

**ITU-T**

TELECOMMUNICATION  
STANDARDIZATION SECTOR  
OF ITU

**P.85**  
**Amendment 1**  
(03/2013)

SERIES P: TERMINALS AND SUBJECTIVE AND  
OBJECTIVE ASSESSMENT METHODS

Methods for objective and subjective assessment of  
speech quality

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A method for subjective performance assessment of  
the quality of speech voice output devices

**Amendment 1: New Appendix I – Evaluation of  
speech output for audiobook reading tasks**

Recommendation ITU-T P.85 (1994) – Amendment 1

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# Recommendation ITU-T P.85

## A method for subjective performance assessment of the quality of speech voice output devices

### Amendment 1

#### New Appendix I – Evaluation of speech output for audiobook reading tasks

#### Summary

Amendment 1 to Recommendation ITU-T P.85 introduces a test methodology that addresses the evaluation of speech output for audiobook reading tasks.

#### History

Edition	Recommendation	Approval	Study Group
1.0	ITU-T P.85	1994-06-21	12
1.1	ITU-T P.85 (1994) Amd. 1	2013-03-28	12

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## Recommendation ITU-T P.85

### A method for subjective performance assessment of the quality of speech voice output devices

#### Amendment 1

#### New Appendix I – Evaluation of speech output for audiobook reading tasks

(This appendix does not form an integral part of the Recommendation.)

Whereas the method and the questionnaires given in the main body of this Recommendation are adequate for applications providing vocal answers related to telephone directory inquiries, weather forecast, mail order and similar tasks, they are less adequate for applications where longer text paragraphs and potentially literature are read through synthetic speech output, as is the case in audiobook reading tasks. For such applications, the task of the voice output is not pure information provisioning, but rather an expressive, emotion-triggering vocal output, putting more emphasis on different aspects of speech output quality than in traditional telecom services [9].

To address these aspects, a test methodology is presented in this Appendix which addresses mainly two perceptual dimensions of such speech output, namely its *listening pleasure* and its *prosody*. These dimensions were extracted with the help of principal axis factor (PAF) analysis from auditory test results involving typical examples of TTS systems and typical (prosaic and poetic) text passages, as summarized in Table I.1. Details on the derivation of the methodology are given in [8] and [10].

**Table I.1 – Examples of text categories for audiobook reading tasks**

ID	Category	Author	Book
1	Long sentences	Sven Regener	Der kleine Bruder <sup>1</sup>
2	Direct speech, incomplete sentences	Douglas Adams	The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy
3	Higher level of lexis, complex sentence structure	Charles Dickens	The Adventures of Oliver Twist
4	Poetic, picturesque	Antoine de Saint-Exupéry	Wind, Sand and Stars
5	Direct speech, basic language	Tommy Jaud	Resturlaub <sup>1</sup>
6	Action, short sentences	Thomas Harris	Hannibal
7	Children's book	Astrid Lindgren	Pippi Longstocking
8	Thriller	Ken Follett	Code to Zero

In the following paragraphs, the differences from the standard procedure described in the main body of this Recommendation are outlined. All other characteristics of the test methodology (selection of test participants, listening environment, etc.) should remain as described previously.

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<sup>1</sup> No English translation available.

## I.1 Speech material

Passages from standard audio books should be used as material for the listening test. The passages should cover a wide variety of writing styles and book categories, potentially including thrillers, funny books, action-packed passages, books for children, books with very long sentences, and passages containing almost only direct speech, in case that these styles are considered as representative for the later application. Exemplary text categories are given in Table I.1. The passages should have an approximate length of one minute when read aloud.

## I.2 Rating scales

For assessing speech output in audiobook reading tasks, a questionnaire with eight items is proposed, see Table I.2. Four of these items are modified versions of items in the main body of this Recommendation, and four items are added which are specific to audiobook reading tasks. These additional items were selected based on the review of current literature, and address prosodic elements like communicative, structuring, aesthetic and emotional aspects that can be seen as the most important factors for reading and interpreting books [11].

**Table I.2 – Questionnaire items for audiobook reading tasks**

<b>Standard items (modified)</b>	<b>Additional items related to audiobooks</b>
Overall impression	Speech pauses
Voice pleasantness	Intonation
Listening effort	Emotion
Acceptance	Word stress

The scales address the following aspects of quality:

- Overall impression

This scale evaluates the overall quality of the synthesized signal and was adopted with slight modifications.

- Voice pleasantness

This scale measures the degree of voice pleasantness from unpleasant to pleasant and was adopted with slight modifications.

- Listening effort

This scale describes the effort a listener is required to make when listening to this voice over a longer period of time. It was adopted from this Recommendation with slight modifications.

- Acceptance

The acceptance scale from the main body of this Recommendation was transformed into a continuous scale.

- Speech pauses

This scale evaluates if punctuation marks (e.g., period, comma, question mark, exclamation mark, colon, etc.) have been converted into appropriate speech pauses between words, sentences and paragraphs.

- Intonation

This scale determines if the produced pitch curve fits with the sentence type, e.g., the pitch of interrogative sentences usually increases at the end of a sentence whereas the pitch of declarative sentences decreases.



- Emotion

Variation of emotion is achieved by variations of sound pressure, intonation, speech pauses and volume [11]. To ensure an authentic reading experience, the voice should reflect the atmosphere of the scene and the moods of the characters.

- Word stress

Unnatural stress and accentuations often result in very annoying voices and thus also cause problems in text comprehension [11]. This scale is used to determine if the stress was perceived as unnatural or confusing.

The scales are presented in a continuous scale layout with overflow areas on both extremities, in order to avoid saturation effects. Such effects might occur if a characteristic of one stimulus is already rated in an end category of a scale, and the subsequent stimulus is considered as having an even more extreme characteristic of that kind. The scales may be presented on paper (by collecting responses with a pencil), or on a graphical user interface (by collecting responses with sliders on a computer screen).

**Overall impression**

How do you rate the overall quality of the sound considering all aspects?



**Voice pleasantness**

How pleasant did you find the voice you just heard?



**Listening effort**

How would you describe the effort to listen to this voice over a longer period of time?



**Acceptance**

Do you think that this voice could be used for synthesizing this audiobook?



**Speech pauses**

How did the pauses between words and sentences affect your listening to the passage?



**Intonation**

What did you think of the “melody” of the voice reading this passage?



**Emotion**

Did you think the voice expressed an appropriate emotion for this text?



**Word stress**

What did you think of the way words in the passage were stressed?



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**Figure I.1 – Graphical layout of rating scales for audiobook reading tasks**

### **I.3 Test procedure**

Test participants are instructed to first rate their overall impressions of the stimulus on the continuous rating scale ranging from bad to excellent. Subsequently, quality estimates for the other eight scales are solicited. To avoid any impact with regard to the order, the sequence of these subsequent eight scales (except MOS) should be randomized between participants. In order to familiarize themselves with the test procedure, participants first have to pass a training phase with approximately two stimuli that are not included in the main test.

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