Development of DOI-based Policy KOREA AGENCY FOR DIGITAL OPPORTUNITY & PROMOTION

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Process of Policy Development

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Process of Policy Development

- 1st Stage
- Understanding the meaning of DOI score
- 2nd Stage
- Classification of countries by DOI score
- 3rd Stage
- Classified group-based policy suggestions

- 4th Stage
- Collection and distribution of best cases

Understanding the Meaning of DOI

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Understanding the 11 Indicators

- Items to be analyzed
- Pattern of distribution
- Range(Minimum and Maximum)
- Average score
- Gini coefficient

The Concept of Gini Coefficient

Understanding Gini Coefficient

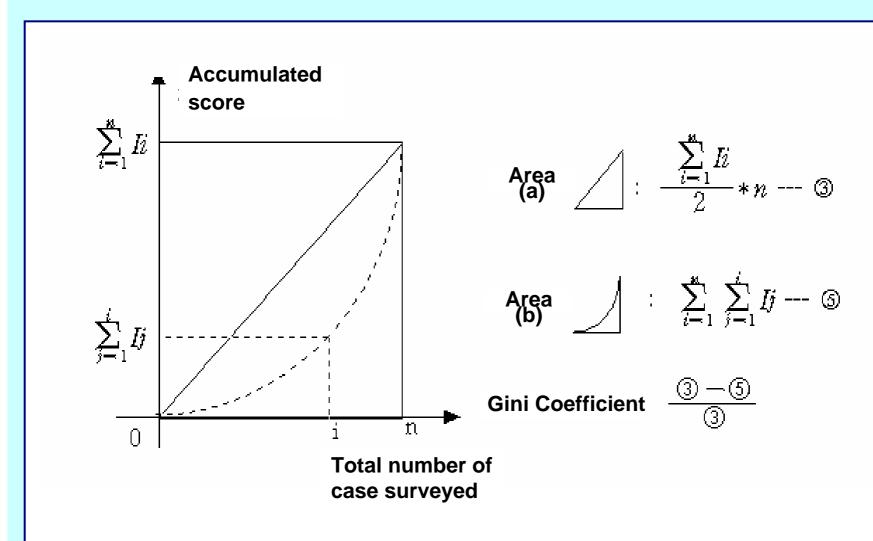
Gini efficient, which is used in economics as the summary measurement of unequal income distribution, can be used for calculating the magnitude of inequality of DOI score

The Gini Coefficient is located from 0 to 1. The Gini Coefficient is '0' in an absolute equal distribution, and '1' in an absolutely unequal distribution.

In general, a distribution is regarded unequal when the Gini ratio becomes larger than 0.3. It is regarded quite unequal when the Gini ratio is larger than 0.4.

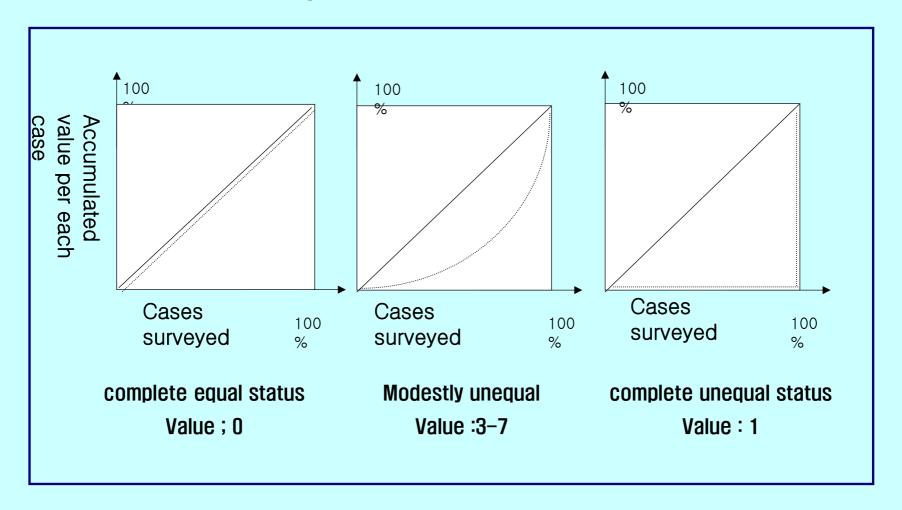
The method of calculating Gini Coefficient

The method of calculating Gini Coefficient

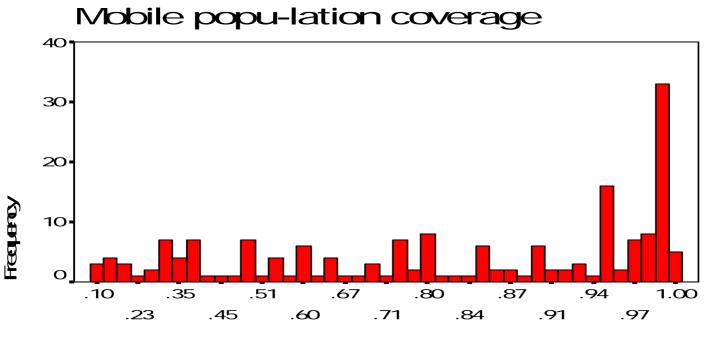


The Concept of Gini Coefficient

< Interpretation of Gini Coefficient >



Mobile Coverage



Mobile population coverage

Widely distributed from 10% to 100% but more countries on high coverage

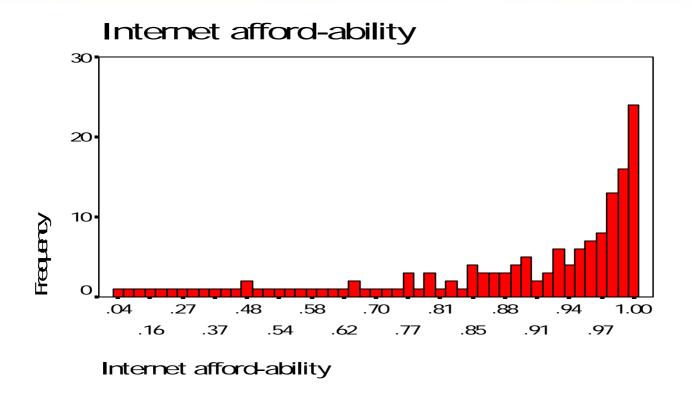
Countries with more than 90% coverage: 50%

Countries with less than 50% coverage: 23%

Average score: .75 : Gini Coefficient : 0.18

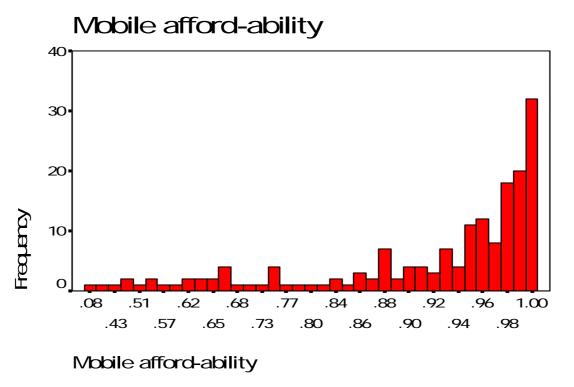
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Internet Affordability



Majority(60%) pay less than 10% of monthly income for Internet access But 10% pay more than half of monthly income for Internet access Average score: .85; Gini Coefficient: 0.26;

Mobile Affordability



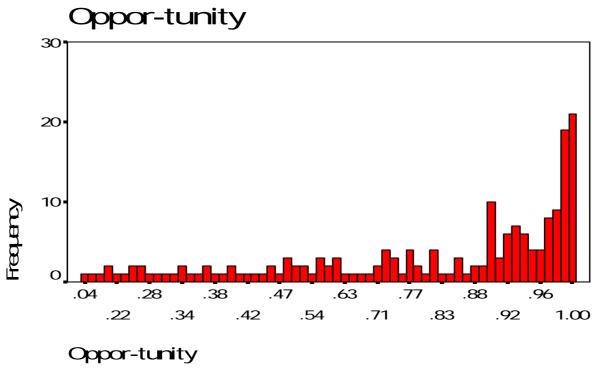
Majority(70%) pay less than 10% of monthly income for the mobile access

Only five countries pay more than half of monthly income for the mobile access

Average score:.90

Gini Coefficient: 0.12 (lower than Internet affordability)

Opportunity

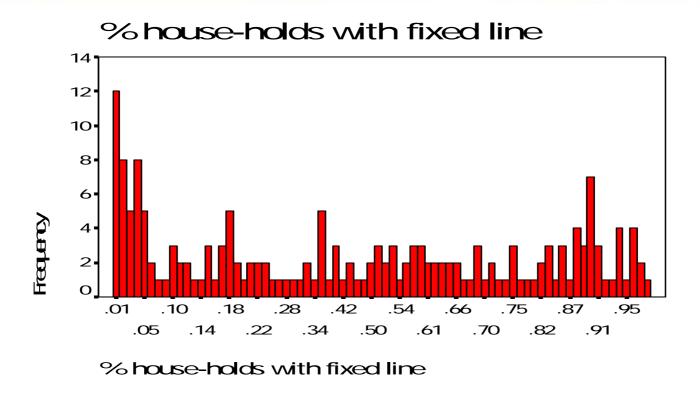


Majority of countries scored a high value in Opportunity Around 50% of countries scored more than .90 point

Average score: .77

Gini Coefficient: 0.17

Household with fixed line



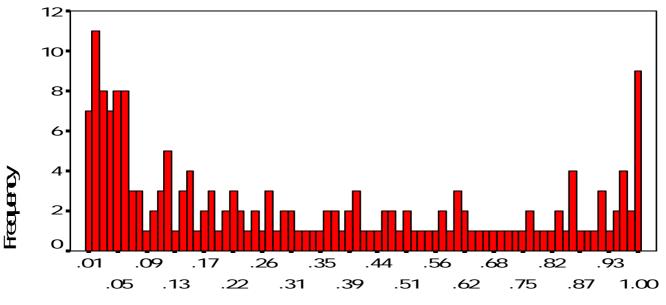
Half is less than 50% and another half is more than 50%

Lowest 25% have less than 10% of fixed line connected household while highest 25% have more than 80% of fixed line connected household

Average score 0.44; Gini Coefficient: 0.43;

Mobile Subscribers





Mobile per 100 inhab.

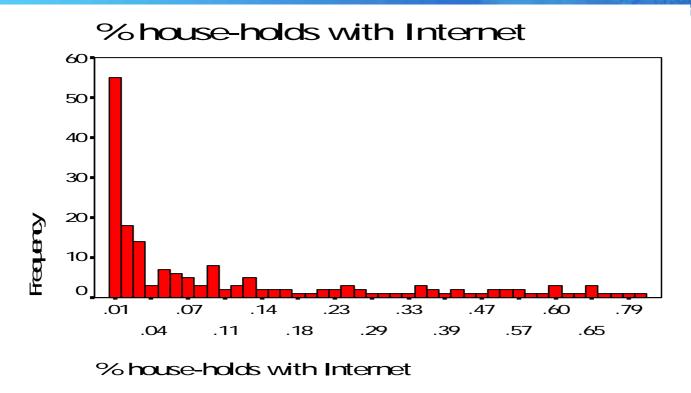
Similar pattern to fixed line connection but more unequally distributed

Lowest 25% have only less than 5% of mobile users

Average score: .37 which is lower than fixed line connected household despite rapid growth of mobile subscribers mobile users

Gini Coefficient: 0.51

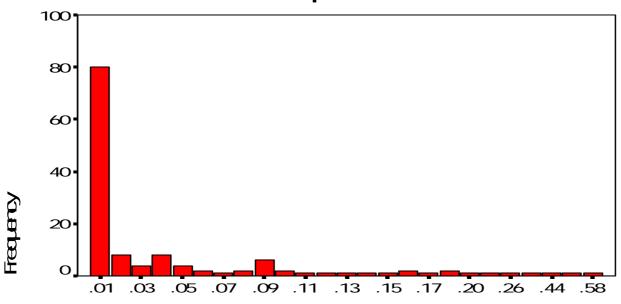
Internet Connected Household



Internet connected household is rare in the majority of countries
It is lower than 10% in the 60% of countries
Only top 10% have more than 50% of Internet connected household
Average score:.14 Gini Coefficient : 0.67;

Mobile Internet Users

Mobile Internet per 100 inhab.



Mobile Internet per 100 inhab.

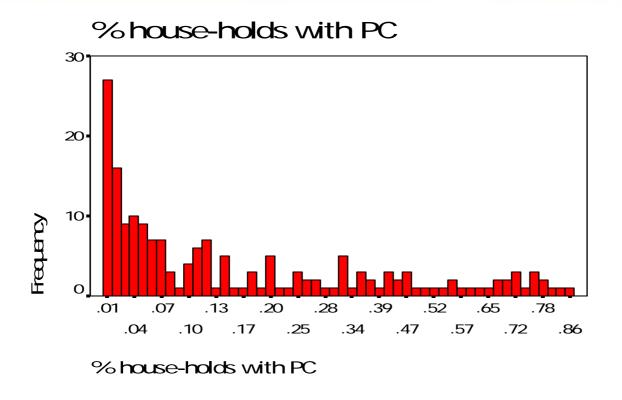
Mobile Internet users are much rare than Internet connected household

It is lower than 1% in the more than 50% of countries

More than 15% of mobile internet is found only in 10% of countries

Average score: .05 Gini Coefficient: 0.84;

Household with PC

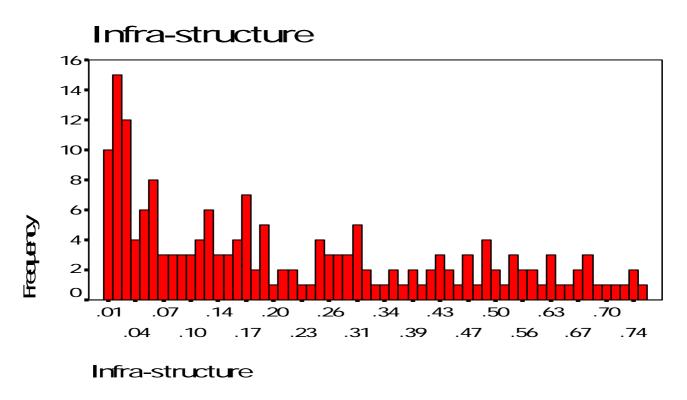


it is lower than 10% in the half of countries

However average score(.20) is slightly bigger than household with Internet(average :.14)

Average score: .20; Gini Coefficient: 0.59;

Infrastructure



Countries scored a lower value in Infrastructure than Opportunity

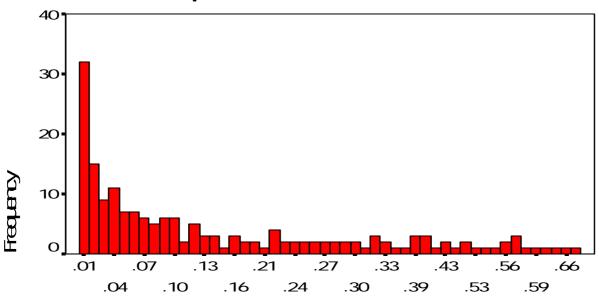
Maximum score in Infrastructure is only .76, while it is was 1.00 in Opportunity

Average score:.24 Gini Coefficient : 0.50;



Internet users





Internet per 100 inhab.

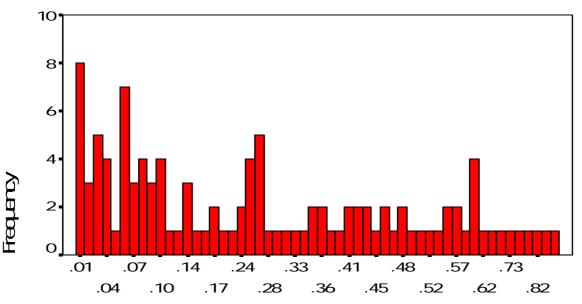
Similar pattern to that of Internet connected household

It is a little better than Internet connected household, average score is .16 while Internet connected household is .14

Average:.16; Gini Coefficient: 0.59;

Broadband Ratio in the Fixed Internet





Fixed broad-band to total Internet subs.

It is lower than 50% in the 80% of countries

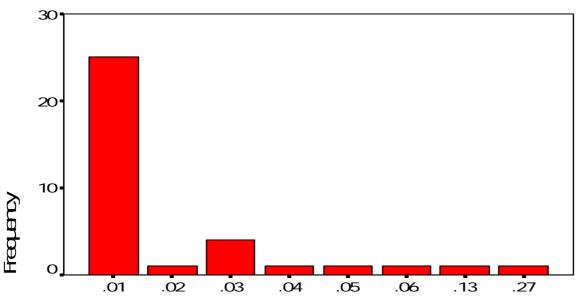
But there is one country which already reached

100%

Average score: .28; Gini Coefficient: 0.68;

Broadband Ration in the Mobile Internet





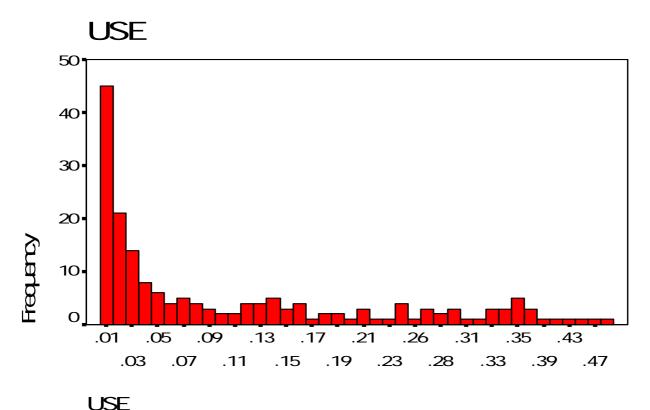
Mobile broad-band to total mobile

Broadband connection in the mobile is very rare

Average score:.02

Gini Coefficient: 0.96;

Utilization

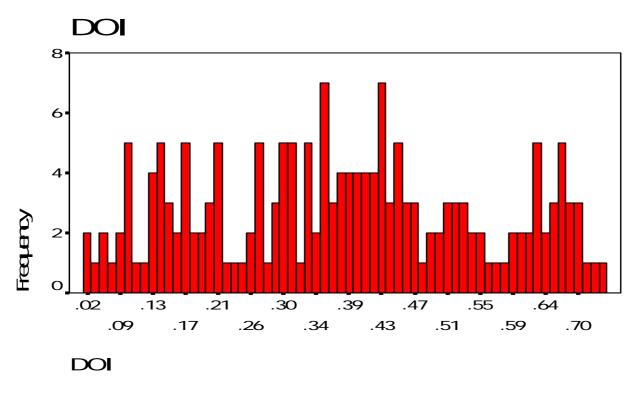


Utilization score is lowest, even lower than Infrastructure Maximum value is only .64

Average score:.11

Gini Coefficient: 0.61

Overall DOI Score



The distribution of overall DOI score is similar to the bell typed normal distribution

Half is lower than average(.37) and another half is higher than average

Average score:.37; Gini Coefficient: 0.28

Summary of Indicators

	Minimum	Maximum	Average	Gini
Mobile coverage	.10	1.00	.75	.18
Internet price	.04	1.00	.85	.26
Mobile price	.08	1.00	.90	.12
Household with fixed line	.01	.98	.44	.43
Mobile users	.01	1.00	.37	.51
Household with Internet Connection	.01	.81	.14	.67
Mobile Internet users	.01	.58	.05	.84
Household with PC	.01	.86	.20	.59
Internet users	.01	.75	.16	.59
% Broadband in the fixed	.01	1.00	.28	.68
% Broadband in the mobile	.01	0.27	.02	.96

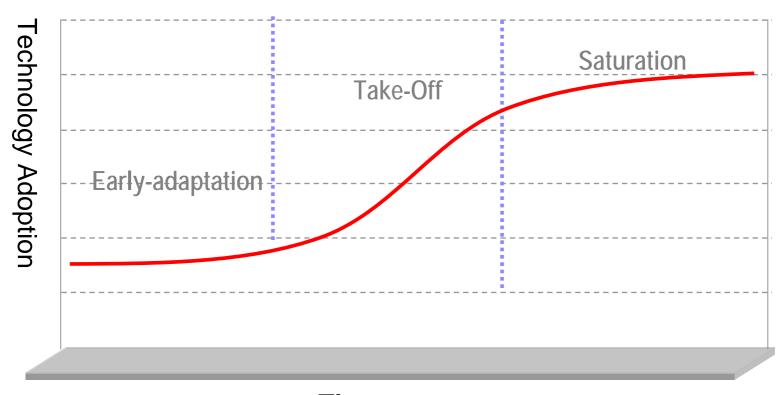
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Classification of Countries by Score of DOI



Technology Adoption Process

Technology Adoption Curve



Time

Criteria for Classification of Countries by DOI score

	Before starting	Beginning	Take off	Matured
ICT status	Very poor	poor	less developed	developed
Policy	No adequate policy	Initial stage	Full Implementation	Paradigm shift
Government intervention	Almost no intervention	Government intervention started	Maximum government intervention	Minimum Government intervention
Market	Monopoly	Minimum competition	Increasing competition	Full competition

Classification of Countries by 11 Indicators					
	Before starting	Beginning	Take off	Matured	
Mobile coverage	49% (<mark>23%)</mark>	50-74% (17%)	75-94% <mark>(30%)</mark>	95% <mark>(30%)</mark>	
Internet price	25% (21%)	24-10% (20%)	9-3% (29%)	2% (<mark>30%)</mark>	
Mobile price	20% [18%]	19-10% [12%]	9-3% (30%)	2% (40%)	
Household with fixed line	24% (40%)	25-49% [14%]	50-74% (21%)	75% [25%]	
Mobile users	24% (49%)	25-49 (21%)	50-74% (10%)	75 (20%)	
Household with Internet Connection	4% (50%)	5-14 (24%)	15-49% (16%)	50 (10%)	
Mobile Internet users	4% (80%)	5-14 (10%)	15-49% (9%)	50% (1%)	
Household with PC	4% (40%)	5-14 (23%)	15-49% <mark>(22%)</mark>	50% (15%)	
Internet users	4% (40%)	5-14 (25%)	15-49 (25%)	50% (10%)	
% Broadband in the fixed	4% (50%)	5-14% (15%)	15-49% (25%)	50% (10%)	
% Broadband in the	4% [97%] Y & PROMOTION	5-14% [2%]	15-49% [1%]	50% (0%)	

Classification of Countries by DOI Score

	Before starting	Beginning	Take off	Matured
Opportunity	068 [29%]	.6985 [15%]	.8696 [25%]	.97-1.0 [31%]
Infra- structure	017 [50%]	.1837 [22%]	.3866 [20%]	.67-1.0 [8%]
Utilization	004 [48%]	.0514 [21%]	.1549 [30%]	.50-1.0 [1%]
Overall DOI Score	030 [37%]	.3145 [32%]	.4670 [29%]	.71–1.0 [1%]

Analysis by the Combination of ROREA AGENCY FOR DIGITAL OPPORTUNITY & PROMOTION Indicators



Internet users by Internet price and Internet Connected Household

Internet Price

	high	middle	low	very low
very low	0.02(55)	0.05(21)	0.07(11)	0.05(3)
low	0.05(2)	0.12(13)	0.15(18)	0.18(8)
middle			0.28(7)	0.30(22)
high				0.55(20)

Internet users by Internet price and GNI

Internet Price

GZ

	high	middle	low	very low
very low	0.02(40)	0.05(7)	0.13(3)	0.3(2)
low	0.04(11)	0.09(22)	0.10(14)	0.24(3)
middle	0.08(2)	0.07(5)	0.19(16)	0.19(12)
high	0.01(1)		0.20(2)	0.45(29)

Internet users by Internet Connected Household and GNI

Internet Connected Household

GZ Z

	Very low	low	middle	high
very low	0.02(47)	0.19(3)	0.30(2)	
low	0.06(29)	0.11(20)		0.58(1)
middle	0.05(5)	0.17(17)	0.29(9)	
high	0.01(1)	0.16(1)	0.30(14)	0.56(16)

Mobile users by Mobile price and Mobile Coverage

Mobile Price

	high	middle	low	Very low
Very low	0.04(18)	0.04(9)	0.13(7)	
low	0.08(16)	0.11(3)	0.12(8)	0.10(3)
middle	0.08(5)	0.17(7)	0.30(23)	0.32(10)
high		0.20(3)	0.47(11)	0.76(57)

Mobile users by Mobile price and GNI

Mobile Price

G N

	high	middle	low	Very low
Very low	0.06(32)	0.04(9)	0.05(9)	0.55(4)
low	0.11(1)	0.18(12	0.31(28)	0.30(9)
middle	0.07(3)		0.36(12)	0.51(20)
high	0.01(1)		0.58(1)	0.87(30)

Mobile users by Mobile Coverage and GNI

Mobile Coverage

Very low low middle High 0.06(32)0.04(9)0.05(7)Very 0.55(4)low 0.18(12 0.31(28) 0.11(1)0.30(9)low 0.07(3)0.36(12) 0.51(20) middle 0.01(1) 0.87(30)high 0.06(1)

GN







- -Validity of the process of policy development
- Validity of the classification of country
- Further suggestion for combination of indicators
- Suggestion of further follow up