Cyber Resilience Toolkit for DFS Critical Infrastructure

Vijay Mauree, Programme Coordinator, ITU

dfssecuritylab@itu.int

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Toolkit Overview

- A guide for DFS regulators to assess cybersecurity risks in digital finance infrastructure and enhance cyber preparedness.
- Rooted in ISO 27000 series standards and enriched by the Payment Aspect for Financial Inclusion (PAFI) report recommendations.

The need for Coordination on Cyber resilience in DFS.

- **Different ecosystem stakeholders:** Financial institutions, Regulators, Telcos, Technology providers
- Sectorial Interdependence: the necessity for coordinated efforts between the Financial and Telco sectors to safeguard against cyber threats.
- **Cross-Sectoral Collaboration**: Encourages information sharing, joint cyber threat analysis, and coordinated response strategies.
- **Preparedness and Response**: Development of standardized incident response protocols and preparedness measures for effective management of cyber incidents.

2. DFS Cyber Resilience Toolkit

DFS Ecosystem Understanding



DFS Ecosystem Actors

All DFS Ecosystems see a profound and direct interconnection between critical assets and four main actors. These include the financial sector, the telecommunication sector, third-parties, and the DFS final user.



The Technical Report The Methodology and a deeper focus into the analysis of the DFS ecosystem is contained in a Word document, which will be shared with all relevant and identified entities.



Methodology The establishment of a Cyber Resilience Toolkit to self-test DFS entities' cyber preparedness dictates the definition of a resilience methodology that considers multiple international frameworks and standards.

DFS Ecosystem Resilience Self-Assessment



DFS Resilience Toolkit Phases

To successfully complete the self-assessment, entities and regulators are encouraged to follow an operational path divided into four critical steps.



Toolkit Questions The Toolkit includes questions that aim to test the entity's cyber resilience level. The toolkit's questions must be answered truthfully to reflect the true status of cyber preparedness.

Guidance Results Assessment As entities

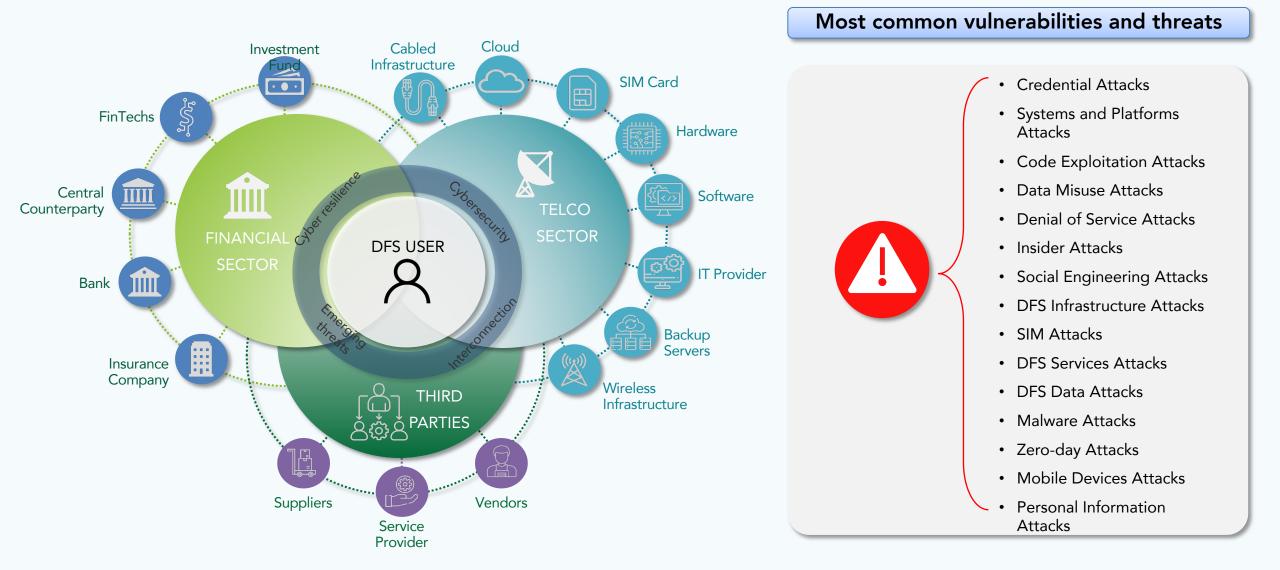


complete the tests, the results are portrayed in bar charts, radar charts, and ad-hoc infographics to facilitate the identification of weakness, data sharing, and roadmapping.

The DFS Ecosystem



Ecosystem actors, threats and vulnerabilitues



The Technical Report



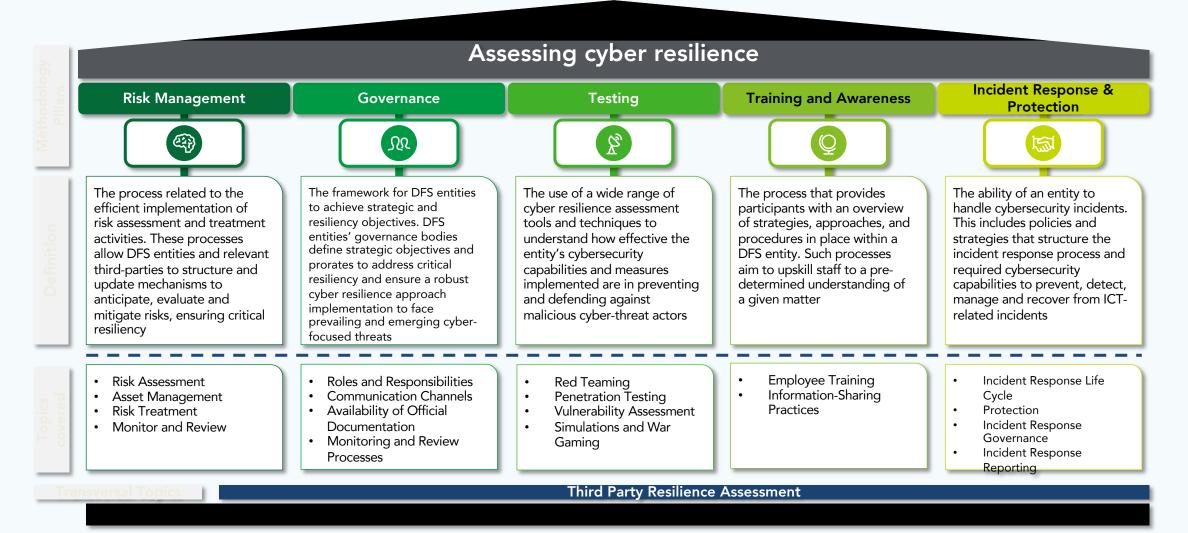
The analysis of the DFS ecosystems and its main actors is contained in a technical report, which will be provided to all relevant entities and will include a tailored methodology to introduce the self-assessment Toolkit



Methodology



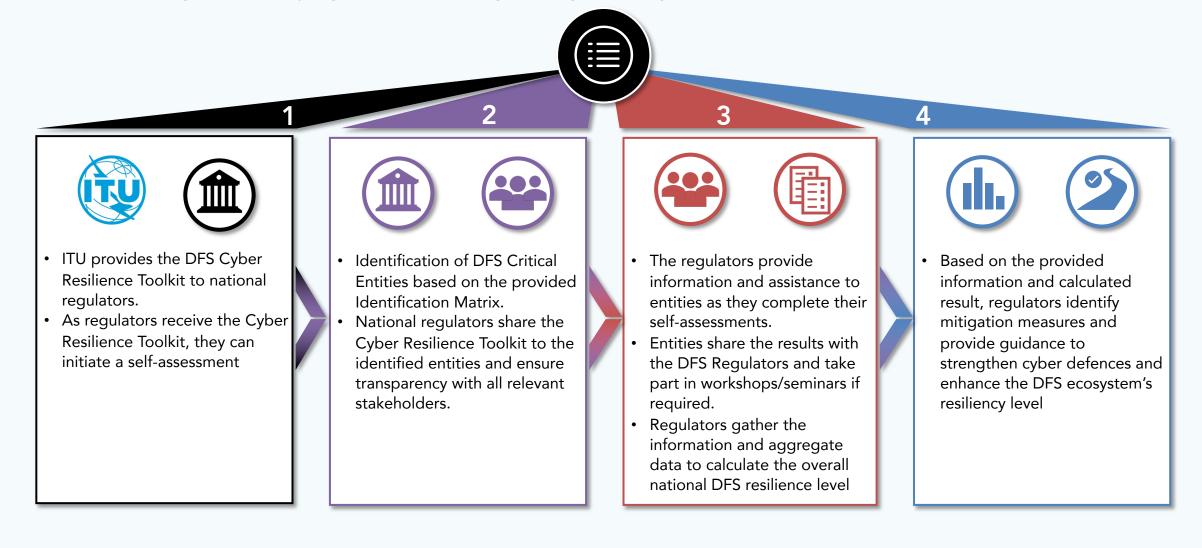
The DFS Resilience Toolkit's Pillars represent the main areas or categories of focus for the DFS Ecosystem Resilience analysis. Each Methodology Pillar leads to the definition of a specific categories of questions within the Toolkit



Assessment phases



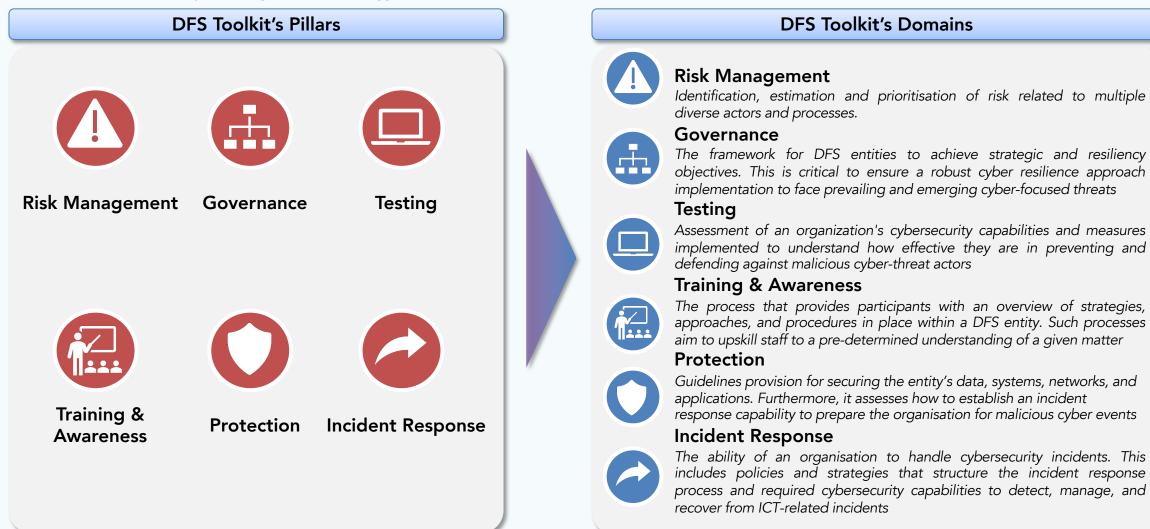
Below is an overview of the expected phases of toolkit's life-cycle. The process begins from the interactions between ITU and national regulators and progress towards the gathering and analysis of data and results



Toolkit – Questions (1/3)



Toolkit's Questions are provided to users in categories. Each Category, or toolkit's sheet containing specific questions related to the corresponding methodology's Pillar.



Toolkit – Questions (2/3)



Each question, or row of the Toolkit's sheet, is composed of several columns. For each column, the cell provides information concerning the specific question such as Pillar and Sub-pillar, ID, Applicability and Question's content.

Cyber resiliency Questions are structured as follows:

Pillar	Subpillar	ID	Applicability	Question
Risk Management	Third-Parties	RM.01	FS Entity / Telco Entity	Is the entity reliant on a specific supplier? Does it have a business continuity plan in place in case suppliers or other linked services are unavailable?

Pillars Main category of Methodology's Pillar. Each section (sheet) of Toolkit's questions will have the same <u>Pillar</u> as reference. This distinction will be leveraged to further analyse and detail overall score	Sub-Pillar Sub-categories of Methodology's <u>Pillar</u> . Depending on the specific <u>Pillar</u> , each section (sheet) of Toolkit's questions will have several sub-pillars as reference. This distinction will be leveraged to further analyse and detail overall score	ID Identificatory code to facilitate cross- communication	Applicability Applicability of the question to the nature of the actor undertaking the assessment The user will filter the applicability column to ensure that it is only shown applicable questions. The categories identified are: FS Entity FS Entity FS Entity FS Regulator FS Regulator FS Regulator FS Regulator / Telco Regulator	Question Each row of the sections (sheet) will provide a set of Question related to the identified <u>Pillars</u> and <u>Sub- Pillars</u> Having filtered Questions based on the <u>Applicability</u> , users will answer applicable <u>questions</u>
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Toolkit – Questions (3/3)

Below is an overview of the second part of Toolkit's Questions.

Cyber resiliency Questions are structured as follows:

Question	Resilience level 0	Resilience level 1	Resilience level 2	Resilience level 3	Resilience level 4
Is the entity reliant on a specific supplier? Does it have a business continuity plan in place in case suppliers or other linked services are unavailable?		Yes, the entity is reliant on a supplier. It has a preliminary continuity plan, but it is still basic and not fully functioning	Yes, the entity is reliant on a supplier, but management has started to diversify the relationships with other third-parties	reliant on a specific supplier but it has no	No, the entity is not reliant on a specific supplier, and it has a coherent, over- reaching, and functioning business continuity plan

Question	Level 0 Answer	Level 1 Answer	Level 2 Answer	Level 3 Answer	Level 4 Answer
Each row of the sections (sheet) will	This first provided	This first provided provides a	This first provided provides a	This first provided provides a	This first provided provides a 4
provide a set of <u>Question</u> related to	provides a 0 level rank. This is the lowest	1 level rank. After collecting results, users	2 level rank. After collecting results, users	3 level rank. After collecting results, users	level rank. This is the highest ranking
the identified Pillars and Sub-Pillars	ranking answer. On the side, user may	may find this answer as the first mitigation step to move	may find this answer as the first mitigation step to move	may find this answer as the first mitigation step to move	answer. After collecting results, users
Having filtered Questions based on	select it (by insert an X) in case it is the	from their previous rank 0 answer.	from their previous rank 1 answer.	from their previous rank 2 answer.	may find this answer as the first mitigation step to move
the <u>Applicability</u> , users will answer applicable	applicable answer to their Entity	On the side, user may select it (by insert an X) in case it is	On the side, user may select it (by insert an X) in case it is	On the side, user may select it (by insert an X) in case it is	from their previous rank 2 answer.
questions		the applicable answer to their Entity	the applicable answer to their Entity	the applicable answer to their Entity	On the side, user may select it (by insert an X) in case it is the
					applicable or to their
				(3)	(4)
					$- \sim$

Toolkit - Results



The self-assessment's results will provide information based on Overall score, Pillars' score and Sub-pillars' score, and will facilitate the identification of weaknesses in the ecosystem

Overall Score

Pillar	Resiliency Score	Resiliency Level
Risk Management	1,97	BASIC
Governance	1,79	BASIC
Testing	2,33	INTERMEDIATE
Training & Awareness	1,81	BASIC
Protection	2,07	INTERMEDIATE
Incident Response	2,26	INTERMEDIATE
Overall	2,04	INTERMEDIATE

Governance Score

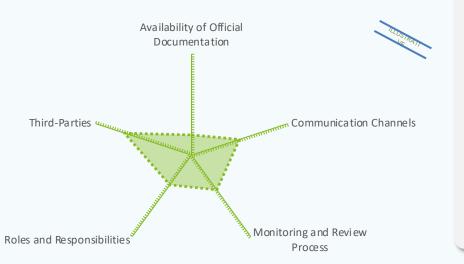
Subpillar	Resiliency Score	Resiliency Level
Availability of Official Documentation	0,80	NONE
Communication Channels	2,00	INTERMEDIATE
Monitoring and Review Process	1,71	BASIC
Roles and Responsibilities	1,47	BASIC
Third-Parties	2,80	INTERMEDIATE

Governance

1,79

BASIC

4,00		30000000		3000000		111111111111111111111111111111111111111
3,50						
3,00				*******		
2,50						
2,00						
1,50						
1,00						
0,50						
0,00						
0,00	Risk	Governance	Testing	Training &	Protection	Incident
	Managemer		resting	Awareness	FIGLECTION	Response



DFS Resilience toolkit Score

The DFS Cyber Resilience Toolkit provides entities and regulators undertaking the self-assessment with:

- An overall score showing the cyber resilience level of the user per Pillar.
 - An individual score per Pillar, showing the cyber resilience level of the user per Sub-pillar. The radar charts allow the user to understand the main shortcomings for each Pillar and Subpillar.

How can it support you?

The Cyber Resilience Toolkit and Methodology support the correct identification of cyber threats, risks, and mitigation measures. The document provided includes strategic points of cutting-edge and innovative methodological frameworks that will facilitate the improvement of DFS actors' resilience levels, cyber preparedness, and knowledge of the most common threats, risks, and vulnerabilities.

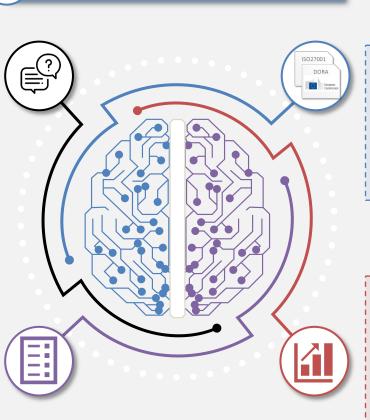
Advantages

Tailored set of DFS questions

The ITU Cyber Resilience Assessment documents provide a tailored set of DFS-focused questions that aim to review, assess, and strengthen the digital financial ecosystem. This includes a particular focus on DFS actors, threats most commonly identified in DFS operations, and scenarios specific to digital financial services.

Focus on Emerging Markets

While digital financial services expand worldwide, this ITU document focuses predominantly on instances related to emerging markets and developing economies. This methodology and the affiliated toolkit support the identification of threats and risks that may cause critical service disruption in emerging economies. By initiating the self-assessment, DFS actors mitigate the risk of malicious operations and take steps to improve peripheral and internal defences.

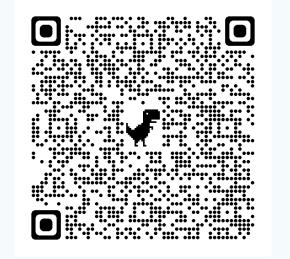


Cutting-edge frameworks

The documents take into consideration the latest cuttingedge cybersecurity methodological frameworks, such as the EU-sponsored Digital Operational Resilience Act (DORA). By including such frameworks, the Cyber Resilience Assessment Toolkit and Methodology want to support emerging economies and more developed realities in embarking in strategic and tactical managerial overhauls that would increase short-term and long-term cyber resilience.

Identification of improvement measures

The documentation shared with this project will facilitate the identification of weaknesses in any world-wide DFS ecosystems. The profiling of risks, threats, and vulnerabilities will in turn enhance regulators' ability to standardize incident response plans, define operational roadmaps, and mitigate threats.



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Contact: dfssecuritylab@itu.int

Thank you!