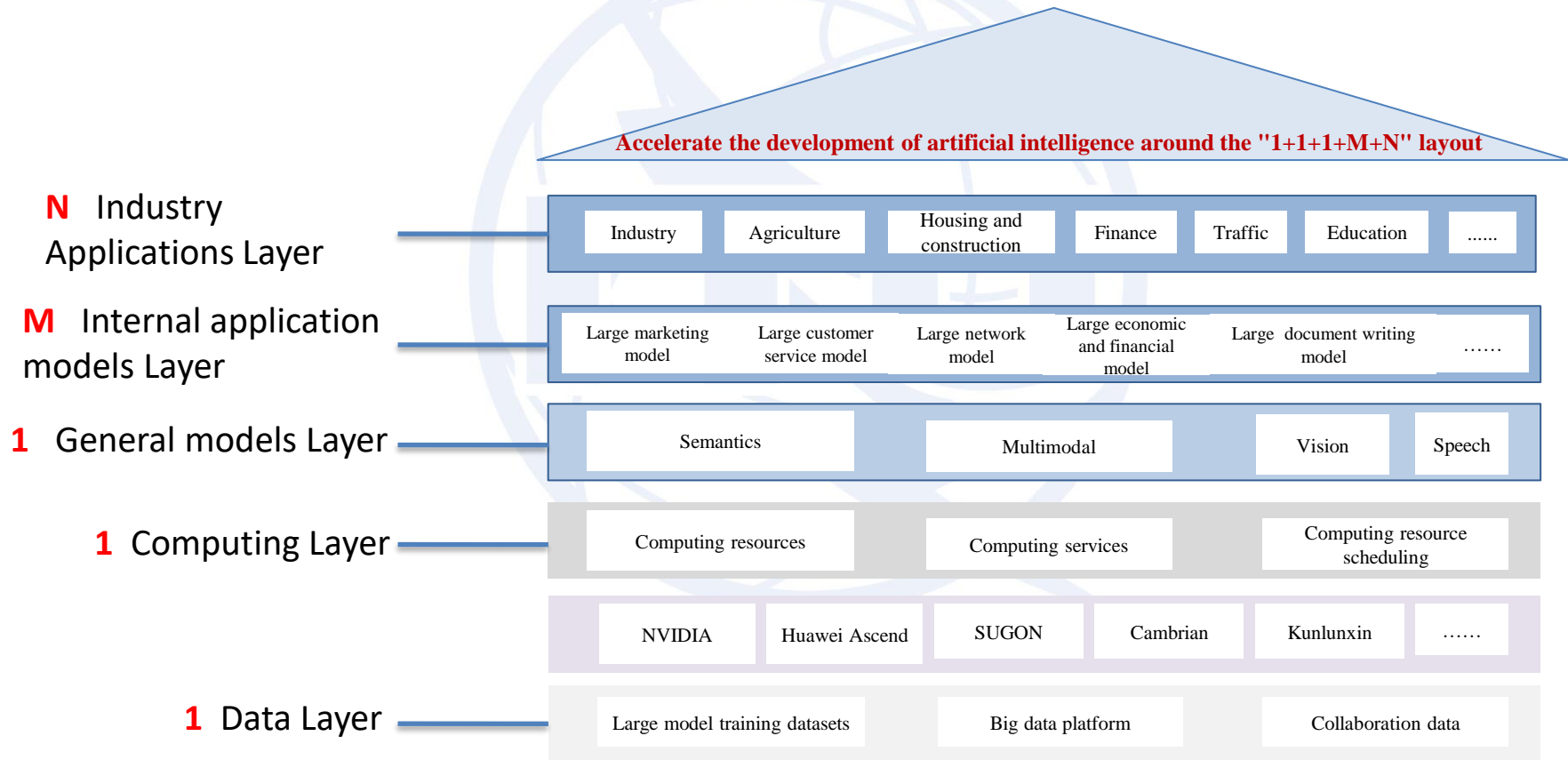
China Telecom's practice of AI in the network

Yuan Zhang

China Telecom

Overall layout of AI in Chinatelecom

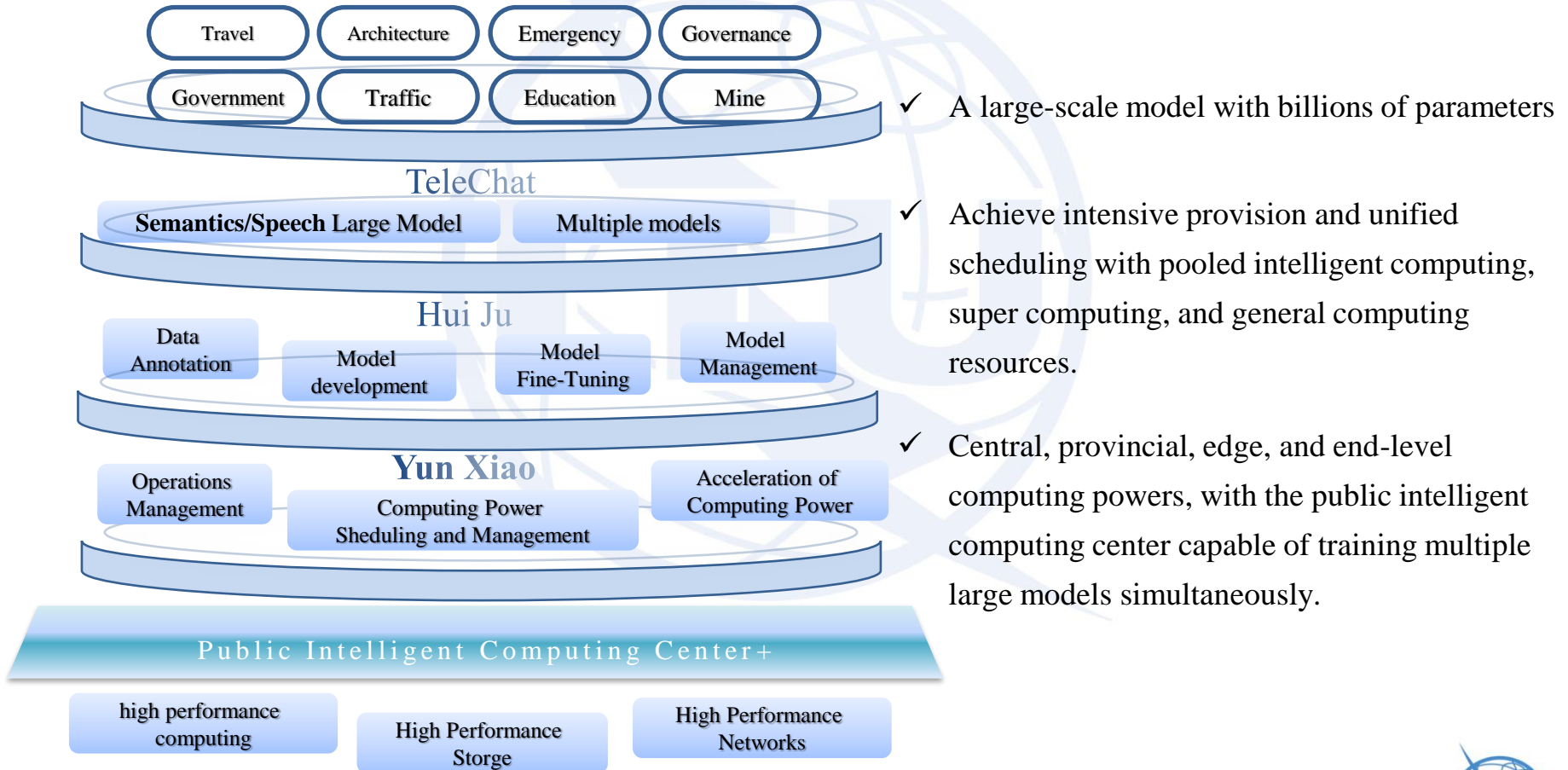
The Architecture of China Telecom's Large Model Research



Cloud-Intelligence Integration

Full Stack Intelligent Computing Service

Cloud Platform for AI: “ Yun Xiao” “Hui Ju” 、 TeleChat



AI & network



Native AI

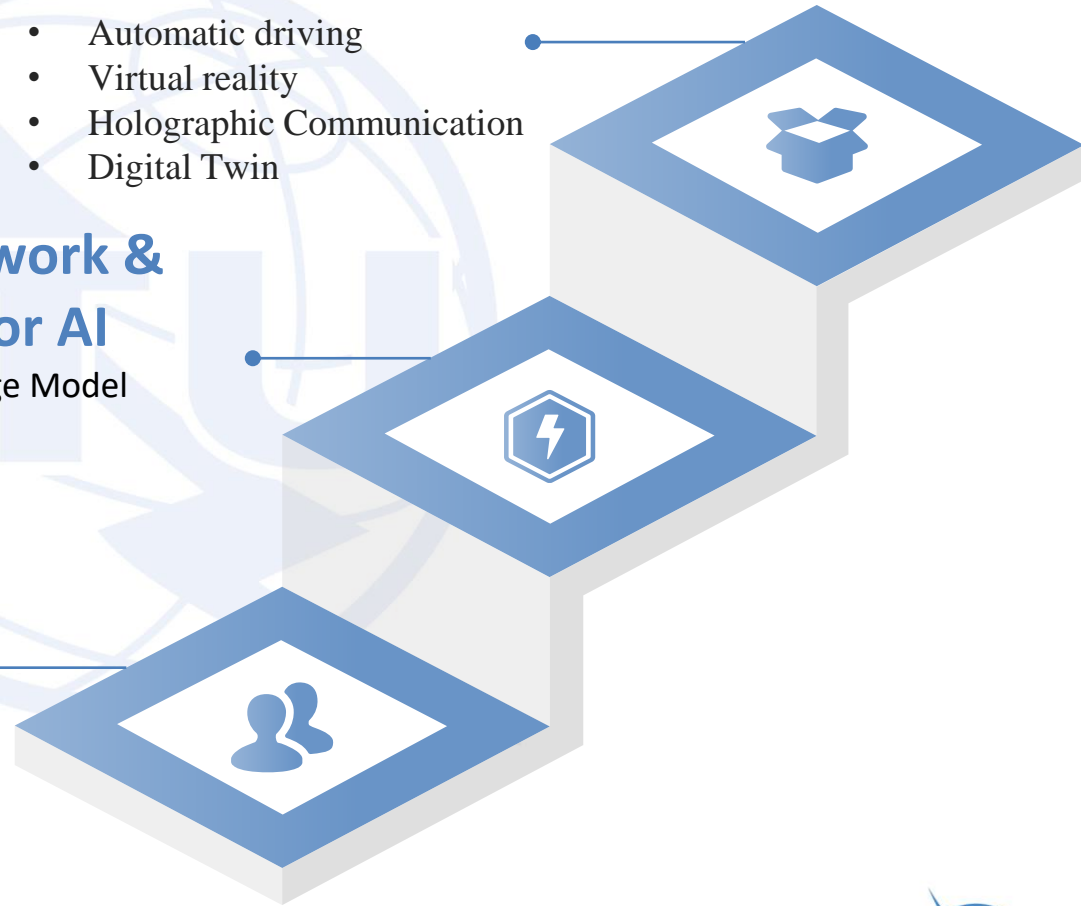
- Automatic driving
- Virtual reality
- Holographic Communication
- Digital Twin

AI for Network & Network for AI

- Network Large Model
- MEC+AI
- CPN
- ...

AI for Network

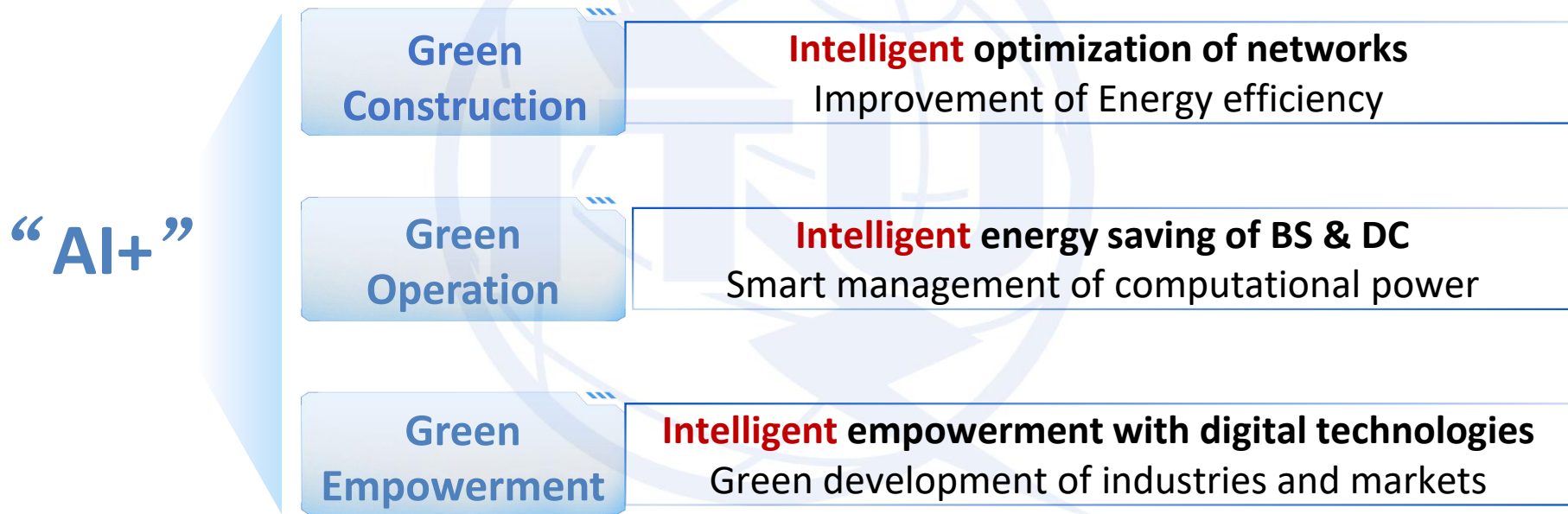
- Network planning
- Network optimisation
- Network Robotics



China telecom's practice: AI for network

■ “AI+” Enabling the Construction of the Green Cloud & Network infrastructure

Full-stack AI energy-saving framework to achieve green development goals



By 2023:

For telecommunications services energy consumption per unit decrease by **14.9%**,
4/5G Network Co-Construction and Sharing saving energy **>20 billion kWh/year**,
5G AI average energy saving efficiency **>16%**,
with PUE (Power Usage Effectiveness) of newly built data centers **<1.3**.



China telecom's practice: AI for network

■ “Qi Ming” Network Large Model Vision

China Telecom network large model excels in understanding networks and operations, meeting cloud-network operation needs intelligently.

1: Built for Telco/Ready for All

5: Application scenarios

planning

construction

maintenance

optimization

operation

5: Network Large Model Characteristics

Professional intent identification

Accurately understand the intentions and needs of users in the cloud-network operation domain

Ubiquitous generation

The LLM captures the complex relationships and patterns in the data, and generate more accurate and diverse outputs in the generation task

Logical orchestration

By training large amount of cloud-network operation data, knowledge, APIs and other corpus, the results can be used for reasoning, forming a chain of thought for task execution

Collaborative scheduling

The cloud-network AI small model is used as an intermediate task and a new type of corpus to achieve size synergy, and schedule based on intent recognition

Predictive analytics

The high-level capabilities of domain LLMs can understand complex rules and predict-analyze through the learning of cloud-network knowledge



China telecom's practice: Network for AI

- ❑ In terms of single-node computing density, interconnection between multiple intelligent computing nodes, and scheduling of intelligent computing services. The network provides a robust and powerful computing foundation for AI.

3. Integrated allocation of computing and network resource

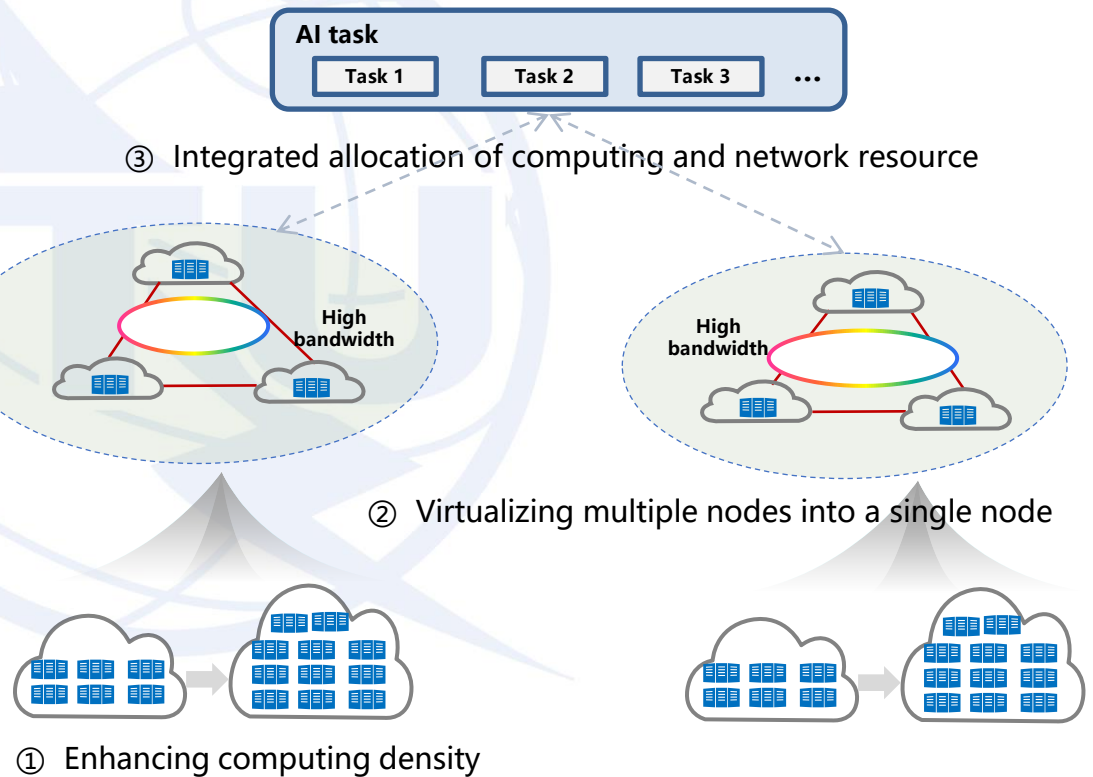
- ❑ Computing resource access;
- ❑ Matching between service and resource;

2. Virtualizing multiple nodes into a single node

- ❑ Collaborative computing with multiple computing power nodes
- ❑ Low-latency lossless interconnection;

1. Enhancing computing density

- ❑ Multi-card high-speed interconnection;
- ❑ Multi-machine low-latency interconnection;
- ❑ Large-scale networking of multiple machines.



Consideration and suggestion on Datasets

- ❑ **Datasets construction for network large model is scenario based.**
- ❑ **The characteristic and requirement for the data includes:**
 - **Integrity and accuracy**
 - **Richness and diversity**
 - **Real time performance**
 - **Data Privacy Protection**
- ❑ **For Network Intelligent Operation dataset**
 - **Operation knowledge dataset (Network operation plan and rules, expert experience)**
 - **Network Operation data: Configuration data , alarming data, Network performance data, structured network data etc**
 - **Network digital twin data**



Thanks for your listening!

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