G

FANTASTIC

Young man climbs on top of tree to improve internet signal and attend classes in Pará

This was the way that the young Artur Mesquita, 15 years old, found to follow the classes, which started to be online, due to the pandemic of Covid-19.

By Fantástico

03/21/2021 23h07 · Updated a month ago



https://translate.google.com/translate?sl=pt&tl=en&u=https://g1.globo.com/fantastico/noticia/2021/03/21/jovem-sobeno-alto-de-arvore-para-melhorar-sinal-de-internet-e-assistir-aulas-no-para.ghtml

Lack of reliable ICT infrastructure is one of the reasons ½ of population is unconnected

Where is the Infrastructure?



ITU Broadband Maps



https://itu.int/go/maps

ITU Broadband Maps



https://itu.int/go/maps

What is the BBmap contribution?







Data Availability Connecting schools – Increased Data Value (Country case)



Fiber Open Data

Awareness

Bigger impact

Improve data quality and availability

Innovative solutions by the community

ITU BBmaps



Thank you

https://itu.int/go/Maps

ITU BBmap

 quantify supply-side indicators for the reach of broadband networks. Identify those areas which are not currently served by high capacity terrestrial transmission backbones.

Purpose

Research

 Desk research, primary research in conjunction with ITU Regional Offices, and working with partner organizations. The map is validated by administrations, regulators and network operators, through the ITU Regional Offices and is recorded in the Validation Framework.

Validation

Results

- seven Broadband Capacity Indicators calculated from the GIS data underlying the map.
- Support to connectivity initiatives



Data Research

Transmission Links



https:/itu.int/go/Maps

Data Research

Operators:

Terrestrial Backbones

- Countries covered: 88
- Total of Km drawn: 3,885,787
- Number of Nodes: 23,807
- Number of Transmission lines: 40,524

https:/	<u>'itu.ir</u>	nt/go,	/Ma	<u>DS</u>
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Region	Terrestrial
Africa	93
Arab States	40
Asia & Pacific	94
CIS	26
Europe	141
The Americas	108
Total	512

Data Validation Framework & Data source



Broadband Transmission Capacity Indicators

Indicator 1: Transmission network length (Route kilometres)

Indicator 2: Node locations

Indicator 3: Equipment type of terrestrial transmission network

Indicator 4: Network capacity (bit rate)

Indicator 5: Number of optical fibres within the cable

Indicator 6: Operational status of the transmission network

Indicator 7: population within reach of transmission networks



Menu

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Base Layer

O UN Map Natural Earth Population Density

Overlays

Range to Nodes

Asian Highway

Trans-Asian Railway

Validation Status

World Transmission Links

Submarine Cables

Satellite Earth Stations

UN Map

..... International Boundary ----------Other Line of Separation 100 1 100 1 100 T 10 Capital City ۲ Other Major City ۲

Transmission Networks

Fibre Optic Cable - Operational Fibre Optic Cable - Under Constr. Fibre Optic Cable - Planned Fibre Optic Cable - Proposed Microwave - Operational --- Microwave - Planned = Submarine Cable

Validation Status

Validation - Red Traffic Light Validation - Amber Traffic Light Validation - Green Traffic Light Validation - Public

TO:

Range from Population Fibre Node Density

10-ken





Range from Population Fibre Node Density

10-ken



Data Analysis

Distance to Internet high-speed pathways (Access Points)

- Distance to Internet high-speed pathways (Access Points)
 - Broadband indicators can help with the questions raised, for instance the "Broadband indicator population within 10 Km reach". This indicator informs about the percentage of people that are within physical reach of an access point (nodes)
 - The population living within reach of transmission networks is calculated from network nodes because nodes are access points to the network. This is a useful indicator of the catchment area of a core transmission network or networks, and how many people it potentially serves.





GIGA – Connect every school

- Map
- Connect
- Finance
- Empower





Connecting schools - Increased Data Value (Country case study)

• Case: school connectivity bid (UNDP)

- GIS backbone data as a source of reference to check the level of connectivity of existing and potential candidate sites for free Public Wi-Fi.
- Ensure that free Wi-Fi sites are in areas that are underserved by service providers.
- The backbone fiber data was used to determine if there are other significant sources of connectivity options in the sites identified.

Lessons

- Making existing data available
- Focused actions -> increased data quality / update
- Supplement with additional sources to build a robust view of existing infrastructure
- Consider local terrestrial middle mile providers



FIGI -Comparison of fibre and mobile coverage





Financial Connectivity Index

- A way to visualise further possible barriers to entry for uptake of FinServ
- Weighted Sum method combines multiple layers:
 - Crime rate per municipality
 - ePOS Terminals
 - ATM Machines
 - Bank Branches
 - Correspondent Banks
- Weighting (adjustable) set to 20%
- To be made available as Web Map Services (WMS) layer, for inclusion into Desktop GIS



Next developments

- Quick Network estimation ITU Regional Initiative model
- Connectivity estimation Quality of Service
- New graphical interface
- Support to global, reginal and national Infrastructure development initiatives
- Data collection
 - Terrestrial Transmission -Collaboration with National GIS offices
 - New Layers Satellite Coverage (BR-GIMS)
 - Improving data collection in Central America: Guatemala, Honduras, and El Salvador
- ITU Assistances
 - Mapping systems
 - Data Structure harmonization

Collaboration

- <u>GIGA</u>
- ESCAP
- FIGI Financial Inclusion Mexico
- Investment Opportunities in Europe
- Data Analysis
 - Indicators
 - Hub Analysis
- More Information
 - <u>Video</u>
 - <u>Prezi</u> presentation
 - https://itu.int/go/Maps

Resources