Digital Financial Services Security Clinic

ITU DFS Security Lab

USSD, STK and Android platform vulnerabilities

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Overview

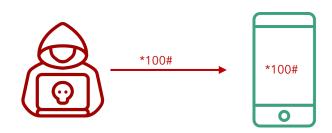
- 1. USSD & STK App vulnerabilities tests
- 2. Android, iOS app security vulnerability tests

USSD and STK Tests

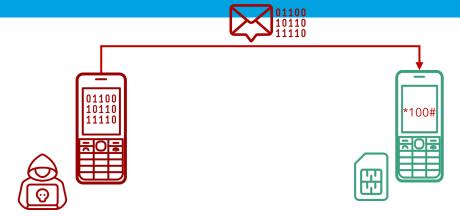
USSD and STK App Security Tests



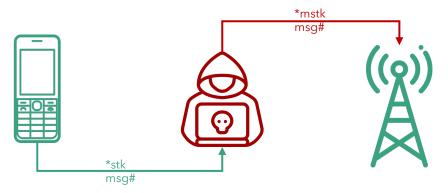
a. SIM Swap and SIM cloning



c. **remote USSD** execution attacks

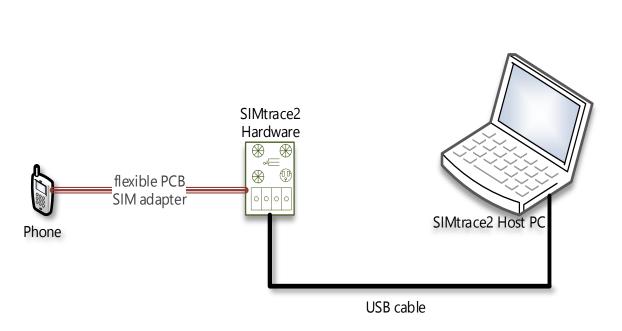


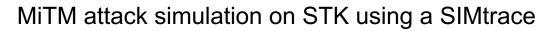
b. susceptibility to **binary OTA attacks** (SIM jacker, WIB attacks)



d. man-in-the-middle attacks on STK based DFS applications

Man-in-the-Middle attacks on STK based DFS applications



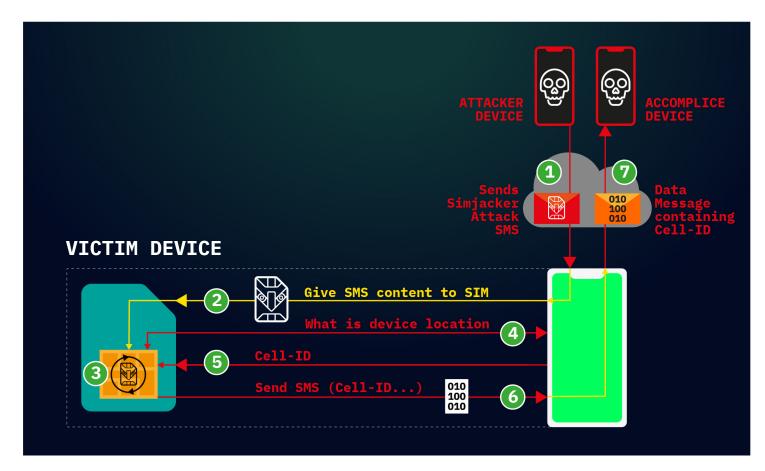




Man-in-the-Middle attacks on STK based DFS applications

```
125 .... lo... lo... GSM ...
                                  65 ETSI TS 102.221 STATUS: Terminal should repeat command, Lengt... 38229 (38229),gsmtap (4729)
        32.8... 1o... 1o... GSM ...
                                  83 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL PROFILE
                                                                                                         38229 (38229), gsmtap (4729)
 54
        85.5... lo... lo... GSM ...
                                                                                                         38229 (38229), gsmtap (4729)
                                  77 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE DISPLAY TEXT
        105 .... lo... lo... GSM ...
393
                                  77 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE DISPLAY TEXT
                                                                                                         38229 (38229),gsmtap (4729)
407
        128 .... lo... lo... GSM ...
                                  77 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE DISPLAY TEXT
                                                                                                         38229 (38229),gsmtap (4729)
434
        149 .... lo... GSM ...
                                                                                                         38229 (38229), gsmtap (4729)
                                  77 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE DISPLAY TEXT
345
        80.2... lo... lo... GSM ...
                                                                                                         38229 (38229), gsmtap (4729)
                                  84 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE GET INPUT
        121 .... lo... lo... GSM ...
403
                                  84 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE GET INPUT
                                                                                                         38229 (38229), gsmtap (4729)
        33.4... lo... lo... GSM ...
157
                                  81 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE POLL INTERVAL
                                                                                                         38229 (38229),gsmtap (4729)
        86.0 ... lo ... GSM ...
                                  87 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE PROVIDE LOCAL INFORMATION
                                                                                                         38229 (38229),gsmtap (4729)
        129 .... lo... GSM ...
                                                                                                         38229 (38229), gsmtap (4729)
                                  87 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE PROVIDE LOCAL INFORMATION
332
        62.8... lo... lo... GSM ...
                                  80 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE SELECT ITEM
                                                                                                         38229 (38229),gsmtap (4729)
        65.0 ... lo ... GSM ...
                                                                                                         38229 (38229),gsmtap (4729)
336
                                  77 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE SELECT ITEM
        68.3... lo... lo... GSM ...
                                                                                                         38229 (38229), gsmtap (4729)
                                  80 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE SELECT ITEM
       71.5... lo... lo... GSM ...
340
                                  80 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE SELECT ITEM
                                                                                                         38229 (38229),gsmtap (4729)
       111.... lo... lo... GSM ...
                                  80 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE SELECT ITEM
                                                                                                         38229 (38229),gsmtap (4729)
       116.... lo... lo... GSM ...
                                  80 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE SELECT ITEM
                                                                                                         38229 (38229),gsmtap (4729)
        89.9... lo... lo... GSM ...
                                                                                                         38229 (38229), gsmtap (4729)
                                  77 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE SEND SHORT MESSAGE
428
       133 .... lo... lo... GSM ...
                                                                                                         38229 (38229), gsmtap (4729)
                                  77 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE SEND SHORT MESSAGE
       33.2... lo... lo... GSM ...
121
                                  77 ETSI TS 102.221 TERMINAL RESPONSE SET UP EVENT LIST
                                                                                                         38229 (38229), gsmtap (4729)
 Command details: 012304
                                                                                                                                                stick our
      Command Number: 0x01
                                                                                                                                                SIM-SKIN
      Command Type: GET INPUT (0x23)
      Command Qualifier: 0x04
                                                                                            PINs on USSD can be
 ~ Device identity: 8281
      Source Device ID: Terminal (Card Reader) (0x82)
                                                                                                    intercepted
      Destination Device ID: SIM / USIM / UICC (0x81)
                                                                                                                                                     SIM CARD
 ∨ Result: 00
      Result: Command performed successfully (
 Y Text string: 0435343533
      Text String Encoding Got default alphabet, 8 bits (0x04)
                                                                                                                                                        Thin SIM
      Text String: 5453
 Status Word: 911c Normal ending of command with info from proactive SIM
```

Testing susceptibility to binary OTA attacks (SIMjacker, WIB attacks)



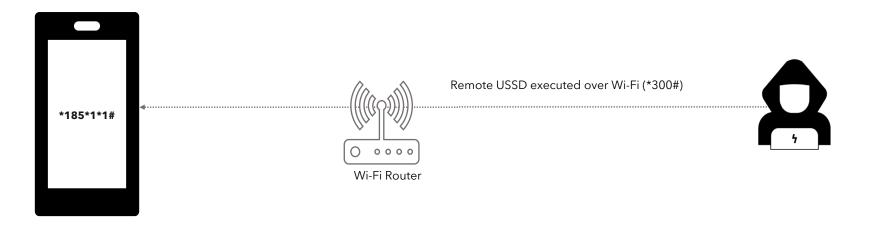
A binary OTA message can instruct the SIM to:

- initiate SS,
- Send SMS
- Initiate a phone call on a vulnerable SIM and will affect both USSD and STK apps.

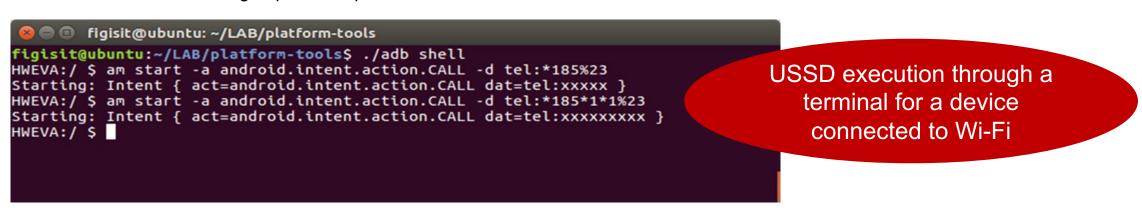
(see CVE-2019-16256)

Source: Adaptive Mobile

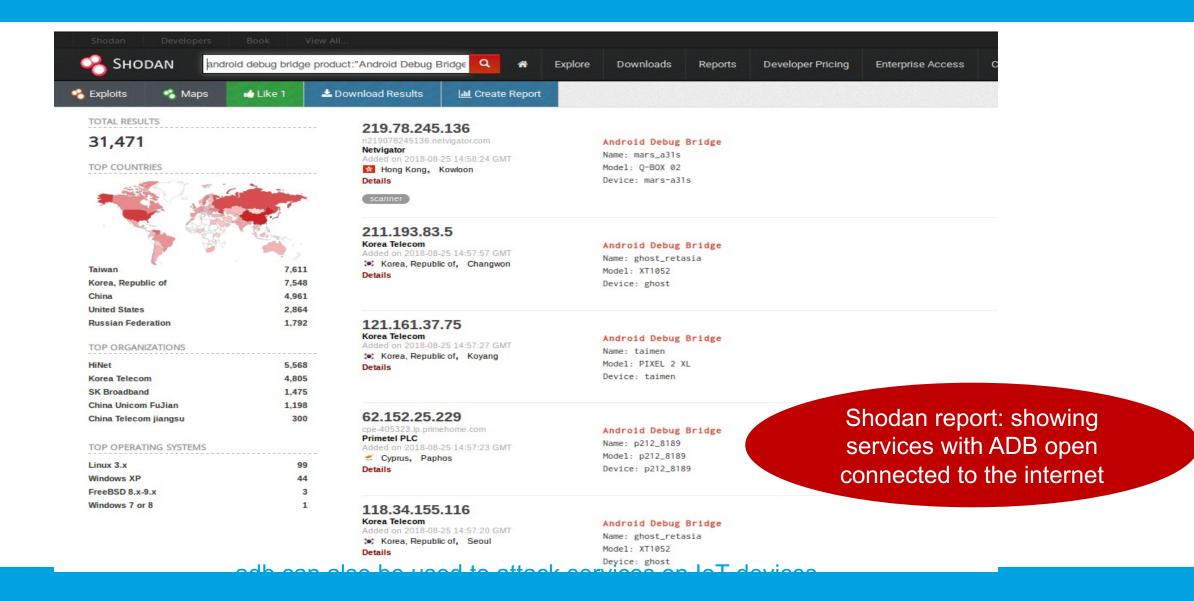
Testing remote USSD execution attacks



USSD remote attacks through open ADB ports



Remote USSD execution attacks



Recommendations

Remote USSD execution on devices

- Disable ADB
- User education
- Discourage use rooted devices

SIM exploitation using binary OTA

- Binary OTA SMS filtering & blocking.
- SMS home routing.
- SIM card security

Man-in-the-Middle attacks

- Use session timeout
- Secure radio channel communication
- SS7 controls and mitigations

SIM swap and SIM clone attacks

- SIM change detection. (ICCID, IMEI)
- Secure storage of SIM data like IMSI and secret key (KI values)





SECURITY, INFRASTRUCTURE AND TRUST WORKING GROUP

Security testing for USSD and STK based Digital Financial Services applications

REPORT OF SECURITY WORKSTREAM

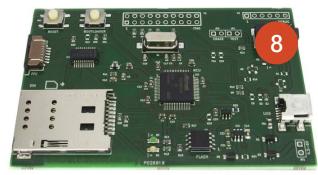


Hardware for security testing of USSD and STK based DFS

- 1. Laptop
- 2. Mobile Android smartphone, Samsung S4
- 3. Card reader
- 4. SIM card adapter
- 5. Mobile featurephone, Samsung 1200
- 6. Programmable/blank SIMs
- 7. SIMtrace microSIM & SIM (3FF) FPC Cable
- 8. SIMtrace2 Hardware Kit
- 9. Wi-Fi router Synology RT2600AC











Software for USSD and STK based DFS security testing

- i. pySIM: SIM cloning
- ii. SIMtrace: Man-in-the-middle attacks
- iii. SIM tester: Binary OTA attacks
- iv. ADB platform tools: Remote USSD attack
- v. Wireshark: STK analysis

Android App Security Vulnerabilities and Tests

Introduction

The Open Web Application Security Project

A collaborative, non-for-profit foundation that works to improve the security of web applications

Also works on security of mobile applications.

OWASP Mobile Top Ten

OWASP project that aims to identify and document the top ten vulnerabilities of mobile applications

Lab methodology

18 tests organized according to OWASP mobile top ten

Smartphone tests



- Our tests are organized according to the subjects of the OWASP Mobile Top Ten:
 - M1 Improper Platform Usage
 - M2 Insecure Data Storage
 - M3 Insecure Communication
 - M4 Insecure Authentication
 - M5 Insufficient Cryptography
 - M6 Insecure Authorization
 - M7 Client Code Quality
 - M8 Code Tampering
 - M9 Reverse Engineering
 - M10 Extraneous Functionality
- M6, M7, M10 out of scope because they would need access to the source code or require collaboration with the editor

M1 Improper Platform Usage

The application should make correct use of the features of the platform

T1.1 Android:allowBackup

 Backup of the application and its data into the cloud should be disabled

T1.2 Android:debuggable

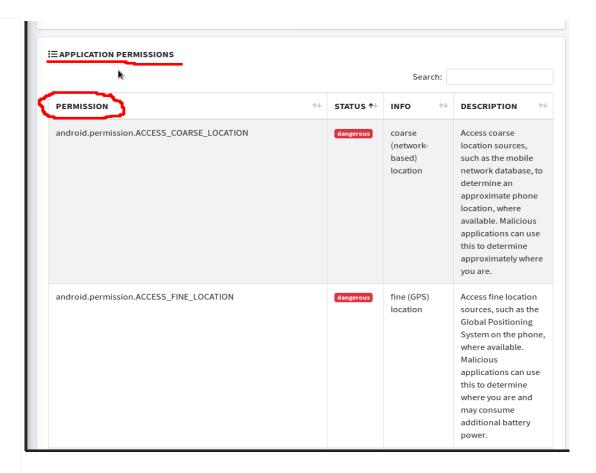
Debugging features of the application should be disabled

T1.3 Android:installLocation

 The application should be installed in the internal, more secure, memory

T1.4 Dangerous permissions

 The application should not require dangerous permissions, as defined by Android.



M2 Insecure Data Storage

```
uses-sdk android:minSdkVersion="16" android:targetSdkVersion="28"/>
<uses-feature android:name="android.hardware.telephony" android:required="false"/>
<uses-feature android:name="android.hardware.telephony.cdma" android:required="false"/>
<uses-feature android:name="android.hardware.telephony.gsm" android:required="false"/>
<uses-feature android:name="android.hardware.camera" android:required="false"/>
<uses-feature android:name="android.hardware.camera.autofocus" android:required="false"/>
<uses-feature android:name="android.hardware.camera.flash" android:required="false"/>
<uses-feature android:name="android.hardware.camera.front" android:required="false"/>
<uses-feature android:name="android.hardware.camera.any" android:required="false"/>
<uses-feature android:name="android.hardware.bluetooth" android:required="false"/>
<uses-feature android:name="android.hardware.location" android:required="false"/>
<uses-feature android:name="android.hardware.location.network" android:required="false"/>
<uses-feature android:name="android.hardware.location.gps" android:required="false"/>
<uses-feature android:name="android.hardware.microphone" android:required="false"/>
<uses-feature android:name="android.hardware.wifi" android:required="false"/>
<uses-feature android:name="android.hardware.wifi.direct" android:required="false"/>
<uses-feature android:name="android.hardware.screen.landscape" android:required="false"/>
<uses-feature android:name="android.hardware.screen.portrait" android:required="false"/>
<uses-feature android:glEsVersion="0×00020000" android:required="true"/>
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET"/>
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_NETWORK_STATE"/>
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_WIFI_STATE"/>
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.VIBRATE"/>
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.WAKE_LOCK"/>
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.USE_FINGERPRINT"/>
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS FINE LOCATION"</p>
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.READ PHONE STATE"/>
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.READ_CONTACTS"/>
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.WRITE_CALENDAR"/>
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.CAMERA"/>
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.FLASHLIGHT"/>
<uses-permission android:name
<supports-screens android:largeScreens="true" android:xlargeScreens="true"/>
<uses-permission android:name="com.google.android.c2dm.permission.RECEIVE"/>
```

Data should be stored in a way that limits the risks in case of loss or compromise of the phone

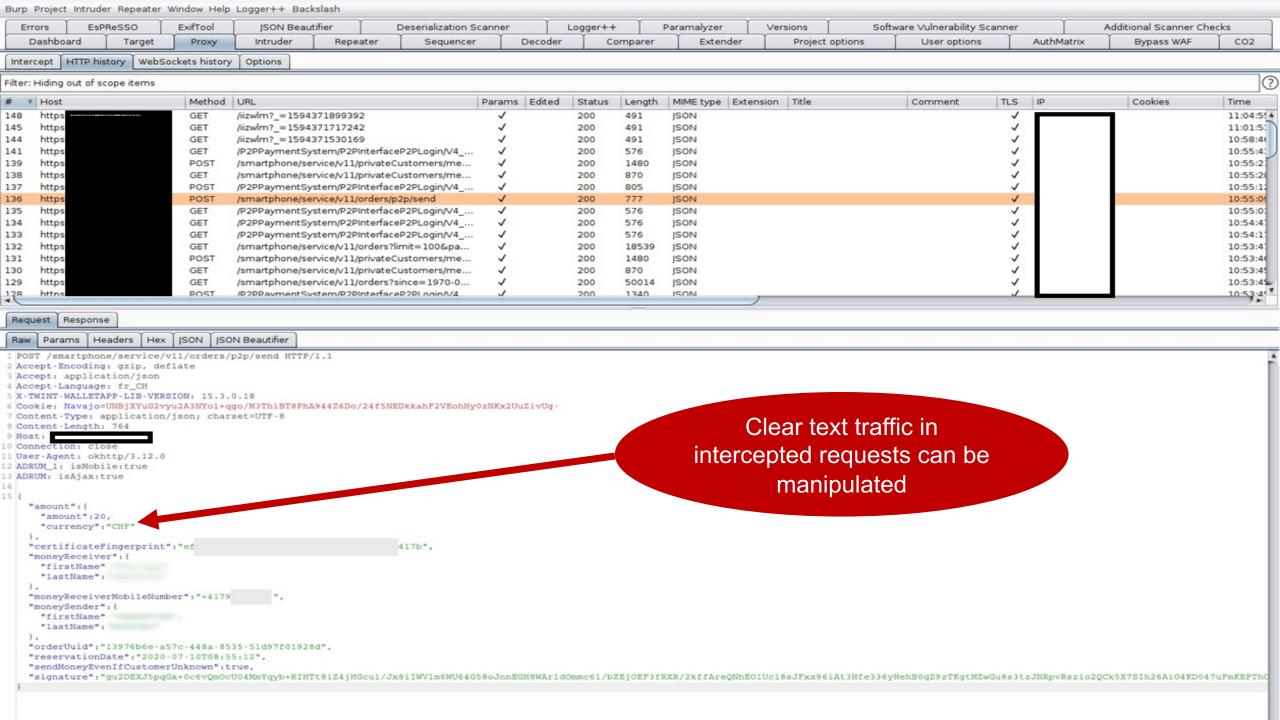
- T2.1 Android.permission.WRITE_EXTERNAL_STORAGE
 - No permission to write to a removable memory card
- T2.2 Disabling screenshots
 - If not disabled, screen shots are done automatically to generate thumbnails for task switching

M3 Insecure Communication

Protect against eavesdropping and manipulation of traffic

- T3.1 Application should only use HTTPS connections
 - Test by sniffing traffic
- T3.2 Application should detect Machine-in-the-Middle attacks with untrusted Certificates
 - Would allow anybody to intercept traffic
 - Test by intercepting traffic with proxy
- T3.3 Application should detect Machine-in-the-Middle attacks with trusted certificate
 - Would allow authorities to intercept traffic
 - Test by installing root certificate on phone, intercept with proxy
- T3.4 App manifest should not allow clear text traffic

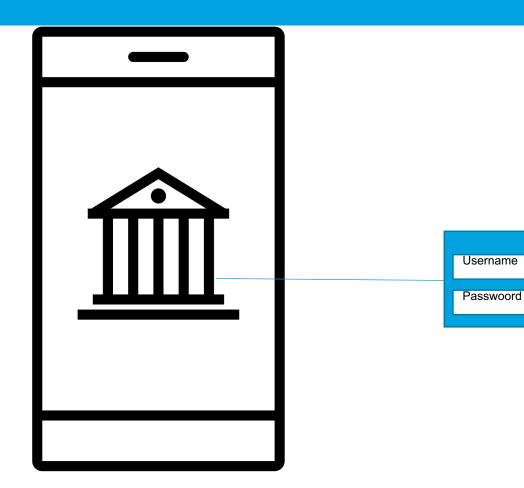




M4 Insecure Authentication

Prevent unauthorized access to the application

- T4.1 Authentication required before accessing sensitive information
 - Application must require PIN or fingerprint
- T4.2 The application should have an inactivity timeout
- T4.3 If a new fingerprint is added, authentication with fingerprints should be temporarily disabled
 - User should provide PIN to enable fingerprints again
 - Prevents attacks where an attacker adds their fingerprint to access the application
- T4.4 It should not be possible to replay intercepted requests (e.g. a money transfer)
 - An attacker intercepting a request for a money transfer could replay it to steal money from the victim.



M5: Insufficient Cryptography

```
"moneyReceiverMobileNumber":"+4179
  "moneySender": {
      "firstName"
      "lastName":
114.
          @TargetApi(8)
          public static File b(Context context) {
116.
              if (bl.a()) {
                 return context.getExternalCacheDir();
118.
             return new File(Environment.getExternalStorageDirectory().getPath(
119.
          public static String b(String str) {
                 MessageDigest instance = MessageDigest.getInstance("SHA-1");
124.
                 instance.update(str.getBytes());
                 return a(instance.digest());
              } catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException unused) {
                 return String.valueOf(str.hashCode());
129.
          @TargetApi(9)
          public static boolean b() {
134.
              if (bl.b()) {
                 return Environment.isExternalStorageRemovable();
136.
```

Cryptography can only protect confidentiality and integrity of data if correctly implemented

T5.1 The app should not use unsafe crypto primitives

- E.g., MD5, SHA-1, RC4, DES, 3DES, Blowfish, ECB
- Search for these in the code
- Detection of these primitives does not imply that they are used for protecting critical information!

T5.2 The HTTPS connections should be configured according to best practices

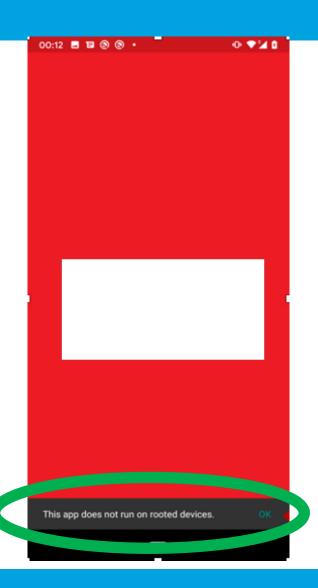
 Watch where the app connects to, use Qualys SSL labs to evaluate configuration, expect a grade of B or more

M8: Code Tampering

Prevent an attacker from tampering the code on the telephone

T8.1 The application should refuse to run on a rooted device

 On a rooted device, users can manipulate the code of the application



M9 Reverse engineering

```
instance.update(str.getBytes());
        return a(instance.digest());
    } catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException unused) {
        return String.valueOf(str.hashCode());
@TargetApi(9)
public static boolean b() {
    if (bl.b()) {
       return Environment.isExternalStorageRemovable();
    return true;
public Bitmap a(String str) {
    dt<String, Bitmap> dtVar = this.d;
    if (dtVar != null) {
        return dtVar.a(str);
    return null;
public void a() {
    synchronized (this.g) {
        if (this.c == null || this.c.a()) {
            File file = this.f.c;
            if (this.f.g && file != null) {
                if (!file.exists()) {
                    file.mkdirs();
```

Prevent attackers from analyzing the logic of the application

T9.1 The code should be obfuscated

- When the code is obfuscated, it is much more difficult to understand the logic of the code
- This makes it more difficult to manipulate the code or to find potential vulnerabilities
- Decompile the code and assess its readability

Android apps tests summary

Application security best practices	Corresponding tests
9.1 Device integrity	T1.2 Android:debuggable
	T1.4 Dangerous permissions
	T8.1 The application should refuse to run on a rooted device
9.2 Communication Security and Certificate Handling	T3.1 Application should only use HTTPS connections
	T3.2 Application should detect Machine-in-the-Middle attacks with untrusted certificates
	T3.3 Application should detect Machine-in-the-Middle attacks with trusted certificates
	T3.4 App manifest should not allow clear text traffic
	T5.1 The app should not use unsafe crypto primitives
	T5.2 The HTTPS connections should be configured according to best practices
	T5.3 The app should encrypt sensitive data that is sent over HTTPS
9.3 User authentication	T4.1 Authentication required before accessing sensitive information
	T4.2 The application should have an inactivity timeout
	T4.3 If a fingerprint is added, authentication with fingerprints should be disabled T4.4 It should not be possible to replay intercepted requests
9.4 Secure Data Handling	T1.1 Android:allowBackup
	T1.3 Android:installLocation
	T2.1 Android.permission.WRITE_EXTERNAL_STORAGE
	T2.2 Disabling screenshots
9.5 Secure Application Development	T9.1 The code of the app should be obfuscated

What ITU needs to test DFS applications

USSD and STK Tests

- 2 SIM cards of the networks to be tested.
- Active DFS account on each SIM card.
- DFS Wallet PINs
- Prepaid mobile credit on SIM cards SIM cards must have mobile roaming enabled for Switzerland
- USSD codes for each of the DFS providers.
- Credit on DFS Wallets (\$10 to be used for testing)

Android application tests

- In addition to the above requirements,
- Android apps (apk file) must be shared, or links to download the apps from the Play Store.



Questions



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