

# ITU-T

TELECOMMUNICATION  
STANDARDIZATION SECTOR  
OF ITU

# X.509

**Corrigendum 3**  
(10/2016)

SERIES X: DATA NETWORKS, OPEN SYSTEM  
COMMUNICATIONS AND SECURITY

Directory

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Information technology – Open Systems  
Interconnection – The Directory: Public-key and  
attribute certificate frameworks

**Technical Corrigendum 3**

Recommendation ITU-T X.509 (2012) – Technical  
Corrigendum 3

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**Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Public-key and  
attribute certificate frameworks**

**Technical Corrigendum 3**

**Summary**

Technical Corrigendum 3 to Rec. ITU-T X.509 (2012) | ISO/IEC 9594-8:2014 covers resolution to defect reports 421, 422, 423, 424 and 425.

**History**

Edition	Recommendation	Approval	Study Group	Unique ID*
1.0	ITU-T X.509	1988-11-25		<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/2999">11.1002/1000/2999</a>
2.0	ITU-T X.509	1993-11-16	7	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/3000">11.1002/1000/3000</a>
3.0	ITU-T X.509	1997-08-09	7	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/4123">11.1002/1000/4123</a>
3.1	ITU-T X.509 (1997) Technical Cor. 1	2000-03-31	7	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/5033">11.1002/1000/5033</a>
3.2	ITU-T X.509 (1997) Technical Cor. 2	2001-02-02	7	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/5311">11.1002/1000/5311</a>
3.3	ITU-T X.509 (1997) Technical Cor. 3	2001-10-29	7	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/5559">11.1002/1000/5559</a>
3.4	ITU-T X.509 (1997) Technical Cor. 4	2002-04-13	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/6025">11.1002/1000/6025</a>
3.5	ITU-T X.509 (1997) Technical Cor. 5	2003-02-13	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/6236">11.1002/1000/6236</a>
3.6	ITU-T X.509 (1997) Technical Cor. 6	2004-04-29	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/7285">11.1002/1000/7285</a>
4.0	ITU-T X.509	2000-03-31	7	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/5034">11.1002/1000/5034</a>
4.1	ITU-T X.509 (2000) Technical Cor. 1	2001-10-29	7	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/5560">11.1002/1000/5560</a>
4.2	ITU-T X.509 (2000) Technical Cor. 2	2002-04-13	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/6026">11.1002/1000/6026</a>
4.3	ITU-T X.509 (2000) Technical Cor. 3	2004-04-29	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/7284">11.1002/1000/7284</a>
4.4	ITU-T X.509 (2000) Technical Cor. 4	2007-01-13	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/8637">11.1002/1000/8637</a>
5.0	ITU-T X.509	2005-08-29	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/8501">11.1002/1000/8501</a>
5.1	ITU-T X.509 (2005) Cor. 1	2007-01-13	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/9051">11.1002/1000/9051</a>
5.2	ITU-T X.509 (2005) Cor. 2	2008-11-13	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/9591">11.1002/1000/9591</a>
5.3	ITU-T X.509 (2005) Cor. 3	2011-02-13	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/11042">11.1002/1000/11042</a>
5.4	ITU-T X.509 (2005) Cor. 4	2012-04-13	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/11577">11.1002/1000/11577</a>
6.0	ITU-T X.509	2008-11-13	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/9590">11.1002/1000/9590</a>
6.1	ITU-T X.509 (2008) Cor. 1	2011-02-13	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/11043">11.1002/1000/11043</a>
6.2	ITU-T X.509 (2008) Cor. 2	2012-04-13	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/11578">11.1002/1000/11578</a>
6.3	ITU-T X.509 (2008) Cor. 3	2012-10-14	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/11736">11.1002/1000/11736</a>
7.0	ITU-T X.509	2012-10-14	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/11735">11.1002/1000/11735</a>
7.1	ITU-T X.509 (2012) Cor. 1	2015-05-29	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/12474">11.1002/1000/12474</a>
7.2	ITU-T X.509 (2012) Cor. 2	2016-04-29	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/12844">11.1002/1000/12844</a>
7.3	ITU-T X.509 (2012) Cor. 3	2016-10-14	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/13032">11.1002/1000/13032</a>
8.0	ITU-T X.509	2016-10-14	17	<a href="http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/13031">11.1002/1000/13031</a>

\* To access the Recommendation, type the URL <http://handle.itu.int/> in the address field of your web browser, followed by the Recommendation's unique ID. For example, <http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/11830-en>.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD  
ITU-T RECOMMENDATION

## Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Public-key and attribute certificate frameworks

## Technical Corrigendum 3

*(Covering resolution to defect reports 421, 422, 423, 424 and 425)*

## 1) Correction of the defects reported in defect report 421

*In clause 13, replace item e) with*

- e) When identity and/or privilege information is conveyed within the **subjectDirectoryAttributes** extension of a public-key certificate, the AA is then responsible for those aspects of the CA that relate to assigning identity and/or privilege information. The AA may either be a separate entity or an integrated part of the CA.

*Update 13.2 as shown:*

## 13.2 Privilege in public-key certificates

In some environments, ~~privileges are associated with the subject through the practices of a CA. Such~~ privilege may be added directly to public-key certificates (thereby reusing much of an already-established infrastructure), rather than issuing attribute certificates. In such cases, the privilege is included in the **subjectDirectoryAttributes** extension of the public-key certificate.

This mechanism is suitable in environments where one or more of the following are true:

- ~~— The same physical entity is acting both as a CA and an AA;~~
- the lifetime of the privilege is aligned with that of the public-key ~~included in the~~ certificate;
- delegation of privilege is not permitted; or
- delegation is permitted, but for any one delegation, all privileges in the certificate (in the **subjectDirectoryAttributes** extension) have the same delegation parameters and all extensions relevant to delegation apply equally to all privileges in the certificate.

## 2) Correction of the defects reported in defect report 422

*In clause 8.3.2.1, replace the paragraph right after the bullet list with the following:*

For every name form used in an instance of the **GeneralName** data type, the issuing CA shall assure that it does not allocate the same name to different entities. A name of a particular type together with the identity of the issuing CA shall uniquely identify a particular entity.

## 3) Correction of the defects reported in defect report 423

*Update the first paragraph of clause 15.3.2.1.1 as shown:*

This extension may only be present in a public-key certificate issued to an SOA. It shall not be included in attribute certificates or public-key certificates issued to other AAs.

The SOA identifier extension indicates that the public-key certificate subject may act as an SOA for the purposes of privilege management. As such, the public-key certificate subject may define attributes that assign privilege, issue attribute descriptor certificates for those attributes and use the private key corresponding to the certified public key to issue attribute certificates that assign privileges to holders. If the public key certificate is a CA certificate, the subject of that CA certificate may also issue ~~Those subsequent certificates may be attribute certificates or~~ public-key certificates with a **subjectDirectoryAttributes** extension containing the privileges.

*Delete the second paragraph after the ASN.1*

~~This field may only be present in a public key certificate issued to an SOA. It shall not be included in attribute certificates or public key certificates issued to other AAs or to end entity privilege holders.~~

#### 4) Correction of the defects reported in defect report 424

Add the following two new definitions to clause 3.5:

**3.5.x intermediate CA:** A CA is acting as an intermediate CA within a certification path when it is the issuer of the next public-key certificate on that certification path.

**3.5.x subject CA:** A CA for which another CA has issued a CA certificate.

#### 5) Correction of the defects reported in defect report 425

Change the first paragraph of 8.2.2.5 as shown:

This ~~field-extension~~ indicates the period of use of the private key corresponding to the certified public key. It is applicable only for ~~private digital signature~~ keys used for creating digital signatures. This ~~field-extension~~ is defined as follows:

Change Note 1 of 8.2.2.5 as shown:

NOTE 1 – The period of valid use of the private key may be different from the certified validity of the public key as indicated by the public-key certificate validity period. ~~With digital signature keys, the~~ The usage period for the ~~signing~~ private key used for signing is typically shorter than that for the ~~verifying~~ public key used for verifying the signature.

Replace Note 2 of 8.2.2.5 with the following

NOTE 2 – The period of use of the private key corresponding to a public key can only be enforced if both the private key and the corresponding public-key certificate are placed in a tamper resistant hardware module that contains a reliable clock synchronized with UTC. When this is not the case, a signer may avoid using a signing private key up to the very end of the validity period of the public-key certificate. This is one possible use of this extension

Add a new Note 3 to 8.2.2.5:

NOTE 3 – In general, this Specification does not associate any semantic with this extension. Any particular use of this extension will have to specify the semantic associated with that usage.



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