Digital Financial Services Security Lab

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Overview

- 1. ITU & Digital Finance
- 2. DFS Security Lab
- 3. Security recommendations for digital finance
- 4. Knowledge transfer for regulators
- 5. Actions being implemented



ITU Digital Finance & Inclusion Journey













2010-2012





























DFS security challenges for regulators

Weak Server Side Controls Security Decisions via Insufficient Transport Layer **Untrusted Inputs** Protection Client Side Insecure Data Unintended Data Injection Leakage Storage **Vulnerabilities** Broken Cryptography



DFS Security Lab

Cybersecurity capability of regulators

Security audit of mobile payment applications

Adoption of security best practices for digital finance



DFS Security Lab

Provides a standard methodology to conduct security audit for mobile payment apps (USSD, Android and iOS) and address systemic vulnerabilities and verify compliance against security best practices and standards.

Website: https://figi.itu.int/figi-resources/dfs-security-lab/



DFS Security Lab - Objectives



Collaborate with regulators to adopt DFS security recommendations from FIGI



Organise security clinics & Knowledge transfer for Security Lab



Perform **security audits** of mobile payment apps (USSD, Android and iOS)



Assist regulators to evaluate the cyberresilience of DFS critical infrastructure



Encourage adoption of international standards on DFS security and participate in ITU-T SG17



Networking platform for regulators for knowledge sharing on threats and vulnerabilities



Adoption of Security Recommendations

Collaborate with DFS regulators and DFS providers to enhance the cybersecurity strategy for DFS and security assurance of the DFS ecosystem **by implementing the recommendations** in:

- 1. <u>DFS Security Assurance Framework</u>
- 2. Security testing for USSD and STK based DFS applications
- 3. <u>Security audit of various DFS applications</u>
- 4. SS7 Vulnerabilities and mitigation measures for DFS
- 5. DFS security audit guideline
- 6. <u>DFS Consumer Competency Framework</u>

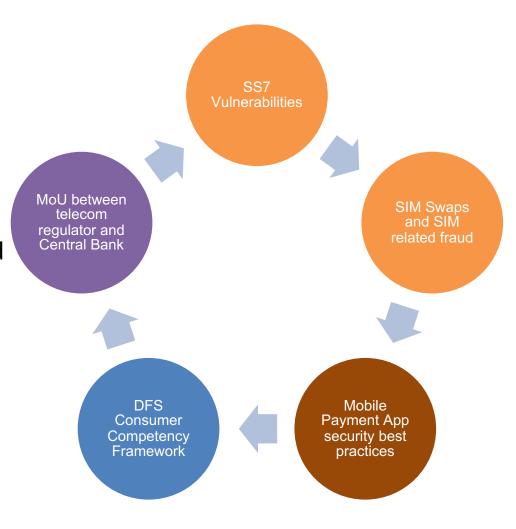




DFS Security Recommendations

The recommendations contain the following specific guidelines that may be adopted by regulators.

- 1. Recommendations to mitigate SS7 vulnerabilities
- 2. Model Memorandum of Understanding between a Telecommunications Regulator and a Central Bank Related to Security for Digital Financial Services
- 3. Recommendations for securing mobile payment apps (Mobile Payment Apps security best practices)
- 4. DFS Consumer Competency Framework
- 5. Recommendations for operators and regulators for SIM card risks such as SIM swap fraud and SIM card recycling

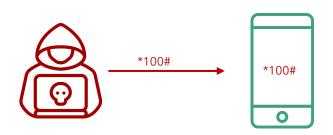




USSD & STK tests



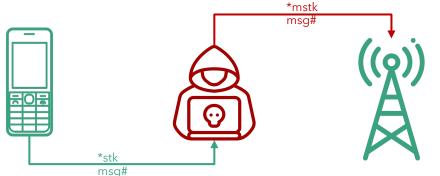
a. SIM Swap and SIM cloning



c. remote USSD execution attacks



b. susceptibility to **binary OTA attacks** (SIM jacker, WIB attacks)



d. man-in-the-middle attacks on STK based DFS applications



Android and iOS app security tests

Risks	Security test
M1 Improper Platform Usage	Check misuse of platform features or failing to use platform security controls provided
M2 Insecure Data Storage	Check that malware and other apps do not have access to DFS sensitive information
M3 Insecure Communication	Check that communication channels are encrypted
M4 Insecure Authentication	Authentication cannot easily be bypassed
M5 Insufficient Cryptography	Check crypto algorithms used
M8 Code Tampering	Check whether it is possible to modify the code
M9 Reverse engineering	Decompile source code



DFS Security Lab Knowledge Transfer

Phase 1

- Lab team and Equipment in place
- verify equipment is configured
- DFS Security Clinic

Phase 2

- Select mobile payment app
- Security walkthroughs online workshops

Phase 3

- Organise training on iOS, Android and USSD security testing
- Independent testing by Lab team
- Report on testing done

Phase 4

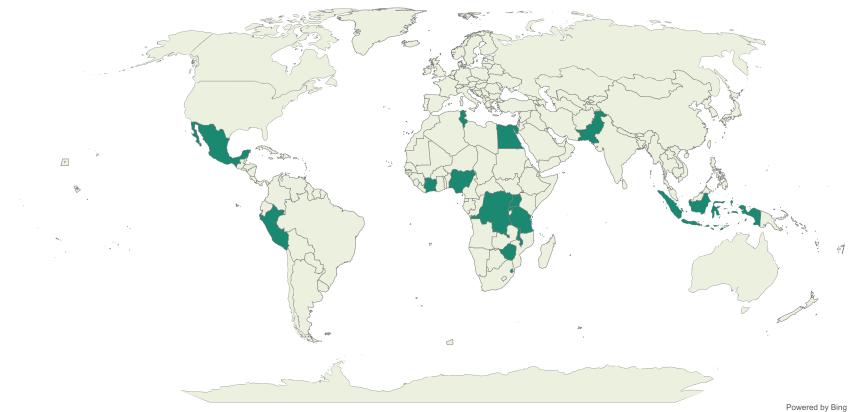
- 6-9 months period of oversight by ITU
- Mobile payment app testing reviewed by ITU
- Lessons learned of new threats and vulnerabilities



Actions being implemented

- 1. Organisation of DFS Security clinics with a focus on knowledge sharing on DFS security recommendations from FIGI
- 2. Knowledge transfer for regulators of Tanzania, Uganda and Peru to set up DFS Security Lab
- 3. Guidance on implementing recommendations DFS security recommendations
- 4. Conduct security audits of mobile payment applications and SIM cards (Zambia, Zimbabwe, The Gambia, Peru, Tanzania and Uganda).
- 5. ITU Knowledge Sharing Platform for Digital Finance Security
- 6. ITU Cyber Security Resilience Assessment toolkit for DFS Critical Infrastructure





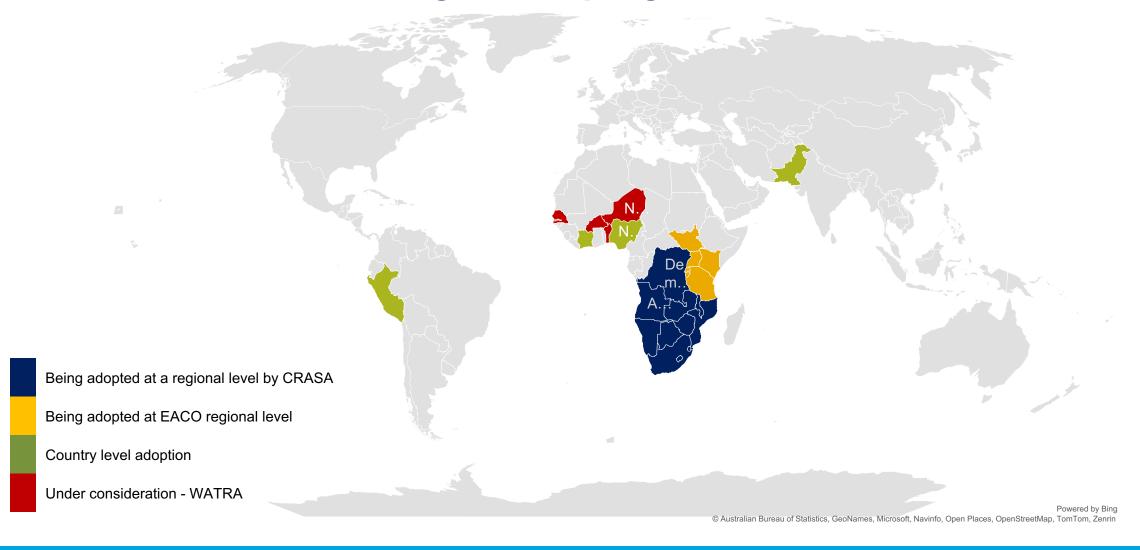
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DFS security clinics held in 2021, 2022, 2023

Security Clinics were held in some 18 countries



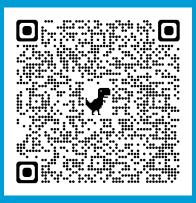
Countries and Regions adopting the recommendations







Questions



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https://figi.itu.int/figi-resources/dfs-security-lab/

